SILVE



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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

		2021 <i>HK\$'m</i> 百萬港元	2020 <i>HK\$'m</i> 百萬港元	Changes 變動 % 百分比
Loss for the year Attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔年內			
Owners of the Company	虧損	(1,452.6)	(317.6)	357.3%
Net Assets	淨資產	5,718.2	7,384.0	(22.6%)
Total Assets	資產總值	11,572.0	11,238.9	3.0%
Equity Attributable to Owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔股本			
Company		5,231.3	6,559.8	(20.3%)
Pledged Bank Deposits, Cash and	已抵押銀行存款、	444.0	702 5	(0.2, 2.0/)
Bank Balances	現金及銀行結餘	141.2	793.5	(82.2%)
Ke Pe fo mance and Lig idi	主要營運表現及	нк\$	HK\$	Changes 變動 %
Indica o	財務狀況指標	港元	港元	百分比
Basic Loss Per Share	每股基本虧損 			
(Note 1)	(附註1)	(0.6302)	(0.1378)	357.3%
Net Assets Per Share (<i>Note 1</i>)	每股資產淨值(附註1)	2.27	2.85	(20.4%)
P/E Ratio (Note 1)	市盈率(附註1)	(0.79)	(6.60x)	(88.0%)
Return on Capital Employed (Note 2)	股本回報率(附註2)	(27.77%)	(4.84%)	473.8%
Return on Total Assets (Note 3)	總資產回報率(附註3)	(12.55%)	(2.83%)	343.5%
Gearing Ratio (Note 4)	借貸比率(附註4)	96.27%	48.37%	99.0%
Adjusted Gearing Ratio (Note 5)	經調整借貸比率(附註5)	93.57%	36.27%	158.0%
Current Ratio (Note 6)	流動比率(<i>附註6</i>)	1.75	5.21x	(66.4%)
Interest Coverage (Note 7)	利息償付比率(附註7)	(2.51)	(0.48x)	422.9%

Notes:

^{1.} Based on 2,304,849,611 shares issued and fully paid as at 31 December 2021 (2020: 2,304,849,611 shares) and the market closing price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Td3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Dd3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Dd3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 A 0@670034903AB0C1C0f.@43B2C-1.125 Dd3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 jE 0 Dd3(closi089price as at 31 December 2021 of HK\$0.5 j

CORPORATE INFORMATION 企業資料

Boa d of Di ec o

The composition of the board ("Board") of directors ("Directors") of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited ("Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") during the year ended 31 December 2021 ("Year 2021") and as at the date of this annual report is set out below:

E eg, i e Di ec o

Chu Hing Tsung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) (redesignated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director and appointed as Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 August 2021)

Luo Zhihai

Tang Lunfei (appointed with effect from 11 January 2021)
Wang Ping (appointed with effect from 1 August 2021)
Huang Jiajue (Chief Executive Officer)
(resigned with effect from 1 August 2021)
Ma Yilin (resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)

Non-e eç, i e Di ec o

Chen Zhiwei

Independen non-e eg, i e Di ec o

Liang Qing Zhang Lu Hung Muk Ming

A di Commi ee

Hung Muk Ming (Committee Chairman) Liang Qing Zhang Lu

Rem ne a ion Commi ee

Zhang Lu (Committee Chairman)
Liang Qing
Luo Zhihai (appointed with effect from 1 August 2021)
Huang Jiajue (resigned with effect from 1 August 2021)

Nomina ion Commi ee

Chu Hing Tsung (Committee Chairman) Zhang Lu Hung Muk Ming

董事會

截至2021年12月31日止年度(「2021年度」) 及於本年報日期,銀建國際控股集團有限公司(「本公司」(連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)之組成呈列如下:

執行董事

朱慶*松 主席及行政總裁)* (於2021年8月1日由非執行董事調任為 執行董事及委任為行政總裁)

羅智海

唐倫飛 於2021年1月11日獲委任) 王平(於2021年8月1日獲委任) 黃佳爵(行政總裁) (於2021年8月1日辭任) 馬懌林 於2021年1月11日辭任)

非執行董事

陳志偉

獨立非執行董事

梁青 張璐 洪木明

審核委員會

洪木明(*委員會主席)* 梁青 張璐

薪酬委員會

張璐(*委員會主席)* 梁青 羅智海(於2021年8月1日委任) 黃佳爵(於2021年8月1日辭任)

提名委員會

朱慶凇(委員會主席) 張璐 洪木明

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 企業資料

Compan Sec e a

Ng Hoi Leung, Leo

Compan La e

LCH Lawyers LLP

A di o

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

P incipal Banke

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

Sha e Regi a and T an fe Office

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East,

Hong Kong

(Tel: 29801333 Fax: 28108185)

Regi e ed Office

Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

(Tel: 28023606 Fax: 28029506)

Compan Web i e

http://www.silvergrant.com.hk

S ock Code

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公司秘書

吳海良

公司律師

呂鄭洪律師行有限法律責任合夥

核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

股份登記及過戶處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司

香港

皇后大道東183號

合和中心54樓

(電話: 29801333 傳真: 28108185)

註冊辦事處

香港灣仔港灣道1號 會展廣場辦公大樓 49樓4901室

(電話:28023606 傳真:28029506)

公司網址

http://www.silvergrant.com.hk

股份代號

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BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group has recorded a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$1,452,609,000 for Year 2021, as compared with that of approximately HK\$317,641,000 for the year ended 31 December 2020 ("Year 2020"). Basic loss per share of the Company ("Share") was 63.02 HK cents for Year 2021 (Year 2020: 13.78 HK cents).

In 2021, with the adoption of proactive fiscal and monetary policies by countries around the world and the continuous increase in the global Coronavirus Disease-2019 ("COVID-19") vaccination rate, the world's major economies had started their road to economic recovery. In particular, China's GDP for 2021 which had increased by 8.1% year-on-year and exceeded RMB110 trillion, achieved a ranking of second in the world. The performance of industrial production and exports in China was particularly outstanding during the year under review. However, under the continuing impact of a series of real estate market regulation policies issued by the Chinese central government, a number of large and mediumsized real estate developers in China experienced credit crises in the second half of 2021, which had an adverse impact on the capital markets of mainland China and Hong Kong.

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

In e men

While 2021 marked the beginning of the 14th Five-Year Plan of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the prevention and resolution of material risks, in particular systemic financial risks, would likely to remain a formidable challenge. During the year under review, the financial regulatory authority of the PRC gave repeated warnings about the rebound risk of non-performing assets and urged for the speeding up of the disposal of non-performing assets by the market players and the resolution of the risks faced by the small-to-medium sized financial institutions. On the other hand, the Chinese government has fostered the development of new businesses such as non-performing personal loans, non-performing trusts and bankruptcy reorganisation, contributing to the continuous orderly expansion of the non-performing asset market.

During the year under review, the Group acquired nonperforming asset portfolios consisting of mainly nonperforming loans from certain commercial banks and an asset management company. As at 31 December 2021, the total principal and accrued interest of the investments held in these non-performing asset portfolios amounted to approximately RMB1,220 million in aggregate. During the year under review, the Group's investment team made vigorous moves to expedite the judicial disposal procedures and asset marketing for realising partial disposal gains from the non-performing assets held by the Group. COVID-19 related travel restrictions and guarantine requirements had made due diligence challenging, which slowed down the merger and acquisition activities in the financial markets and thus the business activities of the investments segment of the Group. Global outbreaks of the pandemic during the year under review had also driven down the prices of financial assets, including those of the non-performing assets held by the Group. As a result, the Group recorded a decrease of approximately 47.55% in the profit from its investments segment for Year 2021 as compared with that for Year 2020.

業務回顧(續)

投資

儘管2021年是中華人民共和國(「中國」)「十四五」規劃開局之年,惟防範化解重大風險特別是系統性金融風險的任務依然艱巨。於回顧年度內,國家金融監管部門多次提示不良資產反彈風險,且市場參與者亦催促加快不良資產處置和中小金融機構風險化解。另一方面,中國政府推動個貸不良、信託不良、破產重整等新業務發展,不良資產市場在規範中不斷拓展。

於回顧年度內,本集團從若干商業銀行及一 間資產管理公司手中收購了不良資產組合(主 要包括不良貸款)。於2021年12月31日, 於該等不良資產組合所持的投資的本金及應 計利息總額約人民幣12.20億元。於回顧年 度內,本集團投資團隊積極加快司法處置流 程和資產營銷工作,雙管齊下,實現了本集 團所持不良資產的部分處置收益。新冠肺炎 相關的旅遊限制及隔離規定已使盡職審查變 得極具挑戰性,其減慢了金融市場的併購活 動,從而亦減慢了本集團投資分部中的業務 活動。於回顧年度內,全球爆發疫情亦已壓 低金融資產的價格,包括本集團持有的不良 資產的價格。因此,與2020年度相比,本集 團於2021年度錄得其投資分部的溢利減少約 47.55%。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

In e men (Continued)

Notwithstanding that the real estate industry in China is facing a new round of reshuffle, a number of high-quality property projects are yet to be discovered by investors. In light of the "Greater Bay Area" initiative of the PRC government which is to spur deeper regional economic and financial integration in Hong Kong, Macau and the Pearl River Delta Region, the Group has become confident in the property market in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area ("Greater Bay Area"). The Group considers the prospects of the urban redevelopment projects in the Greater Bay Area to be particularly promising, taking into consideration the prime locations of the underlying urban land of these projects in the region. As at the date of this annual report, the Group is in the course of setting up an investment fund which will invest in urban redevelopment projects in the Greater Bay Area. Upon completion of the establishment of this fund, the Group will prepare for the launch of other fund products, aiming at gaining a foothold in the urban redevelopment project investments in the Greater Bay Area and creating investment returns for the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders"). In addition, the Group has completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest of a corporation licensed to carry out type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) during the year under review. This licensed corporation will engage in the fund management business of the Group in Hong Kong and manage funds established by the Group investing in pre-IPO investments, equity securities and urban redevelopment projects.

The Group has made investments in certain enterprises in the PRC which are classified by the Group as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. As at 31 December 2021, NT Trust Scheme (as defined below) was the most significant financial asset investment of the Group, the carrying value of which represented approximately 4.0% of the total assets of the Group. Further details of the NT Trust Scheme are set out below:

業務回顧(續)

投資(續)

儘管中國房地產行業正經歷新一輪的洗牌, 其中不乏優質物業項目仍待投資者挖掘。鑑 於中國政府推行的「大灣區」計劃,該計劃旨 在促進香港、澳門及珠江三角洲地區之間更 深度的區域經濟金融融合,本集團對粵港澳 大灣區(「大灣區」)的物業市場充滿信心。考 慮到大灣區內城市更新項目相關城市地塊所 處的黃金地段,本集團認為該等項目的前景 尤其優秀。於本年報日期,本集團正在設立 投資基金以投資於大灣區的城市更新項目。 待完成設立該基金後,本集團將積極籌劃其 他基金產品的發行,旨在立足於大灣區城市 更新項目的投資,為本公司股東(「股東」)謀 取投資回報。此外,本集團已於回顧年度內 完成收購一間獲准從事《證券及期貨條例》(香 港法例第571章)項下第4類(就證券提供意 見)及第9類(資產管理)受規管活動之持牌法 團之全部股權。該持牌法團將在香港從事於 本集團之基金管理業務,並管理由本集團所 設立且投資於首次公開發售前投資、股本證 券及城市更新項目等基金。

本集團投資若干中國企業,並由本集團歸類 為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資 產。於2021年12月31日,NT Trust Scheme (定義如下)為本集團最重大的金融資產投 資,其賬面值佔本集團總資產約4.0%。有關 NT Trust Scheme之進一步詳情載列如下:

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

In e men (Continued)

The Group has invested RMB505,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$617,359,000) in aggregate into a trust ("NT Trust Scheme") managed by 國民信託有限公司 (National Trust Co., Ltd.*), which holds a portfolio of limited liability partnerships investing in property development investments in Zhuozhou and Shenyang in the PRC. As at 31 December 2021, the carrying value of the NT Trust Scheme as measured at fair value through profit or loss, amounted to approximately HK\$460,235,000 (2020: HK\$556,027,000) and accounted for approximately 4.0% (31 December 2020: 4.9%) of the total assets of the Group. Out of the loss of approximately HK\$102,689,000 (2020: HK\$667,000) recorded by the Group in the change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for Year 2021, loss

業務回顧(續)

投資(續)

本集團已向一項信託「NT Trust Scheme」) 合共投資人民幣505,000,000元(相當於約 617,359,000港元),該信託由國民信託有 限公司管理, 並持有投資於中國涿州及瀋 陽物業發展投資之有限責任合夥組合。於 2021年12月31日,以公允值計量且其變動 計入損益的NT Trust Scheme的賬面值為約 460,235,000港元(2020年:556,027,000港 元),並佔本集團總資產約4.0%(2020年12 月31日:4.9%)。2021年度本集團以公允值 計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之公允值 變動所錄得之約102,689,000港元(2020年: 667,000港元)虧損中,約110,618,000港元 (2020年: 19,146,000港元)虧損乃歸因於 NT Trust Scheme於2021年12月31日之公允 值變動。於2021年度,本集團並無收到NT Trust Scheme之任何分派 2020年:無)。 根據本集團目前的投資策略,於NT Trust Scheme之權益乃持有待售,並於綜合財務 狀況表內列為流動資產。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

In e men (Continued)

The objective of the Group in relation to its investments in financial assets is to capture returns from the appreciation in the values of its investments and to receive income therefrom. The Board believes that the performance of the financial asset investments of the Group is dependent on the financial and operating performance of the investee companies and market sentiment, which are affected by factors such as interest rate movements, national policies and performances of other economies globally. Among its previously invested projects, the Group is currently seeking exit opportunities after assessing the financial and operational performance of these investments against the Group's expectation, which will allow the Group to recover its capital and invest in projects with higher returns in the next few years. The Group will continue to adopt a prudent investment approach and closely monitor the performance of the investments in its portfolio. To prepare for any potential economic downturn and market volatilities that may arise from further outbreaks of the pandemic, the Group will adjust the mix in its investment portfolio by increasing its short-term investments to improve the liquidity of the Group. In addition, the Group will seek to explore other investment opportunities of high growth potential for portfolio diversification, such as urban redevelopment projects in the Greater Bay Area in China and green investments.

業務回顧(續)

投資(續)

本集團投資於金融資產旨在從其投資升值賺 取回報並從中取得收入。董事會認為,本集 團金融資產投資之表現取決於投資公司之財 務及經營表現以及市場氣氛,而該等因素受 利率變動、國家政策以及全球各個經濟體之 表現等影響。本集團按其預期評估其以往投 資的項目的財政及運營表現後,現正物色撤 出該等投資的機會,以使本集團將資金回 籠,在未來幾年投資其他回報較高的項目。 本集團將繼續採取審慎投資方法,並會密切 監察其投資組合之表現。為就進一步爆發疫 情可能帶來之任何潛在經濟衰退及市場波動 作好準備,本集團將透過增加其短期投資以 提升本集團流動資金之方式,調整其投資組 合。此外,本集團將就組合多元化尋求開拓 具有高增長潛力的投資機遇,如中國大灣區 內城市更新項目及綠色投資。

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

P ope Lea ing

The rental income from the Group's property leasing business decreased from approximately HK\$89,128,000 in Year 2020 to approximately HK\$87,376,000 in Year 2021. Revenue from the Group's property leasing business segment was mainly derived from East Gate Plaza, an investment property of the Group in Beijing, China, which is comprised of a residential section and a commercial section. Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the average rental rate per square metre of East Gate Plaza declined in Year 2021 notwithstanding that its occupancy rate had maintained at approximately 80% from Year 2020 to Year 2021, resulting in a slight decrease in the revenue generated from this segment for Year 2021. The Group has kept on making timely adjustment to its property leasing business strategy by actively recruiting new tenants for vacant areas and retaining its existing tenants, in order to boost the occupancy rate of the property. In light of the large-scale outbreaks of the pandemic that took place in China in the first quarter of 2022, the chance for the rental market in Beijing to improve is expected to be slight. As such, in addition to relying mainly on its internal marketing staff, the Group will also step up its marketing efforts by engaging more property agents in securing tenants for its vacant units.

業務回顧(續)

物業租賃

本集團物業租賃業務的租金收入由2020年 度 約89,128,000港 元 減 少 至2021年 度 約 87,376,000港元。本集團之物業租賃業務 分部收入主要來自本集團在中國北京之投資 物業東環廣場 包括住宅部分及商業部分)。 由於新冠肺炎疫情的持續影響,東環廣場於 2021年度每平方米的平均租金有所下降,儘 管其於2020年度至2021年度的出租率維持約 80%,惟仍導致該分部於2021年度產生的收 入錄得輕微下跌。本集團一直及時調整物業 租賃經營策略,積極開展空置區域的新一輪 招商工作和現有租戶的維穩工作,以期提升 該物業出租率。鑒於中國於2022年第一季度 爆發大規模疫情,北京租賃市場出現好轉的 機會預期僅屬輕微。因此,除主要依賴其內 部市場營銷員工外,本集團亦將透過聘請更 多物業經紀為其空置單位覓得租戶,從而加 大營銷力度。

PROSPECTS AND OUTLOOK

As 2021 drew to a close, the spread of the highly contagious Omicron variant of COVID-19 has brought new uncertainties to the global economic recovery. The rising inflation and expectation of tighter U.S. monetary policy further cast a cloud over the recovery outlook. In China, under the continuous impact of the pandemic, the pace of recovery varied across different domestic sectors, and the consumption of the residents has not returned to its pre-pandemic level. On the other hand, the pandemic has accelerated the digital transformation of China's economy, with rapid increase in the growth rate of mobile applications and investments in related fields. The proposed "carbon neutrality" and "emission peak" strategic goals of the Chinese government have also greatly advanced the domestic green transformation, providing a good momentum to the development of the green industry in the country.

At this epic time of crises and opportunities, the Group will fully mobilise its own resources to explore investment opportunities in high-growth areas such as technological innovation, green development and urban redevelopment, and at the same time improve the operating strategies of its property leasing business in order to increase the occupancy rate of its properties.

The Company's joint venture, Zhong Hai You Qi, will carry out certain technological modification projects in its existing factories in a stable manner, optimise its product structure and improve its product quality for the purposes of further cost reduction and efficiency enhancement. It will also seek support from its shareholders to develop its high-end lubricating oil products and chemical products.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal during Year 2021.

前景及展望

隨著2021年接近尾聲,高傳染性變異新冠病毒「奧密克戎」的傳播給全球經濟復蘇帶來了新的不確定性,通脹上升及美國貨幣政策收緊的預期進而給復蘇前景蒙上了一層陰影。在疫情的持續影響下,我國不同行業的復復,居民消費亦尚未恢復到其疫情前水平。另一方面,疫情加速原中國經濟數字化轉型,相關領域的移動應用和投資增速快速提高,而中國政府的碳達峰中中和戰略目標的提出亦大大加快了我國綠色中和戰略目標的提出亦大大加快了我國綠色轉型的步伐,為國內的綠色產業的發展帶來良好勢頭。

在危機與機遇並存的時代,本集團將充分調動自身資源,在科技創新、綠色發展和城市 更新等高成長性領域挖掘投資機會,同時改善其物業租賃業務的經營策略,以期提升其 物業出租率。

本公司之合營企業中海油氣將穩步推進其現 有廠區內的若干技術改造項目、優化其產品 結構、提升其產品質量,實現進一步的降本 增效,並積極尋求股東支持,大力發展其高 端潤滑油產品及化工產品。

重大收購及出售事項

於2021年度內,本集團並無任何重大收購及 出售事項。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The loss attributable to the owners of the Company increased by approximately 357.3% from approximately HK\$317,641,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$1,452,609,000 for Year 2021 and the basic loss per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company increased from 13.78 HK cents for Year 2020 to 63.02 HK cents for Year 2021, mainly due to the following:

- the increase in the loss from the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of the Group from approximately HK\$667,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$102,689,000 for Year 2021, mainly attributable to the decrease in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group as at 31 December 2021, as a result of the gloomy economic outlook at the end of Year 2021 in light of the global outbreak of the Omicron variant of COVID-19 and the ongoing economic conflict between the United States and the PRC;
- (ii) the increase in the finance costs incurred by the Group from approximately HK\$216,675,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$410,008,000 for Year 2021, mainly as a result of the issuance by the Company of the 7.5% senior secured guaranteed note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 ("Senior Note") in December 2020 and the increase in the Group's other borrowings during Year 2021 as compared with those during Year 2020;
- (iii) the decline in the financial performance of 信達建潤地 產有限公司 (Cinda Jianrun Property Company Limited*) ("Cinda Jianrun"), an associate of the Company, from a share of profit in Year 2020 of approximately HK\$3,325,000 to a share of loss of approximately HK\$43,669,000 in Year 2021, mainly due to the decrease in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by Cinda Jianrun as at 31 December 2021; and

本公司擁有人應佔虧損已由2020年度約317,641,000港元增加約357.3%至2021年度約1,452,609,000港元,而本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股基本虧損由2020年度的13.78港仙增加至2021年度的63.02港仙,主要由於以下各項因素:

- (i) 本集團以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產的公允值虧損由2020年度的約667,000港元增加至2021年度的約102,689,000港元,主要是由於全球爆發新冠肺炎的變種病毒「奧密克戎」及中美之間持續的經濟沖突,令2021年度年末經濟前景暗淡,以致本集團於2021年12月31日所持有以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產的公允值減少;
- (ii) 本集團所產生的融資成本由2020年度 約216,675,000港元增加至2021年度約 410,008,000港元,乃由本公司於2020 年12月發行7.5%優先有抵押有擔保票 據(本金總額為19,800,000美元)(「優 先票據」)以及2021年度相比2020年度 增加的本集團的其他貸款所致;
- (iii) 本公司的聯營公司信達建潤地產有限公司(「信達建潤」)的財務表現下降,由2020年度的攤佔溢利約3,325,000港元下降至2021年度的攤佔虧損約43,669,000港元,主要是由於信達建潤於2021年12月31日持有的以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產的公允值減少;及

財務回顧

^{*} English name is translated for identification purpose only

^{*} 英文名稱僅供識別

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

(iv) the substantial increase in the loss shared by the Company from its joint venture, Zhong Hai You Qi, during Year 2021 from approximately HK\$404,061,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$1,417,546,000 for Year 2021, mainly attributable to the additional sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years incurred by Zhong Hai You Qi during Year 2021 following a tax self-review conducted as required by the relevant tax authority in the PRC.

Re en e

Rental income of the Group for Year 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$87,376,000 (Year 2020: HK\$89,128,000), representing a slight decrease of approximately 1.97%, which was mainly attributable to the decrease in the average rental rate per square metre of the rental properties of the Group during Year 2021.

O he income, gain and lo e

The increase in other income, gains and losses from approximately HK\$285,084,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$348,441,000 for Year 2021 was mainly due to (i) the increase in the interest income generated through advances by the Group during Year 2021; and (ii) the increase in the gains on disposal of financial assets and investments by the Group during Year 2021.

Change in fai al e of financial a e a fai al e h o gh p ofi o lo

The increase in the loss in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group from approximately HK\$667,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$102,689,000 Year 2021 was mainly attributable to the increase in the amount of fair value loss for certain financial assets and non-performing assets held by the Group as at 31 December 2021 due to the dim economic outlook at the end of Year 2021.

財務回顧(續)

(iv) 2021年度本公司從其合營企業中海油 氣攤佔的虧損較2020年度的攤佔虧損 約404,061,000港元大幅增加至2021年 度的約1,417,546,000港元,主要歸因 於隨按照中國有關稅務機關的要求進行 稅務自查之後,中海油氣於2021年度 內產生了就以前年度的額外消費稅及相 關附加稅及滯納金。

收益

本集團2021年度的租金收入為約87,376,000 港元(2020年度:89,128,000港元),即輕微 下跌約1.97%,主要由於本集團於2021年度 出租物業的每平方米的平均租金下降。

其他收入、收益及虧損

其他收入、收益及虧損由2020年度約285,084,000港元增至2021年度約348,441,000港元,主要由於(i)本集團於2021年度透過墊款產生的利息收入增加;及(ii)本集團於2021年度之出售金融資產及投資收益增加。

以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產之公允值變動

本集團所持按公允值計量且其變動計入 損益的金融資產之公允值虧損由2020 年度約667,000港元增加至2021年度約 102,689,000港元,主要由於2021年度年末 經濟前景暗淡,導致本集團就其於2021年12 月31日持有的若干金融資產及不良資產的公 允值虧損金額增加。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Finance co

The increase in finance costs of the Group from approximately HK\$216,675,000 for Year 2020 to approximately HK\$410,008,000 for Year 2021 was mainly resulted from the issuance by the Company of the Senior Note in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 in December 2020 and the increase in the Group's other borrowings during Year 2021 as compared with those during Year 2020.

Sha e of p ofi o lo e of a ocia e

The share of profits or losses of associates mainly represented the Company's share of the loss for Year 2021 from its associate, Cinda Jianrun, of approximately HK\$43,669,000, which had turned from its share of the profit of Cinda Jianrun for Year 2020 of approximately HK\$3,325,000, mainly due to the decrease in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by Cinda Jianrun as at 31 December 2021.

Sha e of p ofi o lo e of join en, e

The share of profits or losses of joint ventures represented the Company's share of the loss from its joint venture, Zhong Hai You Qi, for Year 2021 of approximately HK\$1,417,546,000, which had substantially increased from that of approximately HK\$404,061,000 for Year 2020, mainly attributable to the additional sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years incurred by Zhong Hai You Qi during Year 2021 following a tax self-review conducted as required by the relevant tax authority in the PRC.

財務回顧(續)

財務費用

本集團財務費用由2020年度約216,675,000 港元增加至2021年度約410,008,000港元, 主要是由於2020年 ô ^ ‰!ð À 3t Ë 9€

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FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Loan ecei able

財務回顧(續)

應收貸款

2021 2021年 *HK\$'000 千港元*

2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元

Carrying amounts under non-current assets
Carrying amounts under current assets

非流動資產項下賬面值 流動資產項下賬面值 231,932

2,239,727 1,207,369

Total **總額 2,239,727** 1,439,301

The increase in the Group's total loan receivables from approximately HK\$1,439,301,000 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$2,239,727,000 as at 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to the advance of short term loans to business partners and certain third parties for better returns during Year 2021.

本集團應收貸款總額由2020年12月31日約1,439,301,000港元增加至2021年12月31日約2,239,727,000港元,主要由於2021年度墊付短期貸款予業務伙伴以及若干第三方以賺取較高回報所致。

Depo i , p epa men and o he ecei able

The increase in the Group's deposits, prepayments and other receivables from approximately HK\$420,467,000 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$714,075,000 as at 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in the deposits paid by the Group during Year 2021 to acquire non-performing assets; and (ii) the increase in the accrual of interest receivables due to more advances having been made by the Group during Year 2021.

按金、預付款及其他應收款

本集團按金、預付款及其他應收款由2020年12月31日的約420,467,000港元增加至2021年12月31日的約714,075,000港元,主要由於(i)本集團於2021年度為收購不良資產所支付的按金增加;及(ii)於2021年度本集團作出更多墊款致使應計應收利息增加。

Acc, ed cha ge, en al depo i and o he pa able

The increase in the Group's accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables from approximately HK\$287,160,000 as at 31 December 2020 to approximately HK\$405,116,000 as at 31 December 2021 was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in the accrual of interest payables due to the increase in the Group's borrowings during Year 2021; and (ii) the increase in receipts in advance due to the disposal of non-performing assets by the Group during Year 2021.

應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款

本集團應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款由2020年12月31日的約287,160,000港元增加至2021年12月31日的約405,116,000港元,主要由於(i)因2021年度本集團較多貸款致使應計應付利息增加;及(ii)因出售本集團不良資產而於2021年度收取的預付款增加。

TREASURY POLICY

The Group adopts a conservative treasury policy under which the Group keeps its investment costs under control and manages the returns of its investments efficiently. The Group has guidelines in place to monitor and control its investment risk exposure and to manage its capital. The Group also strives to reduce its exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. The Board closely reviews the Group's liquidity position to ensure the Group has adequate liquidity to meet its funding requirements at all times.

Ca h Po i ion

庫務政策

本集團採取保守之庫務政策,據此,本集團 一直掌控其投資成本,並有效管理其投資成本,並有效管理其投資成本,並有效管理其投資成立 報。本集團已訂定指引,監督及監控其所面 臨之投資風險及管理其資本。本集團亦藉著 進行持續信貸評估及評價其客戶之財務狀 況,致力減少所面臨之信貸風險。董事會密 切審視本集團之流動資金狀況,確保本集團 在任何時候均有足夠流動資金應付其資金需求。

現金狀況

		2021 2021年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Pledged bank deposits	抵押銀行存款	24,450	23,753
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	116,755	769,767
Total	總額	141,205	793,520

The decrease in the cash and bank balances of the Group (excluding pledged bank deposits) to approximately HK\$116,755,000 as at 31 December 2021 from that of approximately HK\$769,767,000 as at 31 December 2020 was mainly due to (i) the capital injection and the advances made by the Group to a newly formed joint venture of the Company in Year 2021; and (ii) the increase in the deposits paid by the Group for the acquisition of non-performing assets during Year 2021. The cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) of the Group as at 31 December 2021 were mainly denominated in HK\$, RMB and United States dollars ("US\$").

本集團於2021年12月31日的現金及銀行結餘(不包括抵押銀行存款)約116,755,000港元較2020年12月31日的約769,767,000港元有所減少,主要是由於(i)本集團於2021年度向本公司新成立的合營企業注資及墊款;及(ii)本集團於2021年度收購不良資產所支付的按金增加。於2021年12月31日,本集團之現金及銀行結餘(包括抵押銀行存款)主要以港元、人民幣及美元(「美元」計值。

TREASURY POLICY (Continued)

Ca h Po i ion (Continued)

The Group conducted its business almost exclusively in RMB except that certain transactions were conducted in HK\$ and US\$. The conversion of RMB into HK\$, US\$ or other foreign currencies has been based on the rates set by the People's Bank of China. The value of RMB against HK\$, US\$ and other foreign currencies may fluctuate and is affected by factors, such as changes in the PRC's political and economic conditions. The Group has not adopted any financial instruments for hedging purposes. However, the Group will constantly assess the foreign exchange risk it encounters so as to decide on the hedging policy required against the possible foreign exchange risk that may arise.

Wo king Capi al and Bo o ing

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$5,036,159,000 in aggregate. The composition of these borrowings is summarised below:

庫務政策(續)

現金狀況(續)

除若干交易以港元及美元進行外,本集團絕 大部分業務均以人民幣進行。人民幣兌港 元、美元或其他外幣乃按照中國人民銀行設 定的匯率兌換。人民幣兌港元、美元及其他 外幣的價值或會波動,並受中國政治及經濟 狀況變化等因素的影響。本集團並無採用任 何金融工具作對沖用途。然而,本集團將持 續評估所面臨的外匯風險,以針對可能出現 的外匯風險釐定所需的對沖政策。

營運資金及借貸

於2021年12月31日,本集團之借貸總額約為 5,036,159,000港元。該等借貸的組成概述如 下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	<i>千港元</i> ————
Short term borrowings	短期借貸	541,037	217,848
Long term borrowings	長期借貸	3,193,628	1,571,112
Senior note	優先票據		151,461
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	1,301,494	1,232,463
Total borrowings	借貸總額	5,036,159	3,172,884
Cash and bank balances (including pledged	現金及銀行結餘(包括已抵押		
bank deposits)	銀行存款)	141,205	793,520
Net borrowings	借貸淨額	4,894,954	2,379,364

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TREASURY POLICY (Continued)

Wo king Capi al and Bo o ing (Continued)

Interests for all borrowings of the Group for Year 2021 were charged at fixed and floating rates ranging from 5.35% per annum to 12% per annum (Year 2020: 5.35% per annum to 12% per annum).

Out of the long term and short term borrowings of the Group which remained outstanding as at 31 December 2021, approximately HK\$176,700,000 (31 December 2020: Nil), approximately HK\$3,552,320,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$1,691,363,000) and approximately HK\$5,645,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$97,597,000) were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$ respectively, while approximately HK\$1,912,311,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$53121820torking Capit

TREASURY POLICY (Continued)

Wo king Capi al and Bo o ing (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) were approximately HK\$141,205,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$793,520,000) in aggregate, out of which approximately 35.8% (31 December 2020: 5.6%), approximately 57.2% (31 December 2020: 92.5%) and approximately 7.0% (31 December 2020: 1.9%) were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$ respectively. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total borrowings were approximately HK\$5,036,159,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$3.172.884.000), which comprised (1) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB1,600,000,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) repayable by instalments with the last instalment due in 2026; (2) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB670,000,000 (31 December 2020: RMB670,000,000) due in December 2023; (3) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB97,200,000 (31 December 2020: RMB120,000,000) due in December 2022; (4) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB110,700,000 (31 December 2020: RMB123,000,000) due in December 2022; (5) loans in the aggregate principal amount of approximately RMB28,128,000 (31 December 2020: RMB28,128,000) repayable on demand; (6) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB145,500,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) due in February 2024; (7) a loan in the principal amount of approximately RMB290,000,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) due in April 2024; (8) convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$1,150,000,000) due in July 2022; and (9) a loan in the principal amount of HK\$180,000,000 (31 December 2020: Nil) due in December 2022, and the Group's net current assets were approximately HK\$1,776,269,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$3,221,138,000). In addition, the Group had unutilised loan facilities of approximately RMB380,000,000 in aggregate as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: Nil). There is generally no material seasonality of the borrowing requirements of the Group. Based on the foregoing information, the Board is confident that the Group has adequate working capital to meet its daily operations and to finance its future expansion. Notwithstanding this, the Board will seek to dispose of the Group's short and medium term investments to replenish the Group's funds in order to further enhance the Group's working capital to a stronger level.

庫務政策(續)

營運資金及借貸(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團之現金及銀 行結餘(包括已抵押銀行存款)總額約為 141,205,000港 元(2020年12月31日: 793.520.000港元),其中約35.8%(2020年 12月31日:5.6%) 約57.2%(2020年12 月31日:92.5%) 及 約7.0%(2020年12月 31日: 1.9%)分別以港元、人民幣及美元 計值。於2021年12月31日,本集團之借貸 總額約5,036,159,000港元(2020年12月31 日:3,172,884,000港元)包括(1)最後一期 於2026年到期並分期償還本金額約人民幣 1,600,000,000元(2020年12月31日: 無) 之貸款;(2)於2023年12月到期之本金金額 約為人民幣670,000,000元(2020年12月31 日: 人民幣670,000,000元)的貸款:(3)於 2022年12月到期本金額約人民幣97,200,000 元(2020年12月31日: 人民幣120,000,000 元)之貸款;(4)於2022年12月到期本金額約 人 民 幣110,700,000元(2020年12月31日: 人民幣123,000,000元)之貸款;(5)按要求 償還之本金額合共約人民幣28,128,000元 (2020年12月31日: 人民幣28,128,000元) 之貸款;(6)於2024年2月到期本金額約人民 幣145,500,000元(2020年12月31日: 無) 之貸款;(7)於2024年4月到期本金額約人民 幣290,000,000元(2020年12月31日: 無) 之貸款;(8)於2022年7月到期本金額合共 為1,150,000,000港 元(2020年12月31日: 1,150,000,000港元)之可換股債券;及(9) 於2022年12月到期本金額180,000,000港元 (2020年12月31日:無)之貸款,以及本集團 的淨流動資產約1,776,269,000港元(2020年 12月31日:3,221,138,000港元)。另外,本 集團於2021年12月31日有未動用貸款融資合 共約人民幣380,000,000元(2020年12月31 日:無)。本集團借貸要求大致上並無重大季 節性。基於以上資料,董事會有信心本集團 擁有足夠的營運資金應付日常營運所需以及 支持未來擴展。縱然如此,董事會將積極出 售本集團之短期及中期投資使本集團回籠資 金,以進一步提高本集團的營運資金至更強 水平。

Annual Report 2021 二零二一年年報 二零二一年年報

TREASURY POLICY (Continued)

Wo king Capi al and Bo o ing (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio (calculated as interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds issued by the Company over equity attributable to owners of the Company) and the current ratio (calculated as current assets over current liabilities) of the Group were 96% (31 December 2020: 48%) and 1.8x (31 December 2020: 5.2x) respectively. These ratios are key performance indicators used by the management of the Group to measure the Group's level of leverage to ensure the Group has the liquidity to meet its financial obligations at all times. The Group will strive to improve its liquidity by expediting its collection of outstanding loan receivables and disposal of financial asset investments (including equity investments and non-performing loans) which will bring a reasonable return to the Group.

As at 31 December 2021, notwithstanding that the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776 million, the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$1,843 million are due to be repayable within the next 12 months while its cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$117 million. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, the consolidated financial statements of the Group for Year 2021 have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Directors have given careful consideration to the Group's future liquidity requirements, operating performance and available sources of financing in assessing the Group's ability to operate as going concern. To manage its working capital and improve its financial position, the Group has formulated the following plans and measures:

庫務政策(續)

營運資金及借貸(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團之借貸比率(即計息銀行及其他貸款及本公司發行之可換股債券除以本公司擁有人應佔股本計算所得)及流動比率(即流動資產除以流動負債計算所得)分別為96%(2020年12月31日:48%)及1.8x(2020年12月31日:5.2x)。該等比率為本集團管理層用以計量本集團槓桿水平之主要表現指標,以確保本集團於任何時候有可應付其財務責任之流動資金。本集團將通過加快收回未償應收貸款及出售金融資產投資(包括股權投資及不良貸款)以致力改善其流動性,其將為本集團帶來合理回報。

於2021年12月31日,儘管本集團的淨流動資產為約1,776,000,000港元,本集團的計息銀行及其他貸款及可換股債券合共約為1,843,000,000港元,其須於未來12個月內償還,而其現金及銀行結餘約為117,000,000港元。儘管前文所述,本集團於2021年度之綜合財務報表已經按持續經營基準編製。董事於評估本集團的持續經營能力時,已審慎考慮本集團的未來流動資金規定、營運表現及可取得的融資來源。為管理其營運資金及改善其財務狀況,本集團已制定以下計劃及措施:

- (i) the Group will continue to implement measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables;
- (ii) the Group will continue to take measures to expedite the disposal of financial asset investments, including equity investments and non-performing assets; and
- (iii) the Group is actively negotiating with the holders of the convertible bonds for refinancing its convertible bonds due in 2022.

Having reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by management, which cover a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2021, the Directors are of the opinion that, taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the Directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group on a going concern basis.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group pledged certain investment properties and leasehold land and buildings with aggregate carrying values of approximately HK\$2,650,502,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$2,542,850,000) and HK\$198,500,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$198,800,000) respectively to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group and other payable due to an independent third party. At 31 December 2021, bank deposits of approximately HK\$24,450,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$23,753,000) were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to a joint venture of the Company.

- (i) 本集團將繼續實施措施加快收回未償還 的應收貸款:
- (ii) 本集團將繼續採取措施加快處置金融資 產投資,包括股權投資及不良資產;及
- (iii) 本集團正積極與可換股債券持有人協商,為2022年到期的可換股債券進行再融資。

經審閱本集團管理層所編製就本集團的現金流量預測(其涵蓋自2021年12月31日起計不少於十二個月的期間)後,董事認為,在計及上述緩解計劃及措施後,本集團將有充足營運資金為其經營撥付資金及應付其到期的財務責任。因此,董事信納以持續經營基準編製本集團的綜合財務報表乃屬適當。

資產抵押

於2021年12月31日,本集團已將其累計賬面總額分別約為2,650,502,000港元(2020年12月31日:2,542,850,000港元)及198,500,000港元)及若干投資物業與租賃土地及樓宇作抵押為本集團獲授一般性銀行融資及應付一名獨立第三方其他應付款之條件。於2021年12月31日,本集團將其銀行存款約24,450,000港元(2020年12月31日:23,753,000港元)抵押予銀行以為本公司一家合營企業獲得銀行信貸。

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group's capital expenditures in 2022 are expected to be settled by cash through internal resources of the Group. While the Group's total capital commitments of approximately HK\$183,374,000 as at 31 December 2021 were made entirely for the purchase of unlisted equity securities, its total capital commitments of approximately HK\$327,791,000 as at 31 December 2020 were made for the purchase of unlisted equity securities of approximately HK\$178,147,000 and non-performing assets of approximately HK\$149,644,000. Other than as disclosed, the management of the Group does not expect there to be any plans for material investments or capital assets in 2022 with reference to the current situation as at the date of this annual report.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group provided corporate guarantees of approximately HK\$3,841,990,000 (2020: HK\$3,630,618,000) in respect of loans granted to a joint venture.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2021, the shareholders' funds of the Group decreased by approximately HK\$1,328,410,000 to approximately HK\$5,231,344,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$6,559,754,000), representing a decline of approximately 20%. The decrease was mainly due to the loss attributable to the owners of the Company in Year 2021, which was partially offset by the increase in the exchange gains on foreign exchange translation and the revaluation gain of leasehold properties in Year 2021.

資本承擔

預期本集團2022年之資本承擔將以本集團之內部資源結付。本集團於2021年12月31日之總資本承擔約183,374,000港元乃全數用於購買非上市股本證券,而其於2020年12月31日之總資本承擔約327,791,000港元則用於購買約178,147,000港元之非上市股本證券及約149,644,000港元之不良資產。除此處所披露之外,本集團管理層預期,按照本年報日期之現時狀況,於2022年概無有關重大投資或資本資產之任何計劃。

或然負債

於2021年12月31日,本集團為一家合營企業的貸款提供約3,841,990,000港元(2020年: 3,630,618,000港元)的企業擔保。

股本結構

於2021年12月31日,本集團之股東資金減少約1,328,410,000港元至約5,231,344,000港元(2020年12月31日:6,559,754,000港元),減幅約20%。減少主要是由於2021年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損,部分被於2021年度匯兌換算的匯兌收益及租賃物業重估收益增加所抵銷。

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group had in aggregate 84 employees in Hong Kong and the PRC as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: 104). The Group's overall staff costs amounted to approximately HK\$76,641,000 for Year 2021 (Year 2020: HK\$66,788,000). The employees of the Group are remunerated according to their respective job nature, market conditions, individual performance and qualifications. Other staff benefits include annual bonus and retirement benefits. The Directors' remuneration is determined based on their qualifications, experience, duties and responsibilities, the Company's remuneration policy and the prevailing market conditions.

The Group encourages sustainable training of its employees through coaching and further studies. In-house training was provided to eligible employees during Year 2021, including training on updates of accounting standards and market updates.

The Group has not experienced any significant problem with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour discipline nor has it experienced any difficulty in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff. The Group has maintained a good relationship with its employees. Certain senior management and staff have been working for the Group for many years.

人力資源

於2021年12月31日,本集團於香港及中國共聘用84名員工(2020年12月31日:104名員工)。於2021年度,本集團之員工成本總額約為76,641,000港元(2020年度:66,788,000港元)。本集團根據僱員各自的工作性質、市場情況、個人表現及資歷向僱員提供薪酬。其他員工福利包括年度花紅及退休福利。董事薪酬乃根據其資歷、經驗、職責、本公司的薪酬政策以及當前的市場情況釐定。

本集團鼓勵僱員通過輔導及進修持續參加培訓。於2021年度,已為合資格僱員提供最新會計準則及市場最新資訊培訓等內部培訓。

本集團並無因違反勞工紀律而遇到任何有關僱員的重大問題或營運中斷,亦無在招聘及挽留經驗豐富的員工方面遇到任何困難。本集團一直與僱員保持良好關係。若干高級管理人員及若干員工已在本集團工作多年。

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Company aims to maximise the interests of its shareholders and at the same time maintaining a strong and healthy financial position, so as to prepare the Group for investment opportunities that may arise from time to time and its sustainable development in the future. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into account the Group's earnings performance, financial position, investment requirements and future prospects. In addition, the Board will also take into account any restrictive covenants imposed by banks and other funding facilities granted to the Group from time to time and any other factors the Board may deem appropriate and/or relevant.

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for Year 2021 (Year 2020: Nil).

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, during Year 2021 and up to the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Rules ("Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout Year 2021.

末期股息

本公司以股東利益最大化並且同時維持強大 且良好的財務狀況以供本集團預備抓住未來 或會不時出現的投資機會及維持可持續發展 作為目標。在決定是否建議派發股息及釐定 股息金額時,董事會將考慮本集團之盈利表 現、財務狀況、投資需求及未來前景。此 外,董事會還需考慮本集團不時取得的銀行 及其他融資額度項下設定的限制性條款以及 董事會認為合適及 或相關的其他因素。

董事會已通過決議,不建議派付截至2021年度的末期股息(2020年度:無)。

公眾持 碧 f 棕瘟麻 f 惊嗧 , 餒豳 尼曬鎮毯衫好 馬甋 2020

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During Year 2021, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to those resigned directors for their contribution and service to the Group during their tenure and give my warmest welcome to those newly appointed directors for joining the Group. Moreover, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to the Shareholders for their support and all the Group's employees for their hard work and dedication in carrying out their duties and in achieving the Group's business goals.

On behalf of the Board of

Sil e G an In e na ional Holding G g p Limi ed

Ch. Hing T, ng

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 21 April 2022

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於2021年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會,向各位辭任的董事過往 對本集團作出之貢獻及服務致以衷心謝意, 並熱列歡迎新委任的各位董事加盟本集團。 此外,本集團有賴各位股東的鼎力支持和全 體員工努力不懈的竭誠服務以達致本集團的 目標,本人謹代表董事會向彼等致以深切謝 意。

承董事會命

銀建國際控股集團有限公司

朱慶凇

主席、行政總裁及執行董事

香港,2022年4月21日

E eç, i e Di ec o

Ch Hing T ng (alia Zh Qing Yi) (Chairman)

Mr. Chu, aged 52, was appointed as a non-executive Director and the chairman of the Board on 29 January 2019. He has been re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director and appointed as the chief executive officer and one of the authorised representatives of the Company under Rule 3.05 of the Listing Rules with effect from 1 August 2021. Mr. Chu is also the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Chu is the chairman and an executive director of Zhuguang Holdings Group Company Limited ("Zhuquang Holdings"), a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1176), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"). Mr. Chu has over 20 years of extensive experience in corporate management and property development in the PRC.

Ļ, o Zhihai

Mr. Luo, aged 59, was appointed as an executive Director on 29 January 2019. He is a member of the remuneration committee of the Company. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Luo worked in China Construction Bank, Huajian International (Macau) Co., Ltd., China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("China Cinda") (a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock codes: 01359 and 04607 (Preference Shares)), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO) and Guangdong Yuecai Asset Management Co., Ltd.. He has served successively as the head of Xiaohuayuan Office of Meixian Sub-branch of China Construction Bank, deputy general manager of the international business department of Meizhou Branch of China Construction Bank, general manager of the international business department of Zhuhai Branch of China Construction Bank, managing director of Huajian International (Macau) Co., Ltd., the head of the entity department, the investment banking department, the marketing department and the business department of China Cinda Guangzhou Office and deputy managing director of Guangdong Yuecai Asset Management Co., Ltd., Mr. Luo received his Bachelor's Degree in engineering from South China University of Technology in 1983. He has accumulated more than 30 years of experiences in banking, investment banking, real estate investment and non-performing financial assets, especially with extensive practical experiences in the assets management industry. Meanwhile, Mr. Luo has a high reputation in the PRC's local assets management industry.

執行董事

朱慶凇(又名朱慶伊)(主席)

朱先生,52歲,於2019年1月29日獲委任為非執行董事及董事會主席;彼已由非執行董事加任為執行董事,並獲委任為行政總裁之一,自2021年8月1日起生效。朱先生現為本公司提名委員會主席。朱先生現為本公司提名委員會主席。朱先生現為本公司提名委員會主席。朱先生現為本公司(「珠光控股」)(一間股份於聯交所主板公司(下珠光控股」)(一間股份於聯交所主板上市之公司(股份代號:1176))主席及執行管理及的權益須根據證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第2及3分部規定的物業發展行業擁有逾20年之豐富經驗。

羅智海

羅先生,59歲,於2019年1月29日獲委任為 本公司之執行董事。彼為本公司薪酬委員會 成員。在加盟本公司之前,羅先生曾在中國 建設銀行、華建國際(澳門)有限公司、中國 信達資產管理股份有限公司(「中國信達」, 其股份於聯交所上市,股份代號:01359及 04607(優先股), 為主要股東(定義見上市 規則),其於本公司股份之權益須根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部規定向本公司 披露)及廣東粵財資產管理有限公司工作; 歷任中國建設銀行梅縣支行小花園辦事處負 責人、中國建設銀行梅州市分行國際業務部 副總經理、中國建設銀行珠海市分行國際業 務部總經理、華建國際(澳門)有限公司董事 總經理、中國信達廣州辦事處實體部、投行 部、市場部、業務部等部門處長、廣東粵財 資產管理有限公司董事副總經理等職務。羅 先生於1983年取得華南理工大學工學學士學 位。彼在銀行、投行、房地產投資及不良金 融資產等方面積累逾30年之經驗,尤其在資 產管理行業具有豐富的實戰經驗。同時,羅 先生在全中國的資產管理行業中享有較高的 知名度。

E ec, i e Di ec o (Continued)

Tang L nfei

Mr. Tang, aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director on 11 January 2021. He obtained his Bachelor of Economics from the Chongqing Institute of Technology of the PRC in June 2000 and his Master of National Economics from the Sichuan University of the PRC in June 2003. Mr. Tang has over 16 years of experience in the financial industry. He joined China Cinda Asset Management Corporation (currently known as China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd. (i.e. China Cinda), as the business manager of its

E ec, i e Di ec o (Continued)

Wang Ping

Mr. Wang, aged 65, has been appointed as an executive Director with effect from 1 August 2021. He has been appointed as the executive president of the Company since 2019 and is responsible for the management of various departments of the Group, including the risk management department and the legal department. Mr. Wang previously worked in 江西財經大學 (Jiangxi Financial University*) as a deputy professor, a mentor of research students in master degree, a deputy officer of the finance faculty, and an officer in the research students faculty, etc. Since the mid-1990s, Mr. Wang had held various positions, such as department head, general manager and second tier branch manager in various departments, including the finance department and the audit department in the Guangdong Province Branch of China Construction Bank. Mr. Wang has edited more than 10 professional academic books and has published over 20 professional papers. He hosted and participated in the projects supported by the National Social Science Fund of China. He had solid experience in finance, accounting, economic theory, commercial bank operations and risk management. Mr. Wang is now the executive vicechairman of the Guangdong Venture Capital and Private Equity Association, the vice-chairman of the Guangdong Association of Management Accountants and the external tutor of various renowned academic institutions, including the Sun Yat-sen University, the Jinan University and the Guangdong University of Finance and Economics.

執行董事(續)

王平

王先生現年65歲,自2021年8月1日起獲委任 為執行董事。自2019年獲委任為本公司執行 總裁,負責管理本集團多個部門,包括風險 管理部及法務部。王先生曾任江西財經大學 副教授、碩士研究生導師、財會系副主任、 研究生部主任等職務;九十年代中期起,王 先生曾於中國建設銀行廣東省分行不同部門 包括財務部及審計部擔任多個職位如部門處 長、總經理及二級分支行行長。王先生曾編 輯專業書籍十餘部、發表專業論文二十餘 篇。彼主持及參與若干國家社科基金項目。 彼具備金融、會計、經濟學理論、商業銀行 營運與風險管理實戰經驗。王先生現任廣東 省創業投資協會常務副會長、廣東省管理會 計師協會副會長,以及中山大學、暨南大 學、廣東財經大學等知名高校之校外導師。

*英文名稱僅供識別

^{*} English name is translated for identification purpose only

Non-e eç i e Di ec o

Chen Zhi ei

Mr. Chen, aged 37, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 29 January 2019. Mr. Chen is the chairman and an executive director of Zhongchang. Mr. Chen is the assistant general manager and managing director of the investment department of Cinda HK, responsible for managing Cinda HK's investment and financing businesses. Cinda HK is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules), whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO. Mr. Chen graduated from Tsinghua University with a bachelor's degree in Economics in 2004. He then graduated from the National University of Singapore with a master's degree in Science (Estate Management) in 2009. Mr. Chen was the executive assistant to the chairman of TIG Group in Singapore between 2007 and 2010, responsible for TIG Group's private equity investment business in the Greater China region. Between 2005 and 2007, Mr. Chen was a research scholar at the National University of Singapore. Mr. Chen has over 10 years of investment and research experience in the finance industry. From 30 December 2016 to 23 March 2022, Mr. Chen was a non-executive Director of Modern Land. Mr. Chen is also a non-executive director of the following companies, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange: (i) China Fortune Financial Group Limited (Stock code: 290); and (ii) South Gobi Resources Limited (Stock code: 1878).

非執行董事

陳志偉

陳先生,37歲,於2019年1月29日獲委任為 非執行董事。陳先生為中昌的主席及執行董 事。陳先生現為信達香港總經理助理及投資 業務部董事總經理,負責信達香港的投資及 融資業務。信達香港現為本公司主要股東(定 義見上市規則),其股份權益須根據證券及 期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部規定向本公司披 露。陳先生於2004年畢業於清華大學,獲經 濟學學士學位。其後,於2009年畢業於新加 坡國立大學,獲得理學(房地產管理)碩士學 位。陳先生於2007年至2010年期間曾擔任新 加坡TIG集團董事長的行政助理,負責協調 TIG集團在大中華區的私募股權投資業務。於 2005年至2007年期間,陳先生曾為新加坡國 立大學的研究學者。陳先生擁有逾10年金融 領域投資及研究經驗。由2016年12月30日至 2022年3月23日,陳先生為當代置業之非執 行董事。陳先生亦為下列股份於聯交所主板 上市之公司之非執行董事:(i)中國富強金融 集團有限公司(股份代號: 290);及(ii)南戈壁 資源有限公司(股份代號:1878)。

Independen Non-e eg, i e Di ec o

Zhang L

Mr. Zhang, aged 69, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 4 May 2000. He is also the chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company and a member of the audit committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Zhang graduated from the Sichuan International Studies University in 1979. He was the General Manager of CITIC Central Tanshi Money Brokering Company Limited, which is a joint venture of CITIC Trust Co., Ltd. engaged in the money brokering business for financial institutions. From 1987 to 2000, Mr. Zhang was the executive vice president and treasurer of CITIC Ka Wah Bank Limited, responsible for both the Treasury and International Business. From 1974 to 1987, he worked for Bank of China and CITIC Industrial Bank. Mr. Zhang has engaged in the banking sector for over 35 years.

Liang Qing

Mr. Liang, aged 68, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 28 February 2014. He is also a member of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Liang is also currently an executive director and an independent non-executive director of Jiangxi Copper Company Limited ("Jiangxi Copper") (Stock code: 358) and Sinotruk (Hong Kong) Limited ("Sinotruk") (Stock code: 3808) respectively. The H shares of Jiangxi Copper and Sinotruk are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Liang graduated from the Beijing Open University (formerly known as Beijing Radio and Television University) in 1985, where he studied Chinese language and literature. Mr. Liang was a director and the general manager of China Minmetal H.K. (Holdings) Limited and has now retired. Mr. Liang has abundant experience in international trading and investment.

獨立非執行董事

張璐

張先生現年69歲,自2000年5月4日起出任獨立非執行董事職務。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。張先生於1979年畢業於四川外語學院。張先生曾出任天津信唐貨幣經紀有限責任公司(中信信託為主的中外合資公司)總經理職務,該集國內外金融機構間的資金融通及貨幣交易等仲介服務。1987年至2000年間,張先生任職中信嘉華銀行執行副總裁兼司庫,主管總行資金及國際業務。彼於1974年至1987年間先後於中國銀行及中信實業銀行任職。張先生於銀行業擁有逾35年經驗。

梁青

梁先生現年68歲,於2014年2月28日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。梁先生現時亦分別為江西銅業股份有限公司(「江西銅業」()股份代號:358)和中國重汽(香港)有限公司(「中國重汽」)(股份代號:3808)之執行董事及獨立非執行董事;江西銅業和中國重汽兩家公司之H股均於聯交所主板上市。梁先生於1985年畢業於北京開放大學(前稱北京廣播電視大學),學習漢語言文學專業。梁先生曾經擔任中國五礦集團香港控股有限公司董事及總經理,現已退休。梁先生具有豐富的國際貿易及投資經驗。

Independen Non-e ec, i e Di ec o (Continued)

H_i ng M_i k Ming

Mr. Hung, aged 57, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 23 December 2004. He is also the chairman of the audit committee of the Company and a member of the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Hung is a Certified Public Accountant (Practicing) and is a Fellow CPA of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and an associate of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. Mr. Hung received his bachelor degree in social sciences from the University of Hong Kong in 1990, and a master degree in corporate governance from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2008. Mr. Hung has over 25 years of experience in the accounting and audit sector. Mr. Hung was an independent non-executive director of Century Sage Scientific Holdings Limited, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1450), from 13 June 2014 to 28 September 2021. Mr. Hung is also an independent non-executive director of the following companies, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange: (i) Cinda International Holdings Limited (Stock code: 111); (ii) CA Cultural Technology Group Limited (formerly known as China Animation Characters Company Limited) (Stock code: 1566); and (iii) IBO Technology Company Limited (Stock code: 2708).

獨立非執行董事(續)

洪木明

洪先生現年57歲,於2004年12月23日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委 員會主席及提名委員會成員。洪先生現為執 業會計師並且為香港會計師公會資深會計 師。洪先生同時亦為英國特許公認會計師公 會之資深會員、香港董事學會資深會員、香 港特許秘書公會及英國特許秘書及行政人員 公會會士。洪先生於1990年取得由香港大學 頒授的社會科學學士學位,並於2008年取得 香港理工大學頒授的公司管治碩士學位。洪 先生於會計及審計領域擁有逾25年經驗。洪 先生於2014年6月13日至2021年9月28日擔 任世紀睿科控股有限公司(其股份於聯交所主 板上市,股份代號:1450)之獨立非執行董 事。洪先生亦為下列股份於聯交所主板上市 之公司之獨立非執行董事:(i)信達國際控股 有限公司(股份代號:111); (ii)華夏文化科技 集團有限公司(前稱華夏動漫形象有限公司) (股份代號:1566);及(iii)艾伯科技股份有限 公司(股份代號: 2708)。

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PROFILE OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理人員簡介

Chen Yongç, n

Mr. Chen, aged 57, re-joined the Company on 1 May 2016. Mr. Chen is one of the deputy general managers of the Company. He is currently the legal representative and the managing director of East Gate (Beijing) Property Management Co., Ltd (formerly known as Beijing East Gate Development Co., Ltd.), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Chen is responsible for the Group's property development and investments in the mainland China. Mr. Chen previously worked at China Construction Bank and China Cinda. During the period from 25 October 2000 to 27 February 2008, Mr. Chen was an executive Director. Mr. Chen graduated from the Qing Hua University with a bachelor degree in engineering and a master degree in business management. He has over 20 years of experience in finance and investment.

Tang J. nhong

Mr. Tang, aged 67, joined the Group in 2005. He was appointed as the executive president of the Company in 2019 and he retired on 31 December 2021. Before his retirement from the Group, Mr. Tang was responsible for the Group's petrochemical investment and related work and he was also the chairman of the board of directors of both 泰 州東泰石化有限公司 (Tai Zhou Dong Thai Petrochemical Company Limited*) ("TZ Dong Thai"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and Zhong Hai You Qi, a company in which the Company holds 51% of its equity interest through TZ Dong Thai. Mr. Tang graduated from the Tianjin Industrial Institute with a major in petrochemical industries and obtained a Master Degree from 湖北交通 科技大學 (Hubei Jiatong Technology University*). Mr. Tang also worked as senior management in China Petroleum & Chemical Corporation, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 0386), Jiejiang Zhong Fu Petrochemical, Shanghai Zhong Ming Petrochemical, etc. Mr. Tang has over 40 years of experience in management and petrochemical industries.

陳永存

陳先生現年57歲,於2016年5月1日重新加盟本公司。陳先生現為本公司的其中一名副總經理。彼現為本公司全資擁有附屬公司東環(北京)物業管理有限公司(前稱北京東環置業有限公司)之董事總經理及法人代表。陳先生負責本集團於中國內地的房地產發展及投資業務。陳先生曾於中國建設銀行及中國信達工作。從2000年10月25日至2008年2月27日期間,陳先生曾出任本公司執行董事。陳先生於清華大學畢業,取得工程學學士及工商管理碩士學位。彼於財務及投資方面擁有逾20年經驗。

湯俊宏

湯先生現年67歲,於2005年加入本集團。彼於2019年獲委任為本公司執行總裁並於2021年12月31日退任。於本集團退任前,湯先生負責石油化工投資及相關工作。湯先生亦為表州東泰石化有限公司(「泰州東泰」(本公司)及中海油氣(本公司)及中海油氣(本)之間接非全資擁有附屬公司)及中海油氣(之司)之間接非全資擁有附屬公司)及中海油氣(之司)之間,並取得湖北交通科技大學工學院石化工學會位。湯先生畢業於天津工學院石化工學行動。湯先生亦曾在中國石油化工股份有限公司(一間股份於聯交所主板上市之公司(股份代號:0386)、浙江中孚石化、上海中銘石化等集團公司擔任管理崗位工作。湯先生在管理及石化工業行業有逾40年的經驗。

*英文名稱僅供識別

^{*} English name is translated for identification purpose only

PROFILE OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理人員簡介

Ng Hoi Le ng, Leo

Mr. Ng, aged 48, has been appointed as the chief financial officer, the company secretary and an authorised representative of the Company with effect from 17 July 2019. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Ng was the financial controller of Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited (Stock code: 0231), and the financial controller and the company secretary of Zhuquang Holdings (Stock code: 1176), which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) and whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, both being companies the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was also the chief financial officer of a real estate company and a company whose subsidiary was engaged in the media business in the PRC. Mr. Ng has over 15 years of accounting and audit experience. He had worked in PricewaterhouseCoopers, an accounting firm from February 1997 to April 2010. Mr. Ng holds a Master of Commerce from the Macquarie University in Australia and is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the Certified Practising Accountants of Australia.

吳海良

吳先生,48歲,獲委任為本公司財務總監、 公司秘書及授權代表,自2019年7月17日起 生效。於加入本公司前,吳先生為平安證券 集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號:0231)之財 務總監,及珠光控股(股份代號:1176)(其 為主要股東(定義見上市規則),於股份中擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須 向本公司披露之權益)之財務總監及公司秘 書,上述兩間公司均為股份於聯交所主板上 市之公司。彼亦曾任一間房地產公司及一間 其附屬公司於中國從事媒體業務之公司之首 席財務官。吳先生擁有逾15年會計及審計經 驗。彼曾於1997年2月至2010年4月於羅兵 咸永道會計師事務所任職。吳先生持有澳洲 麥格理大學商業學碩士,並為香港會計師公 會資深會員及澳洲執業會計師公會會員。

PROFILE OF SENIOR MANAGEMENT 高級管理人員簡介

Weng Jian

Mr. Weng, aged 39, has been appointed as the executive assistant and the executive president of the Company since June 2020 and August 2021, respectively. He is responsible for human resources and administrative management of the Group. He graduated from Sun Yat-sen University with a bachelor degree in Law and a master degree in Law. He previously worked in the Guangdong Provincial Supervisory Commission and the Office of the Guangdong Provincial Government, where he was engaged in the management of anti-corruption, legal policy and comprehensive administration. After resigning from public office, Mr. Weng joined Zhuguang Holdings, which is a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) whose interest in the Shares falls to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, and successively served as its general manager of the Group President Office (Human Resources Centre), general manager of the Legal Affairs Centre, member of the Investment Decision Committee, general manager of the Investment Centre and chairman of the industrial real estate sector. He is also a member of the Guangdong Youth Federation, a member of the Guangdong Law Society, a deputy director of the Legal Committee of Guangdong Three Olds Reform Association and a practical instructor for postgraduates of the Jinan University.

翁鍵

翁先生,39歲,自2020年6月獲委任為本公 司總裁助理及於2021年8月獲委任為執行總 裁,分管集團人力資源和行政管理工作。畢 業於中山大學,取得法學學士和法學碩士學 位。曾先後任職於廣東省監察委員會、廣東 省政府辦公廳,從事反腐敗、法律政策與行 政綜合管理等工作。辭去公職後加入珠光控 股(現為主要股東(定義見上市規則),且其於 股份中的權益須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第2及3分部的條文向本公司披露),先後擔 任該集團總裁辦(人力資源中心)總經理、法 務中心總經理、投資決策委員會委員兼投資 中心總經理、產業地產板塊董事長。現兼任 廣東省青聯委員、廣東省法學會理事、廣東 省三舊改造協會法律委員會副主任、暨南大 學碩士研究生實踐導師等。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治

The Group is committed to the long-term sustainability of its businesses and the communities with which it engages. The Group pursues this business approach by managing its business prudently and executing management decisions with due care and attention.

本集團致力維持業務及所在社區的長遠可持續發展。本集團努力不懈審慎管理業務,並 謹慎專注執行管理層的決策,以推動此業務模式。

S akeholde Engagemen

The Group has maintained a continuous dialogue with its stakeholders that include its customers, employees, regulators and the public. The Group seeks to balance the views and interests of these various stakeholders through constructive conversations with a view to charting a course for the long-term prosperity of the Group and the communities.

C ome

Customer feedback plays an important role in the operation of the Group. Various channels, such as telephone hotlines and customer service front desks, have been established to maintain interactive communications between the Group and its customers.

Emplo ee

Hard-working and dedicated employees are the backbone of a company. The Group treasures its loyal and industrious staff members. In addition, it has adopted non-discriminatory hiring and employment practices and it strives to provide a safe and healthy workplace for its employees.

Go e nmen & P. blic

Tough efforts have been exerted to ensure compliance with the laws and regulations of the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. The public at large is also an important stakeholder of the Group. A stable and prosperous community is important to the steady growth and long-term future prospects of the Group.

持份者溝通

本集團與各持份者,包括其客戶、僱員、監管機構及公眾人士保持持續緊密聯繫。本集團透過具建設性的溝通,努力平衡各持份者的意見及利益,從而為本集團與所在社區釐定長遠的發展方向。

客戶

本集團重視客戶對業務營運的意見。本集團 已建立不同渠道(如電話熱線及客戶服務前 台)維持租客與本集團之間的互動溝通。

僱員

勤奮而專注的僱員是公司的骨幹。本集團重 視忠誠勤奮的員工。此外,本集團已採納非 歧視性的招聘與僱用守則,並致力為僱員提 供安全及健康的工作環境。

政府與公眾人士

本集團一向竭力遵守業務所在管轄區域的法 律與規例。普羅大眾亦為本公司的重要持份 者,而穩定繁榮的社區對本集團的穩定增長 及未來長遠發展十分重要。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治

Wo kplace Q ali

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed 84 staff members (31 December 2020: 104). Total employee costs for Year 2021, including Directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately HK\$76,641,000 (Year 2020: HK\$66,788,000).

The quality of its employees is crucial for the Group to maintain a competitive position in the market. With this in mind, the Group seeks to attract and retain talented individuals who are committed to achieving goals and objectives of the Group and provides a work environment that nurtures values such as fair play, respect and integrity. The Group values career development of its staff and provides ongoing training to them according to the needs of the Group. The Group offers competitive compensation packages to its employees, who are rewarded according to their performance. The Group reviews its salary structure, working conditions, bonuses and incentive systems annually.

The Group's employees are entitled to benefits such as medical cover, provident funds and share options scheme. The Group is committed to providing a healthy and safe workplace for all its employees and complying with all applicable health and safety laws and regulations. Health and safety considerations are incorporated into the design, operations and maintenance of the premises of the Group. Employees are provided with appropriate job skills and safety training and are educated with regard to their responsibilities for achieving the health and safety objectives of the Group. The Group also communicates with its employees on occupational health and safety issues.

工作環境質素

於2021年12月31日,本集團僱用84名員工(2020年12月31日:104名)。截至2021年12月31日止年度,僱員薪酬成本總額(包括董事酬金)合共約76,641,000港元(2020年度:66,788,000港元)。

僱員質素對本集團維持市場競爭性極為重要。因此,本公司致力吸納及挽留人才,讓他們於本集團著重公平、互相尊重及誠信。 信念的工作環境中致力達致目標。本集團的重視僱員的事業發展,並按本集團的需要提供持續培訓。本集團為僱員提供具競爭的薪酬待遇,而回報與員工表現掛鈎,並每年檢討其薪酬架構、工作情況、花紅醫療保育、強積金及認股權計劃。

本集團致力為其所有員工提供一個健康及安全的工作環境,並遵守一切適用的健康及安全法例及規例。健康及安全考慮已納入本集團辦公場所之設計、營運及維修內。僱員獲給予適當的工作技能及安全培訓,並獲灌輸有關達致本集團健康及安全目標的責任。本集團亦就職業健康及安全事宜與僱員溝通。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治

En i onmen al P o ec ion

The Group recognises the importance of maintaining environmental sustainability in its daily operations and acts in all material respects in compliance with the laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and pollution control. Energy saving measures are enforced in the Group's offices and commercial premises for the purpose of reducing electricity consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

The Group has also adopted policies to promote recycling and use of eco-friendly stationery, plus a series of measures to save paper and energy, including the use of doublesided printing and energy-efficient office equipment and appliances, resulting in more efficient use of resources, as well as reduction of waste.

Ope a ing P ac ice

The Group is committed to adhering to the highest ethical standards. All employees are given a code of conduct ("Code") to which they are required to adhere. The Code explicitly prohibits employees from soliciting, accepting or offering bribes or any form of advantage. The Code also outlines the Group's expectations on its staff with regard to conflicts of interest. All managers are expected to communicate and instill a culture of good corporate governance to their staff.

ESG Repo

The Company engaged external professionals to review the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") policies of the Group for Year 2021 and issue an ESG report for Year 2021 ("2021 ESG Report") for the Board's consideration. The Company will publish the 2021 ESG Report on the "ESG Reports" section of the website of the Company at www.silvergrant.com.hk and the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk on or before 31 May 2022. No hardcopy of the 2021 ESG Report will be provided to the Shareholders unless specific request has been made by the Shareholders.

環境保護

本集團認同環境可持續性對其日常營運之重 要性,並在各重大方面均已遵守有關環保及 管控污染之法例及法規。本集團於其辦公室 及商業物業實施節能措施,以減少電力消耗 及溫室氣體排放。

本集團亦採納政策鼓勵循環再用及使用環保 文具,加上一系列節約用紙及能源的措施(包 括使用雙面打印及具能源效益之辦公室設備 及電器)達至更有效地使用資源及減少廢物。

營運守則

本集團一直堅持最高的道德標準。所有僱員 獲發其必須遵守的員工守則(「守則」)。守則 明確禁止僱員索取、接受或提供賄賂或任何 其他形式的利益。守則亦列明本集團員工應 如何處理利益衝突。所有管理人員亦須與員 工溝通並竭力傳達良好的企業管治文化。

ESG報告

本公司聘請外部專業機構審視本集團2021年度之環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)政策並發佈2021年度之ESG報告(「2021 ESG報告」)予董事會審閱。本公司將於2022年5月31日或以前上載2021 ESG 報告於本公司網站www.silvergrant.com.hk「環境、社會及管治報告」部分及聯交所網站www.hkexnews.hk。除非股東作出具體要求,否則將不會向股東提供2021 ESG報告印刷版。

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Co po a e Go e nance P ac ice

The Company is committed to establishing and maintaining a standard of corporate governance that is consistent with market practices. The Company complied with all mandatory provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules then in force throughout Year 2021, except for code provisions A.2.1 and E.1.2 of the CG Code.

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be the same individual. As a result of the appointment of Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (alias Mr. Zhu Qing Yi) ("Mr. Chu") as the chief executive officer of the Company on 1 August 2021 following the resignation of Mr. Huang Jiajue, Mr. Chu has assumed the roles of both the chairman of the Board ("Chairman") and the chief executive officer of the Company ("Chief Executive Officer"). The Board believes that vesting both the roles of chairman and chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions efficiently.

Code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code stipulates that the Chairman should attend the annual general meeting of the Company. Mr. Chu, the Chairman, did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 June 2021 due to his prior engagement. The Chairman will endeavor to attend all future annual general meetings of the Company unless unexpected or special circumstances preventing him from doing so.

The Board will continue to monitor and review the Group's corporate governance practices to ensure compliance.

The following summarises the Company's key corporate governance practices.

企業管治常規

本公司致力設立及維持一套符合市場慣例的企業管治標準。除守則條文第A.2.1及E.1.2條外,本公司於2021年度已遵守上市規則附錄14所載之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)之所有強制守則條文。

企業管治守則(上市規則附錄十四)之守則條 文第A.2.1條規定,主席及行政總裁之角色應 有區分,不應由同一名人士兼任。由於在黃 佳爵先生辭任後於2021年8月1日委任朱慶 先生(又名朱慶伊先生)(「朱先生」)為一會 行政總裁,故朱先生將同時擔任董事會相信由同 一名人主兼任主席及行政總裁。董事會相信由同確保本 主兼任主席及行政總裁之角色,可確保本 豐內之貫徹領導及可令本集團之整體策略規 劃更有效及具效率。董事會認為目前安排 提力及授權平衡將不受削弱,而此架構將得以使本公司作出及推行決策。

守則條文第E.1.2條要求主席應出席本公司之股東週年大會。主席朱慶凇先生因早已安排其他事務,故未能出席本公司於2021年6月10日舉行的股東週年大會。主席將竭力出席本公司於未來召開的所有股東週年大會,除非出現不可預見或特殊的情況導致其未能出席。

董事會將持續監察和審視本集團企業管治實 踐以確保符合規定。

下文概括說明本公司的重要企業管治措施。

Boa d of Di ec o

Boa d Compo i ion

The Board is responsible for formulating the Group's long-term strategies, setting business development goals, assessing the results of management policies, monitoring management's performance and ensuring the existence of an effective internal control system. The Board is led by the Chairman. The Chairman, with the support of the company secretary ("Company Secretary") of the Company, is responsible for ensuring that the Directors receive adequate and complete information in a timely manner and appropriate briefing on issues arising at the Board meetings and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner.

The management, led by the Chief Executive Officer, focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved and delegated by the Board. The Chief Executive Officer is in charge of the Group's day-to-day management and operations and is also responsible for developing strategic plans and formulating the organisational structure, control systems, internal procedures and processes for the Board's approval.

The independent non-executive Directors serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis of an effective corporate governance framework of the Group.

董事會

董事會組成

董事會負責制定本集團的長期策略、訂立業務發展目標、評估管理措施之成效、監察管理層之表現及確保存在有效的內部監控系統。董事會由主席朱慶凇先生領導。在本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助下,主席負責確保董事適時接收足夠及完整的資訊、於董事會議提出的事宜獲得適當的簡報以及董事會適時討論所有主要及適當的事宜。

管理層由本集團的行政總裁領導,專注於執行經董事會批准及下達的目標、政策及策略,並負責本集團之日常管理及營運。行政總裁亦負責拓展策略計劃及籌劃組織架構、 監控機制及內部程序及過程以供董事會批准。

獨立非執行董事則對確保及監察本集團之企業管治架構是否行之有效起著重要作用。

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Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Boa d Compo i ion (Continued)

As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises four executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (who has been redesignated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director and appointed as the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 August 2021), Mr. Luo Zhihai, Mr. Tang Lunfei (who has been appointed with effect from 11 January 2021) and Mr. Wang Ping (who has been appointed with effect from 1 August 2021), one non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Chen Zhiwei, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Liang Qing, Mr. Zhang Lu and Mr. Hung Muk Ming. Mr. Huang Jiajue has resigned as an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 August 2021.

The biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 26 to 31 of this annual report. The number of the independent non-executive Directors represents no less than one-third of the Board members.

Members of the Board possess the appropriate expertise and skills to discharge their duties.

董事會(續)

董事會組成(續)

於本年報日期,董事會由四名執行董事朱慶 凇先生(彼已由非執行董事調任為執行董事並 自2021年8月1日起獲委任為行政總裁) 羅 智海先生、唐倫飛先生(於2021年1月11日獲 委任)及王平先生(彼自2021年8月1日起獲委 任) 一名非執行董事陳志偉先生及三名獨立 非執行董事梁青先生、張璐先生及洪木明先 生組成。黃佳爵先生已自2021年8月1日起辭 任執行董事及行政總裁。

各董事之履歷詳情載列於本年報第26頁至31 頁。獨立非執行董事數目佔董事會成員數目 不少於三分之一。

董事會各成員均具備適當的專業知識及技能 以履行其職責。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Boa d Compo i ion (Continued)

The Company's Directors, Mr. Tang Lunfei and Mr. Chen Zhiwei are also directors and/or senior officers of Cinda HK. Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, is also a director and a shareholder of Zhuguang Holdings. Cinda HK and Zhuguang Holdings are substantial Shareholders (within the meaning of the Listing Rules). Save for the aforesaid, there is no relationship between the members of the Board, in terms of financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship.

To assist the Board in discharging its duties and to fulfil the requirements of the CG Code, three standing Board committees were set up under the Board: the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee. The Board will set up an ad hoc Board committee as and when necessary to handle specific issues and report back to the Board.

The Board considers that each independent non-executive Director is independent in character and judgment and meets the specific independence criteria as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director an annual confirmation confirming his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

All Directors are regularly updated on governance and regulatory matters. There are established procedures for Directors to obtain independent professional advice, at the expense of the Company, in the furtherance of their duties.

Should a potential conflict of interest involving a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) or a Director arise, the matter will be discussed in a physical Board meeting, as opposed to being dealt with by a written resolution. Independent non-executive Directors with no conflict of interest will be present at Board meetings dealing with such conflict issues.

董事會(續)

董事會組成(續)

本公司董事唐倫飛先生及陳志偉先生同時亦是信達香港的董事及 或高級職員,主席及行政總裁朱慶凇先生同時亦是珠光控股之董事及股東。信達香港及珠光控股均為主要股東(定義見上市規則)。除前文所述者外,董事會成員之間,並不存在任何關係,包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大 相關的關係。

為協助董事會履行其職責,以及為符合企業管治守則的規定,董事會下設三個常設附屬委員會:審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。董事會還會設立臨時附屬委員會,處理專項工作,並向董事會負責。

董事會認為,每位獨立非執行董事均具有獨立的個性及判斷能力,並且他們都符合上市規則所定明,有關獨立性的特定標準。本公司已接獲每名獨立非執行董事,根據上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立身分的年度確認函。

全體董事均定期獲得有關管治及監管等事宜 的更新資訊。董事可按照既定程序,尋求獨 立專業意見,以協助履行其職責;相關費用 由本公司承擔。

倘若本公司主要股東(定義見上市規則)或董事出現潛在利益衝突,有關事宜將於董事會實際會議上討論,而不會透過提呈書面決議案方式處理。並無涉及利益衝突的獨立非執行董事將會出席會議,處理有關衝突事宜。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Boa d Compo i ion (Continued)

Independent non-executive Directors are explicitly identified in all corporate communications containing the names of the Directors. An updated list of Directors identifying the independent non-executive Directors and the roles and the functions of the Directors is maintained on the website of the Company at www.silvergrant.com.hk and the website of the Stock Exchange.

Each of the Directors has been appointed for a specific term of service no longer than three years. Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, had been appointed as a non-executive Director from 29 January 2019 to 28 January 2022 (both days inclusive) and he has been redesignated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director with effect from 1 August 2021, for a term from 1 August 2021 to 31 July 2024 (both days inclusive). Each of the non-executive Directors has been appointed for a specific term of service from 29 January 2019 to 28 January 2022 and re-appointed for a term of 3 years commencing from 29 January 2022 to 28 January 2025. All the Directors are also subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with article 102 of the Company's articles of association ("Articles of Association").

The full Board will meet regularly and at least four times throughout a year to review the overall strategy of the Group and to monitor the operations as well as the financial performance of the Group. Notice of at least 14 days will be given to all Directors in respect of full Board meetings and the Directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda if necessary. Agenda and the accompanying Board papers in respect of a full Board meeting are sent out in full to all Directors no less than three days before the meeting. Minutes of full Board meetings and meetings of board committees are properly kept. All Directors have access to relevant and timely information. They also have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who is responsible for providing the Directors with Board papers and related materials. Where queries are raised by the Directors, prompt and full responses will be given if possible.

董事會(續)

董事會組成(續)

所有載有董事姓名的公司通信均明確列示獨立非執行董事身份。列示獨立非執行董事的身份及董事角色及職能的最新董事名單留存於本公司網站www.silvergrant.com.hk及聯交所網站。

各名董事之委任均設有最長不超過三年的固定任期。朱慶凇先生於2019年1月29日至2022年1月28日(首尾兩天包括在內)獲委任為非執行董事,彼於2021年8月1日由非執行董事調任為執行董事,任期自2021年8月1日至2024年7月31日(首尾兩天包括在內)。各名非執行董事均按指定服務任期(由2019年1月29日至2022年1月28日)獲委任,其後獲重新委任為期三年(由2022年1月29日至2025年1月28日)。全體董事亦須根據本公司的組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第102條規定,於本公司股東週年大會上輪值告退並重選連任。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued) 董事會(續)

Boa d Compo i ion (Continued) 董事會組成(續)

During Year 2021, 13 Board meetings were held and the 就2021年度 attendance of each Director is set out below: 位董事的出

於2021年度,共召開13次全體董事會議,每 位董事的出席率載列如下:

Name of Di ec o	mbe of mee ing a ended/held g ing he e m of office 任期內出席會議次數 全部會議次數	A endance a e 出席率
E eç i e Di ec o		
執行董事 Chu Hing Tsung (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) (redesignated from a non- executive Director to an executive Director		
and appointed as Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 August 2021) 朱慶凇(主席及行政總裁)	9/13	69%
(於2021年8月1日由非執行董事調任為 執行董事及委任為行政總裁) Luo Zhihai	13/13	100%
羅智海 Tang Lunfei		
(appointed with effect from 11 January 2021) 唐倫飛 (於2021年1月11日獲委任)	3/12	25%
Wang Ping (appointed with effect from 1 August 2021) 王平 (於2021年8月1日獲委任)	5/5	100%
Ma Yilin (resigned with effect from 11 January 2021) 馬懌林 (於2021年1月11日辭任)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Huang Jiajue (resigned with effect from 1 August 2021) 黃佳爵 (於2021年8月1日辭任)	6/7	86%
Non-e eg. i e Di ec o		
非執行董事 Chen Zhiwei 陳志偉	4/13	31%
Independen non-e eç i e Di ec o		
獨立非執行董事 Liang Qing	6/13	46%
梁青 Zhang Lu	7/13	54%
張璐 Hung Muk Ming 洪木明	7/13	54%
Note: Attendances of the Directors appointed and resign Year 2021 were made by reference to the number machine held during their respective territories.	3	王及辭任董事之出席率乃按 會議次數以計算得出。

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meetings held during their respective tenures.

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Boa d Compo i ion (Continued)

According to the Articles of Association, the Board has the power to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. The Director so appointed shall hold office until the next general meeting (in the case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next annual general meeting (in the case of new addition to the Board) following his appointment and shall then be eligible for reelection. In other cases, all Directors, including the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, shall retire by rotation at least once every three years at annual general meetings and be eligible for re-election.

Boad Die i Polic

The Board has adopted the Board diversity policy. The policy sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

The Company considered that diversity of Board members can be achieved through consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Board has developed measurable objectives to implement the Board diversity policy whereby selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives as set out above, and the ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate will bring to the Board.

董事會(續)

董事會組成(續)

根據組織章程細則,董事會有權委任任何人士擔任董事職務以填補空決或增加董事會席位。據此而獲委任的董事只可任職至下一次股東大會(如屬填補臨時空缺)或直至下屆股東週年大會(如屬增加現有董事會的名額),並於其時有資格重選連任。在其他情況,所有董事(包括主席及行政總裁)須至少每三年一次輪流於股東週年大會告退,但可膺選連任。

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策。該政 策載列達到及維持董事會成員多元化之方 法,以提高董事會之有效性。

本公司認為透過從多個方面進行考慮(包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期),即可達到董事會成員多元化。董事會所有委任將以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨益。

董事會制訂了可計量目標,以實行董事會成員多元化政策,甄選人選將按上文所載之一系列多元化範疇為基準,最終將按人選之長處及可為董事會提供之貢獻而作決定。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

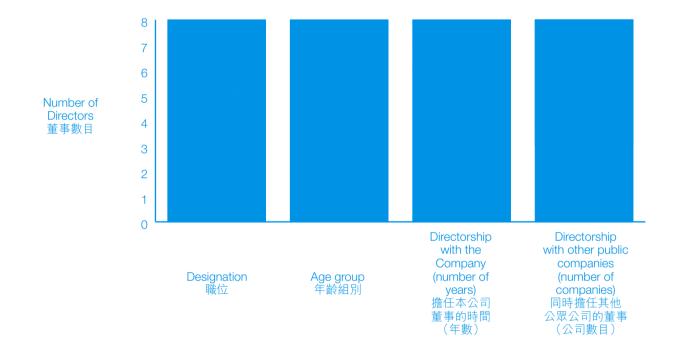
Boa d Di e i Polic (Continued)

An analysis of the Board diversity of the Company as at 31 December 2021 based on a range of diversity perspectives is set out below:

董事會(續)

董事會多元化政策(續)

於2021年12月31日按一系列多元化範疇為基準作出之本公司董事會成員多元化分析載列如下;



Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Nomina ion Polic

The nomination policy of the Company was approved and adopted by a resolution of the Board passed on 28 December 2018. It sets out the criteria and procedures to be adopted when considering candidates to be appointed or re-appointed as Directors.

Recruitment for the Board is the key role of the nomination committee of the Company. Nevertheless, the ultimate responsibilities for the selection and appointment of Directors rest with the entire Board.

The nomination committee of the Company will select from a broad range of candidates and as far as feasible consider those who are outside the Board's circle of contacts in accordance with the Company's Board diversity policy. The nomination committee of the Company will consider the potential contribution a candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity. It will also consider succession planning for Directors to ensure the long term success of the Company.

Co po a e Go e nance Commi ee

The CG Code recommends listed companies to set up a corporate governance committee to look after issues relating to corporate governance. However, the Directors consider that it is more appropriate and efficient for the Company to retain in the Board the function of overseeing corporate governance issues. The Directors will continuously review and improve the Company's and the Group's corporate governance practices to ensure that business activities and decision-making processes of the Group are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

董事會(續)

提名政策

本公司提名政策已於2018年12月28日獲董事 會透過決議案批准及採納。提名政策載列準 則及程序,供考慮委任或重選本公司董事的 候選人時採用。

為董事會招攬成員是本公司提名委員會的主要職責。儘管如此,甄選並委任董事的最終 責任由董事會整體承擔。

本公司提名委員會將會從廣闊的範圍及在可行的情況下從董事會圈子以外的人選中,按董事會成員多元化政策物色合適人選。本公司提名委員會將會考慮個別人選可為董事會的資歷、技巧、經驗、獨立性及性別多元化等方面帶來的貢獻,亦會考慮董事的繼任承存計劃,以確保本公司的長遠成功。

企業管治委員會

企業管治守則建議上市公司應設立企業管治 委員會負責處理與企業管治相關之事宜。然 而,董事會認為把處理企業管治相關事宜的 職能保留在董事會將為更有效率及更適合本 公司。董事會將會持續檢討及改善本公司及 本集團的企業管治措施,以確保本集團之業 務活動及決策過程,受到合適及審慎之規管。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Co po a e Go e nance Commi ee (Continued)

During Year 2021 and up to the date of this annual report, the corporate governance duties performed by the Board were mainly set out below:

- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations:
- reviewing and monitoring the continuous professional development and training of the Directors and senior management;
- reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report contained in the Company's annual report;
- reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors.

Seg i ie Dealing b Di ec o

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout Year 2021.

The Company has also adopted codes of conduct regarding securities transactions by relevant employees (as defined in the CG Code) on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code.

董事會(續)

企業管治委員會(續)

於2021年度及截至本年報日期,由董事會執 行的主要管治職能載列如下:

- 一 發展及檢討本公司企業管治政策及措施 及提供建議;
- 一檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的持續 專業發展及培訓事宜;
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及本公司年報《企業管治報告》所載的披露;
- 一檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管要求 的政策及措施;及
- 一 發展、檢討及監察員工及董事的「行為 守則及全規守則(如有)。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為本公司規管董事證券交易操守之守則。經本公司具體查詢後,所有董事已確認彼等在整個2021年度已遵守標準守則所訂之規定。

本公司已採納不遜於標準守則所訂的標準作 為本公司規管有關僱員(定義見企業管治守 則)進行的證券交易的守則。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

A di Commi ee

The Company established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") in 1999. The composition and professional qualifications of the members of the Audit Committee comply with the requirements under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee has written terms of reference that conform to the provisions of the CG Code. The written terms of reference are set out in detail on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

During Year 2021 and as at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Hung Muk Ming (committee chairman), Mr. Liang Qing and Mr. Zhang Lu.

The Audit Committee meets at least two times each year to review the reporting of financial and other information to the Shareholders, the systems of internal controls and risk management and the effectiveness and objectivity of the audit process. The Audit Committee also provides an important link between the Board and the Company's external auditor in matters coming within the scope of its terms of reference and keeps under review the independence and objectivity of the external auditor.

During Year 2021, the work performed by the Audit Committee includes the reviews of the annual results for Year 2020 of the Group, the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for Year 2020 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021 of the Group. The Group's audited consolidated annual results for Year 2021 have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee together with the Board have reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system, risk management system and internal audit function and considered that they are effective and adequate for the time being.

董事會(續)

審核委員會

本公司已於1999年成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)。審核委員會之組成及各成員的專業資格均符合上市規則第3.21條之要求。審核委員會的書面職權範圍書符合企業管治守則之守則條文。書面職權範圍書之詳情已登載於本公司及聯交所網站。

於2021年度及截至本年報日期,審核委員會 由三位獨立非執行董事洪木明先生(委員會主 席)、梁青先生及張璐先生組成。

審核委員會每年最少召開兩次會議,檢討向股東匯報的財務及其他資料、內部監控及風險管理系統以及核數程序的效力及客觀性。審核委員會亦會在其職權範圍內所涉及的事宜上擔當董事會與本公司外部核數師之間的重要聯繫,並對外部核數師的獨立性及客觀性做出檢討。

在2021年度,審核委員會所做的工作包括審閱2020年度本集團之業績、2020年度本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統及本集團截至2021年6月30日止期間之中期業績。本集團2021年度之經審核綜合年度業績,亦經已由審核委員會審閱。

審核委員會聯同董事會已審閱本集團內部監控系統、風險管理系統及內部審核功能的成效,並且認為就目前而言屬有效及足夠。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

A di Commi ee (Continued)

During Year 2021, three Audit Committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out below:

Name of Di ec o 董事姓名	Ny mbe of mee ing a 出席會議次數		A endance a e 出席率
Hung Muk Ming			
洪木明		3/3	100%
Liang Qing 梁青		3/3	100%
Zhang Lu		3/3	10070
張璐		3/3	100%
Rem, ne a ion Commi ee			
The Company established a remu ("Remuneration Committee") in 2005			

("Remuneration Committee") in 2005 and adopted written terms of reference which conform to the provisions of the CG Code. The written terms of reference are set out in detail on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. From 1 January 2021 to 31 July 2021, the Remuneration Committee comprised one executive Dir

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Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Rem. ne a ion Commi ee (Continued)

The remuneration package for each employee is structured according to his quality and qualification. The remuneration package will contain a combination or modification of some or all of the following four main components:

1. Ba ic ala

The basic salary ranges for each position are established with reference to the responsibilities and the duties attached to the position. The actual salary for the person filling the position is determined based on the experience and ability of the individual selected for the position.

The basic salary ranges are reviewed periodically by reference to the general market and by comparison to comparable positions at competitors of the Company in the relevant industry. The actual salaries of employees are reviewed annually and may be adjusted from time to time based on the cost of living and the financial performance of the Company.

Salaries are basic remuneration and are not intended to reward performance, either individually or corporately. Performance is rewarded through the other components of the remuneration package.

2. Incen i e bon

Incentive bonus is linked to individual and corporate performance. The incentive bonus for each employee is determined with reference to his position and performance during the year.

董事會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

每位員工的薪酬待遇按個別人士的質素與專業資格釐定。薪酬待遇由以下四大項目中其中一部分或全部組成,亦可能有所修改:

1. 基本薪金

基本薪金是按個別職位及責任而釐定。 而擔任該職務的人士實際可取得的基本 薪金,則按個別受聘人士的經驗及能力 而定。

基本薪金會定期參考一般市場及本公司 於有關行業的競爭機構中同類職位的薪 酬後作出檢討。僱員的實際基本薪金則 每年進行檢討,並可按生活指數及本公 司的財務表現不時作出調整。

薪金屬基本薪酬,並非按個別僱員或公司表現而作出的獎賞。薪酬政策中另有 其他獎勵性質的項目。

2. 獎勵性花紅

獎勵性花紅與個別僱員及公司表現掛 鈎。每名僱員所得的獎勵性花紅會按其 職位及年內的表現而訂定。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Rem. ne a ion Commi ee (Continued)

3. Sha e op ion

Share options to subscribe for Shares are granted to employees from time to time at the discretion of the Board in order to retain valuable employees and to motivate future performance of the employees.

Share options granted to individual employee are determined with reference to his position, performance and ability to contribute to the overall success of the Group.

However, the Group does not have any share option scheme in force for the time being.

4. O he benefi

The Group offers other customary and/or mandatory benefits to employees, such as statutory retirement scheme, employee compensation, medical insurance, paid annual leaves and child education allowance, with reference to the prevailing practices in relevant jurisdictions.

董事會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

3. 購股權

董事會可不時酌情向僱員授出購股權, 供認購本公司股份,以挽留有貢獻的員 工並激勵員工繼續努力工作。

個別員工獲授的購股權數目會按其職 位、表現及對公司整體成就所作的貢獻 而釐定。

然而,本集團目前並無實施任何購股權 計劃。

4. 其他福利

本集團亦會參考有關司法管轄權區當前 的慣例向僱員提供慣常的及 或強制性 的福利,如法定退休金計畫、僱員賠 償、勞工及醫療保險、有薪年假及子女 教育津貼。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Rem, ne a ion Commi ee (Continued)

The Remuneration Committee meets regularly to review the Company's human resources matters and remuneration policies. During Year 2021, two Remuneration Committee meetings were held and the attendance of each member is set out below:

董事會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

N, mbe of

薪酬委員會定期召開會議審閱本公司的人力 資源事宜及薪酬政策。於2021年度,薪酬委 員會已召開兩次會議,各成員之出席情況載 列如下;

	mee ing a ended/held d ing he		
Name of Di ec o	e m of office A enda 任期內出席會議次數		
董事姓名	全部會議次數	出席 <u>率</u> —————	
Huang Jiajue (Resigned on 1 August 2021) 黃佳爵(於2021年8月1日辭任)	1/1	100%	
Liang Qing	2/2	100%	
梁青 Zhang Lu 張璐	2/2	100%	
Luo Zhihai (Appointed on 1 August 2021) 羅智海(於2021年8月1日獲委任)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	

Note: Attendances of the Directors appointed and resigned during Year 2021 were made by reference to the numbers of such meetings held during their respective tenures. 註: 於2021年度獲委任及辭任董事之出席率乃按 其在任期間舉行會議次數以計算得出。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Rem. ne a ion Commi ee (Continued)

The Remuneration Committee has reviewed and made recommendation to the Board on the approval of the payment of the Director's fees to the executive and non-executive Directors for Year 2021 after taking into consideration the results of the Group, the performance of the Directors, the senior management and the employees and the prevailing market practices.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in Notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

Nomina ion Commi ee

The Company established a nomination committee ("Nomination Committee") on 15 February 2012 and adopted written terms of reference for the Nomination Committee. The written terms of reference are set out in detail on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. During Year 2021 and as at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises the Chairman, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung (committee chairman), who has been redesignated from a non-execuive Director to an executive Director and appointed as the Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 August 2021, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Zhang Lu and Mr. Hung Muk Ming.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for all matters relating to the appointment of Directors either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next general meeting of the Company or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

董事會(續)

薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會已審閱並在經考慮本集團的業績、董事、高級管理層及僱員的表現以及當前的市場狀況後,就批准2021年度執行董事及非執行董事之袍金向董事會作出建議。

根據上市規則附錄16條須予披露的董事酬金 及五名最高薪酬僱員之詳情載列於綜合財務 報表附註8及9。

提名委員會

本公司已於2012年2月15日成立提名委員會(「提名委員會」),並就提名委員會採納書面職權範圍書。書面職權範圍書之詳情已登載於本公司及聯交所網站。於2021年度及於本年報日期,提名委員會由主席朱慶凇先生(任委員會主席,自2021年8月1日起由非執行董事調任為執行董事)以及兩名獨立非執行董事張璐先生及洪木明先生組成。

提名委員會須負責有關填補空缺或增加現有 董事會席位而委任董事之所有事項。根據組 織章程細則,任何董事獲委任以填補空缺只 可任職至下一次股東大會或如屬增加現有董 事會席位只可任職直至下屆股東周年大會並 於其時有資格重選連任。各董事須最少每三 年輪值告退,並可根據組織章程細則有資格 重選連任。

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Nomina ion Commi ee (Continued)

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying suitably qualified candidates for appointment to the Board and making recommendations to the Board for its consideration. The process for selecting and recommending candidates for directorship includes the consideration of referrals and the engagement of external recruitment professionals. The selection criteria are based mainly on the assessment of the candidates' characters, professional qualifications and experience relevant to the Company's business.

The Nomination Committee is also responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board periodically, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and making recommendation to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of the Directors and succession planning for the Directors.

During Year 2021, two Nomination Committee meetings were held to review the Board structure and the diversity of Board members and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer. The attendance of the meetings of each member is set out below:

董事會(續)

提名委員會(續)

提名委員會須負責物色合適之合資格董事會 委任人選及向董事會作出推薦意見以供考 慮。甄選及推薦董事人選之程序包括考慮獲 引薦人士及委任專業人事顧問進行招聘。甄 選條件主要是考慮有關人選的品格、專業資 格及經驗是否適用於本集團業務。

提名委員會同時亦負責定期檢討董事會的架構、規模及組合(包括技能、知識及經驗),評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性以及向董事會就委聘及重聘董事及董事的繼任計劃作出建議。

於2021年度,提名委員會召開了兩次會議, 以檢討董事會架構及董事會成員多元化,並 就委任或重新委任董事或董事的繼任計劃(尤 其是本公司主席及行政總裁)向董事會提供建 議。各成員之出席情況載列如下:

N mbe of

Name of Di ec o	mee ing a ended/held	mee ing		
董事姓名	出席會議次數全部會議次數	出席率		
Chu Hing Tsung 朱慶凇	2/2	100%		
Zhang Lu 張璐	2/2	100%		
Hung Muk Ming 洪太明	2/2	100%		

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Di ec o ' and Office ' Liabili $\mbox{ In}_{_{\psi}}$ ance and Indemni

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors and officers in respect of legal actions against them.

Ing c ion and T aining

Each newly appointed Director, executive or non-executive, is provided with a Director's induction package to ensure that he has a proper understanding of his duties and responsibilities. The Director's induction package includes an overview of the Group's business operation and governance policies, the Director's responsibilities and duties, relevant regulatory requirements and briefing with the senior management of the Group.

Pursuant to the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During Year 2021, all Directors participated in apprs infons inti acontribution to the Boardevelop andeby walpuring Year

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued) 董事會(續)

Ind. c ion and T aining (Continued) 就職及培訓(續)

The training attended by the Directors during Year 2021 is **董事於**2021**年度進行的培訓概述如下**。

Su	mm	ıari	sed	be	low.

Name of Di ec o	董事姓名	T pe of aining (Note 1) 培訓方式(附註1)	T aining ma e (Note 2) 培訓事項(附註2)
E eg i e Di ec o	<i>執行董事</i>		
Chu Hing Tsung (redesignated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director with effect from 1 August 2021)		b	i, ii, iv
Luo Zhihai	羅智海	b	i, ii, iii, iv
Tang Lunfei (appointed with effect from 11 January 2021)	唐倫飛(於2021年1月11 日獲委任)	a, b	i, ii, iv
Wang Ping (appointed with effect from 1 August 2021)	王平(於2021年8月1日獲 委任)	a, b	i, ii, iv
Huang Jiajue (resigned with effect from 1 August 2021)	黃佳爵(於2021年8月1日 辭任)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Ma Yilin (resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)	馬懌林(於2021年1月11 日辭任)	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Non-e eç i e Di ec o	非執行董事		
Chen Zhiwei	陳志偉	b	i, ii, iii, iv
Independen non-e eç i e Di ec o	獨立非執行董事		
Liang Qing	梁青	b	i, ii, iii, iv
Zhang Lu	張璐	b	i, ii, iv
Hung Muk Ming	洪木明	b	i, ii, iii

Boa d of Di ec o (Continued)

Ind, c ion and T aining (Continued)

Note 1:

a: attending seminar or training session

b: reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business or Directors' duties and responsibilities, etc.

Note 2:

i: corporate governance

ii: regulatory

iii: finance and accounting

iv: managerial

The Company also received confirmation from the Company Secretary that he took no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during Year 2021.

董事會(續)

就職及培訓(續)

附註1:

a: 出席研討會及培訓課程

b: 閱讀與經濟、一般業務或董事職責及責任等 相關的報紙、雜誌及最新資料等

附註2:

i: 企業管治

ii: 監管

iii: 財務及會計

iv: 管理

本公司同時已取得公司秘書確認其於2021年 度內已進行不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

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Ri k Managemen and In e nal Con ol

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Company has effective risk management and control systems. The Board evaluates the effectiveness of the systems at least annually. A review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for Year 2021 was conducted.

Ri k Managemen and In e nal Con ol S em

The Company's risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage and mitigate risks, rather than eliminate risks, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Company has employed a bottom-up approach for the identification, assessment and mitigation of risks at business unit level and across functional areas.

Main Fea $_{\mathbf{q}}$ e of Ri k Managemen and In e nal Con ol S em

The key elements of the Company's risk management and internal control systems include the establishment of a risk register to track and document identified risks, the assessment and evaluation of risks, the development and continuous updating of responsive procedures, and the ongoing testing of internal control procedures to ensure their effectiveness

An ongoing risk assessment approach is adopted by the Company for identifying and assessing new risks. The identified risks will be recorded in the risk register which will be reviewed regularly. After considering the control measures against the risks identified, a risk matrix is adopted to determine the risk rating (L=low risk, M=medium risk, H=high risk) after evaluation of each risk identified by the likelihood and the impact of the risk event.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會在確保本公司推行有效的風險管理制度及內部監控制度方面肩負責任。董事會每年最少一次檢討該等系統的有效性。於2021年度,已就本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的成效作出檢討。

風險管理及內部監控系統

本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統並非著眼 於消除風險,而是要管理及緩解風險,並且 只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合 理而非絕對的保證。本公司採用了一個由上 而下的分析方法去識別、評估及減低風險。

風險管理及內部監控系統的主要功能

本公司的風險管理及內部監控制度主要元素 包括設立風險登記冊以追蹤及記錄所識別的 風險、評估及評測風險、發展及繼續更新對 應程序,以及持續測試內部控制系統以確保 行之有效程度。

本公司採用了一個持續性的風險評估方法以不斷識別新的風險。已辨識的風險會被記錄在定期檢討的風險登記冊中,在考慮已制定的風險控制措施後,本公司按已辨識的風險發生的可能性及其後果,根據風險矩陣釐定風險評級(低風險為「L」,中風險為「M」,高風險為「H」對每項已辦識風險進行評估。

Ri k Managemen and In e nal Con ol (Continued)

Poce U ed o Iden if, E al a e and Manage Significan Ri k

During the process of risk assessment, the risk owner of each of the departments of the Group and major subsidiaries of the Company is required to capture and identify the key inherent risks that affect the achievement of its objectives. Each inherent risk is evaluated according to the risk matrix. After taking into consideration the risk response, such as control measures in place to mitigate the risk, the residual risk of each inherent risk is evaluated again and categorised according to its risk level. The risk register with the risk responses and residual risks is reported to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee, acting on behalf of the Board, evaluates the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The residual risks in the highest category will be subject to the Board's oversight.

Poce U ed o Re ie he Effec i ene of he Ri k Managemen & In e nal Con ol S em and o Re ol e Ma e ial In e nal Con ol Defec

In view of the Company's business and scale of operations, and in order to adopt the most cost-effective method of conducting periodic reviews of the Company's internal controls, the Board has outsourced the internal audit function to an independent consulting firm ("Consulting Firm"). The Consulting Firm has conducted a review of the Company's risk management and internal control systems for Year 2021 according to the scope of review agreed and approved by the Audit Committee.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

用以辨認、評估及管理大重大風險的程序

於風險評估的程序中,本集團各部門及本公司主要附屬公司的風險負責人須及時捕捉及辨識影響其達到目標的主要固有風險。各固有風險乃根據風險模型進行評估。經考慮風險的應對方法後(如採取監控措施以減低過險)將再次評估各固有風險的剩餘風險,對方法及剩餘風險將會向審計委員會予以匯報。審計委員會(代表董事會)評估本公司風險的剩餘風險須受董事會監管。

用以檢討風險管理及內部監控系統有效性及 解決重大的內部監控缺失的程序

就本公司的業務及經營規模而言,及為就本公司內部監控進行定期檢討而採用最具成本效益的方法,董事會已將內部審核職能外判予一間獨立顧問公司(「顧問公司」)。顧問公司在2021年度已根據審核委員會同意及批准的檢討範圍對本公司風險管理及內部監控系統進行檢討。

Ri k Managemen and In e nal Con ol (Continued)

In ide Info ma ion

The Board is responsible for the handling and dissemination of inside information. In order to ensure that the market and Shareholders are fully and promptly informed about the material developments in the Group's business, the Board has adopted an inside information disclosure policy regarding the procedures of proper information disclosure. Release of inside information is subject to the approval of the Board. Unless duly authorised, all staff members of the Group shall not communicate inside information to any external parties and shall not respond to market speculation and rumours. In addition, all external presentation materials or publications must be pre-vetted before release.

Repo o A di Commi ee

The Consulting Firm reports directly to the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee is satisfied that there has been no major deficiency noted in the areas of the Company's risk management and internal control systems being reviewed after implementation of the measures recommended by the Consulting Firm to rectify the internal control defects reported by it. Accordingly, the Audit Committee and the Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group to be effective and adequate.

風險管理及內部監控(續)

內幕消息

董事會負責處理及發佈內幕消息。為確保市場及股東全面且從速獲知本集團業務的重大發展,董事會已採納有關進行適當的信息披露程序的內幕消息披露政策。刊發內幕消息披露政策。刊發內幕消息 很待董事會批准後,方可作實。除非得到正式授權,本集團所有員工不得向任何外部人生傳達內幕消息及不會回應市場忖測和傳言。此外,所有向外部提呈的材料或刊物須於刊發前預先審閱。

向審核委員會彙報

顧問公司直接向審核委員會匯報,而審核委員會認為在實施顧問公司建議的內部監控缺陷糾正措施後,本公司經檢討的風險管理及內部監控系統範圍並無出現重大缺陷。因此,審核委員會及董事會認為風險管理制度及內部監控系統完善有效。

Gene al Mee ing 股東大會

During Year 2021, the Company convened one general meeting which was the annual general meeting held on 10 June 2021. The attendance of each Director is set out below.

於2021年度內,本公司召開一次股東大會,即於2021年6月10日舉行之股東週年大會。 各董事出席情況載列如下。

	Gene al mee ing a 'ended/neid g' ing	
Name of Di ec o	he e m of office	A endance a e
董事姓名	任期內出席大會次數 全部大會次數	出席率

<u> </u>		ш/т-
E eç i e Di ec o 執行董事		
Chu Hing Tsung (redesignated from a non- executive Director to an executive Director		
with effect from 1 August 2021)		
朱慶凇 於2021年8月1日由非執行董事調任為執		
行董事及委任為行政總裁)	0/1	0%
Luo Zhihai	0/1	070
羅智海	1/1	100%
Tang Lunfei		10070
(appointed with effect from 11 January 2021)		
唐倫飛(於2021年1月11日獲委任)	1/1	100%
Wang Ping		
(appointed with effect from 1 August 2021)		
王平(於2021年8月1日獲委任)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Huang Jiajue		
(resigned with effect from 1 August 2021)		
黃佳爵(於2021年8月1日辭任)	1/1	100%
Ma Yilin		
(resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)		
馬懌林(於2021年1月11日辭任)	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Non-e eç i e Di ec o		
非執行董事		
Chen Zhiwei		
陳志偉	1/1	100%
Independen non-e eç i e Di ec o		
獨立非執行董事		
Liang Qing		
梁青	1/1	100%
Zhang Lu		
張璐	1/1	100%
Hung Muk Ming		
洪木明	1/1	100%

A dio' Rem, ne a ion

For Year 2021, the remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, for their audit and non-audit services provided, is set out as follows:

核數師酬金

於2021年度就其所提供之審計及非審計服務 已付 應付本公司核數師安永會計師事務所 之酬金載列如下:

Na, e of e ice	服務性質	Fee paid/pa able 已付 應付費用 HK\$ 港元
Audit services Non-audit services — Professional services in relation to a major	審計服務 非審計服務 — 有關重大交易之專業服務	7,400,000
transaction		350,000
Internal control services	— 內部監控服務	300,000
Total	總額	8,050,000

Rem ne a ion of Senio Managemen

The emoluments paid to senior management were amongst the emoluments paid to the five highest paid individuals of the Group and are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

The remuneration of the senior management of the Group by band for Year 2021 were as follows:

高級管理人員薪酬

支付予高級管理人員之酬金包括在本集團5名 最高薪人士之內並且已載列於綜合財務報表 附註9。

本集團的高級管理人員於2021年度的酬金等 級載列如下:

		No. of indi idj al 人數
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1

Di ec o 'Re pon ibili S a emen

The Board acknowledges its responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs, results and cash flow of the Group for that year in compliance with the relevant laws and disclosure requirements in the Listing Rules.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group for Year 2021, the Directors have (i) selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; (ii) adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; (iii) made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and (iv) prepared the consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis

As at 31 December 2021, notwithstanding that the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776 million, the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$1,843 million are due to be repayable within the next 12 months while its cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$117 million. In view of the above circumstances, the Directors have given careful consideration to the Group's future liquidity requirements, operating performance and available sources of financing in assessing the Group's ability to continue operating as a going concern. The following plans and measures are formulated to manage the working capital and improve the financial position of the Group:

- (i) the Group will continue to implement measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables;
- (ii) the Group will continue to take measures to expedite the disposal of nancial asset investments, including equity investments and non-performing assets portfolio; and
- (iii) the Group is actively negotiating with the holders of the convertible bonds for refinancing its convertible bonds due in 2022.

董事的責任聲明

董事會確認其對各財政年度所編製的本集團財務報表的責任,該等財務報表應遵從有關法律及上市規則的披露規定,真確地反映本集團於該年度的業務狀況、業績及現金流。

在編製2021年度之本集團綜合財務報表時, 董事(i)已選取合適的會計政策,並貫徹應用; (ii)採用適當的香港財務報告準則及香港會計 準則;(iii)作出審慎及合理的調整及估計;及 (iv)按持續經營基準編製財務報表。

於2021年12月31日,儘管本集團的淨流動資產為約1,776,000,000港元,本集團的計息銀行及其他貸款及可換股債券合共約為1,843,000,000港元,其須於未來12個月內償還,而其現金及銀行結餘約為117,000,000港元。鑒於上述情況,董事在評估本集團繼續持續經營的能力時,已仔細考慮本集團未來流動資金需求、經營業績及可用資金來源。為管理營運成本,改善本集團財務狀況,本公司已制定以下計劃及措施:

- (i) 本集團將繼續採取措施加快收回未償還 的應收貸款;
- (ii) 本集團將繼續採取措施加快處置金融資 產投資,包括股權投資及不良資產組 合;及
- (iii) 本集團正積極與可換股債券持有人協商,為其於2022年到期的可換股債券進行再融資。

Di ec o 'Re pon ibili S a emen (Continued)

Sha eholde 'Righ (Continued)

Poced e fo Di ec ing Sha eholde 'Eng i ie o he

Shareholders can raise enquiries to the Board. All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the registered office of the Company at Suite 4901, 49/F, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary.

P ing Fo a d P opo al a Ann al Gene al Mee ing

To put forward a resolution at an annual general meeting, Shareholders are requested to follow the requirements and procedures set out in Sections 615 and 616 of the Companies Ordinance.

Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance provides that the Company must give notice of a resolution if it has received requests that it do so from (A) the members of the Company representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all the members of the Company who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the requests relate; or (B) at least 50 members of the Company who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the requests relate. Such requests (a) may be sent to the Company in hard copy form (by depositing at the registered office of the Company at Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong for the attention of the Board) or in electronic form (by email: info@silvergrant.com.hk); (b) must identify the resolution of which notice is to be given: (c) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it; and (d) must be received by the Company not later than (i) 6 weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate; or (ii) if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting. Section 616 of the Companies Ordinance provides that the Company which is required under Section 615 of the Companies Ordinance to give notice of a resolution must send a copy of it at the Company's own expense to each member of the Company entitled to receive notice of the annual general meeting (1) in the same manner as the notice of the meeting; and (2) at the same time as, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, it gives notice of the meeting.

股東權利(續)

向董事會傳達股東查詢的程序

股東可向董事會作出查詢。所有查詢均須為書面形式,並以郵遞方式送達本公司註冊辦事處(地址為香港灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室),由公司秘書收啟。

於股東週年大會上提出議案

倘擬於股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案,股 東須依照公司條例第615條及616條進行。

公司條例第615條訂明,本公司如收到以下 股東之要求,要求發出某決議案之通知,則 須發出該通知(A)佔全體有權在該要求所關乎 之股東週年大會上,就該決議案投票之股東 之總投票權最少2.5%之本公司咫よ

Sha eholde 'Righ (Continued)

P opo ing Di ec o fo Elec ion a Gene al Mee ing

In respect of proposing a person for election as a Director at general meetings, please refer to the procedures available on the website of the Company at http://www.silvergrant.com.hk.

Con i, ional Dog men

During Year 2021, there was no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

Comm, nica ion i h Sha eholde

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in communicating with Shareholders and investors at large. In order to enhance the transparency of Shareholders' voting in a general meeting, separate resolutions are proposed at a general meeting on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors and all resolutions are voted on by poll. The Company will engage an external scrutineer to count the votes. The poll voting results will be published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange at a later time on the same business day. In addition, the requirement for resolutions to be voted by poll is stated in the circular or the annual report to be despatched to Shareholders. Moreover, the chairman of the meeting will explain to Shareholders the described procedures for conducting a poll before voting at each general meeting.

The Company has maintained a website at http://www.silvergrant.com.hk which enables Shareholders, investors and the general public to have open access to the information of the Company. Financial information and all corporate communications of the Company are made available on the Company's website and are updated regularly.

Shareholders who wish to raise any queries with the Board may write to the Company Secretary at Suite 4901, 49/F, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

股東權利(續)

在股東大會上建議候選董事

就擬在股東大會上建議候選本公司董事的人士而言,請參閱本公司網站 http://www.silvergrant.com.hk所載之程序。

憲章文件

於2021年度內,本公司的組織章程文件並無 變動。

與股東的溝通

本公司常設一個網站於 http://www.silvergrant.com.hk,以為股東、 投資者及公眾人士提供一個公開渠道取得本 公司之資料。本公司財務資料及所有與股東 之間的公司通訊均已上載於本公司網站,並 且會定期作出更新。

倘若股東需要向董事會提出查詢,可隨時致 函本公司公司秘書,地址為:香港灣仔港灣 道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室。

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DIRECTORS 'REPORT 董事會報告

The Board presents the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for Year 2021.

董事會謹提呈2021年度之年報及經審核綜合 財務報表。

P incipal Ac i i ie

The Company is an investment holding company. The subsidiaries of the Company are principally engaged in property leasing and investments. Details of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

Re_ I and App op ia ion

The results of the Group and appropriations of the Company for Year 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on pages 105.

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for Year 2021.

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司附屬公司的主要業務為從事物業租賃及投資。本公司各附屬公司的主要業務詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註1。

業績及分配

2021年度,本集團的業績及本公司的分配載於第105頁之綜合損益表。

董事會已通過決議,不建議派付2021年度末期股息。

DIRECTORS 'REPORT 董事會報告

B ine Re ie 業務審視

The business review of the Group for Year 2021 is set out 本集團2021年度的業務審視載列如下: below:

		Sec ion in he Ann, al Repo 載列於年報之部份	Page No. of he Ann al Repo 年報之頁數
a.	Fair view of the Company's business	Chairman's Statement	5
	對本公司業務的中肯審視	主席報告	
b.	Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing	Directors' Report	68
	the Company	董事會報告	
	對本公司面對的主要風險及不明朗因素的描述		
C.	Indication of likely future development in the Company's	Chairman's Statement	5
	business	主席報告	
	本公司業務相當可能有的未來發展的揭示		
d.	Analysis using financial key performance indicators	Financial Highlights	2
	運用財務關鍵表現指標進行的分析	財務摘要	
e.	Discussion on the Company's environmental policies and	Environmental, Social and	35
	performance	Governance	
	對本公司的環境政策及表現的探討	環境、社會及管治	
f.	An account of the Company's key relationships with its	Directors' Report	68
	employees, customers and suppliers and others that	董事會報告	
	have a significant impact on the Company and on which		
	the Company's success depends		
	本公司與其僱員、顧客及供應商的重要關係的說明以及本公		
	司與符合以下說明的其他人士的重要關係的說明:該人士		
	對本公司有重大影響,而該公司的興盛繫於該人士		
g.	Discussion on the Company's compliance with the relevant	Directors' Report	68
	laws and regulations that have a significant impact on	董事會報告	
	the Company		
	對本公司遵守對本公司有重大影響的有關法律及規例的情況		
	的探討		

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B, ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Save for (a) the date of the agreement; (b) the identity of the subscriber; (c) the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds to be subscribed; and (d) the inclusion of two additional conditions precedent to the completion of the JIC Subscription Agreement (namely, (i) Mr. Chu Hing Tsung ("Mr. Chu"), the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer, an executive Director and a substantial Shareholder (within the meaning of the Listing Rules), having executed and delivered to JIC the Guarantees (as defined below); and (ii) the Company shall have completed all of the obligations under the JIC Subscription Agreement required on or before the completion date, the principal terms of the JIC Subscription Agreement are substantially the same as to those of the Connected Subscription Agreements (as defined below).

On 20 May 2019, the Company also entered into a subscription agreement ("Connected Subscription Agreement", collectively the "Connected Subscription Agreements") with each of Regent Star International Limited ("Regent Star"), Mr. Gao Jian Min ("Mr. Gao"), Wonderful Sky Financial Group Holdings Limited ("Wonderful Sky"), Ms. Luk Ching Sanna ("Ms. Luk") and Excel Bright Capital Limited ("Excel Bright") (collectively the "Connected Subscribers", and each a "Connected Subscriber"), who were all connected persons (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) of the Company as at the date of the Connected Subscription Agreements, pursuant to which the Company conditionally agreed to issue, and each of the relevant Connected Subscribers conditionally agreed to subscribe for, the Convertible Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$950,000,000, at the Conversion Price ("Connected Subscriptions"). Mr. Chu has provided personal guarantees ("Guarantees") in favour of the relevant subscriber pursuant to the JIC Subscription Agreement and the Connected Subscription Agreements.

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

除(a)協議日期;(b)認購人身份;(c)將予認購可換股債券之本金額;及(d)新增兩項完成中國建投認購協議之先決條件(即(i)主席、行政總裁、執行董事及主要股東(定義見上市規則)朱慶凇先生(「朱先生」)簽立及向中國建投發出擔保(定義見下文);及(ii)本公司須於完成日期或之前完成中國建投認購協議項下全部所需責任)外,中國建投認購協議之主要條款在所有重大方面,均與關連認購協議(定義見下文)之主要條款相同。

於2019年5月20日,本公司亦與星耀國際有限公司(「星耀」)、高建民先生(「高先生」)、皓天財經集團控股有限公司(「皓天」)、陸晴女士(「陸女士」)及Excel Bright Capital Limited(「Excel Bright」)各自(統稱為「關連認購人」及各自稱為「關連認購人」(彼等於關連認購協議日期全為本公司關連人士(定義見上市規則))訂立認購協議」,據此,本公司有條件同意發行,且相關關連認購人有條件同意發行,且相關關連認購人有條件同意發行,且相關關連認購人有條件同意的可換股債券(「關連認購事項」)。朱先生已根據中國建投認購協議及關連認購協議以相關認購人為受益人提供個人擔保「擔保」)。

B, ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Completion of the JIC Subscription and the Connected Subscriptions took place on 3 July 2019. The gross proceeds from the issue of the Convertible Bonds were in the amount of HK\$1,150,000,000. The net proceeds from the issue of the Convertible Bonds, after deduction of all relevant costs and expenses, amounted to approximately HK\$1,147,000,000, among which (i) approximately HK\$500,000,000 would be used for repaying the Company's short-term debts; (ii) approximately HK\$400,000,000 would be used for expanding the Company's business to the financial investment and service industry, such as acquisition of and investment in distressed debts in the PRC; and (iii) approximately HK\$247,000,000 would be used as general working capital of the Company. As at the date of this annual report, the net proceeds have been fully utilised as intended.

P incipal e m of he Con e ible Bond

The issue price of the Convertible Bonds is 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds, which is HK\$1,150,000,000 in aggregate (among which a principal amount of HK\$200,000,000 was placed to JIC through the Placing; and the principal amount of HK\$450,000,000, HK\$200,000,000, HK\$100,000,000, HK\$100,000,000 and HK\$100,000,000 were subscribed for by Regent Star, Mr. Gao, Wonderful Sky, Ms. Luk and Excel Bright, respectively). The maturity date of the Convertible Bonds ("Maturity Date") was the date falling on the 36th month from the issue date of the Convertible Bonds. The Convertible Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7% per annum payable semi-annually from the issue date of the Convertible Bonds. Assuming there is no early redemption of the Convertible Bonds and all of the Convertible Bonds are redeemed only on the Maturity Date, the effective interest rate of the Convertible Bonds is approximately 12.0% per annum. The conversion period of the Convertible Bonds is from the issue date of the Convertible Bonds up to the close of business on a date which is five trading days prior to the Maturity Date.

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

中國建投認購事項及關連認購事項於2019年7月3日完成。來自發行可換股債券的所得款項總額為1,150,000,000港元。來自發行可換股債券的所得款項淨額經扣除所有相關成本及開支後約為1,147,000,000港元,其中(i)約500,000,000港元將用作償還本公司短期債務;(ii)約400,000,000港元將用作擴展本公司業務至金融投資及股務行業,如收購及投資於中國的不良債務;及(iii)約247,000,000港元將用作本公司一般營運資金。於本年報日期,所得款項淨額已按擬定用途悉數運用。

可換股債券之主要條款

可換股債券之發行價為可換股債券本金總 額之100%,合共1,150,000,000港元(其中 本金額200,000,000港元透過配售事項配售 予中國建投:而本金額450,000,000港元、 200,000,000港 元、100,000,000港 元、 100,000,000港 元 及100,000,000港 元 則 分 別獲星耀、高先生、皓天、陸女士及Excel Bright認購)。可換股債券之到期日(「到期 日」)為可換股債券發行日期起計第36個月當 日。可換股債券按年利率7釐計息,自可換股 債券發行日起每半年支付一次。可換股債券 自可換股債券發行日期起按年利率7%計息, 且每半年付息。假設並無提早贖回可換股債 券,且所有可換股債券僅於到期日贖回,則 可換股債券之實際年利率約為12.0%。可換 股債券之兌換期自可換股債券發行日期起至 到期日前五個交易日收市為止。

B ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

P incipal e m of he Con e ible Bond (Continued)

The Conversion Price of HK\$2.33 per Conversion Share represents (i) a premium of approximately 39% to the closing price of HK\$1.68 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 20 May 2019, being the date of the Placing Agreement and the Connected Subscription Agreements; and (ii) a premium of approximately 40% to the average closing price of HK\$1.66 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange for the last five consecutive trading days prior to the date of the Placing Agreement and the Connected Subscription Agreements.

A bondholder of the Convertible bonds can only exercise his/her/its conversion rights on the conditions that (i) no obligation will arise on the bondholder to make a general offer to the Shareholders for all securities of the Company under Rule 26 of the Code on Takeovers and Mergers upon exercising of the conversion rights; and (ii) no Listing Rules, including the minimum public float requirements of the Company under Listing Rules, will be breached as a result of an exercise of the conversion rights.

Unless previously redeemed, converted, purchased or cancelled, the Company will redeem all of the Convertible Bonds on the Maturity Date at such amount equivalent to 116.5% of the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds (inclusive of interests received up to the Maturity Date).

The Convertible Bonds constitute direct, unsubordinated, unconditional and unsecured obligations of the Company and shall at all times rank pari passu and without any preference or priority among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future direct, unsubordinated, unconditional and unsecured obligations of the Company.

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

可換股債券之主要條款(續)

每股兌換股份2.33港元之兌換價較(i)於2019年5月20日(即配售協議及關連認購協議日期)聯交所所報收市價每股股份1.68港元溢價約39%;及(ii)於配售協議及關連認購協議日期前最後五個連續交易日聯交所所報平均收市價每股股份1.66港元溢價約40%。

可換股債券持有人僅能於以下條件下行使其 兌換權:(i)債券持有人在行使兌換權後將不 會引起公司收購及合併守則規則26項下就 本公司之所有證券向股東提出全面要約之責 任;及(ii)行使兌換權將不會違反任何上市規 則,包括上市規則項下本公司之最低公眾持 股量之規定。

除非已於先前贖回、轉換、購買或註銷,本公司將於到期日按相當於尚未償付可換股債券本金額之116.5%之金額贖回所有可換股債券,包括截至到期日所收取之利息。

可換股債券構成本公司直接、非後償、無條件及無抵押之責任,且彼此之間於任何時間應一直享有同等地位,並無任何優先次序或優惠,及與本公司所有其他現有及未來直接、非後償、無條件及無抵押之責任享有同等地位。

B ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Dij i e impac of he con e ion of he Con e ible Bond

As at the date of this annual report, none of the Convertible Bonds has been converted.

Assuming there is full conversion of the Convertible Bonds at the Conversion Price of HK\$2.33 per Share, the net subscription price for each Conversion Share is approximately HK\$2.32 per Share and an aggregate of 493,562,227 Shares shall be allotted and issued (among which 85,836,909 Shares will be issued under the Placing and 407,725,318 Shares will be issued under the Connected Subscriptions), representing approximately 21.4% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report and approximately 17.6% of the total number of Shares in issue as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares (assuming no other change in the issued share capital of the Company). Such allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares will result in the respective shareholdings of the Shareholders being diluted by approximately 17.6%.

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響

於本年報日期,概無可換股債券獲兌換。

假設可換股債券按兌換價每股股份2.33港元 悉數轉換,每股兌換股份的淨認購價約為每 股股份2.32港元,及合共493,562,227股股 份將予配發及發行(其中85,836,909股股份 將根據配售事項發行,而407,725,318股股 份將根據關連認購事項發行),佔於本年報日 期已發行股份總數約21.4%,及經配發及發 行兌換股份擴大後已發行股份總數約17.6% (假設本公司已發行股本並無其他變動)。該 兌換股份之配發及發行將導致股東各自的股 權被攤薄約17.6%。

B ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Dill i e impac of he con e ion of he Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Set out below is the dilution effect on the equity interest of the substantial Shareholders (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) if there had been full conversion of the outstanding Convertible Bonds as at 31 December 2021:

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響(續)

以下載列倘於2021年12月31日已全數轉換未 償付可換股債券,對主要股東(定義見上市規 則)權益產生的攤薄影響:

							Upon f II coi	n e ion of he
			Upon f II co	n e ion of he	Upon f. II co	n e ion of he	Con e ible B	ond nde he
			Con e ible E	ond nde he	Con e ible B	ond nde he	Placing and	he Connec ed
Name of Sha eholde	A a 31 De	ecembe 2021	Pla	acing	Connec ed	S b c ip ion	Ş b c	ip ion
			根據四	尼售事 項	根據關道	· 車認購事項	根據配售事項	及關連認購事項
股東名稱	於 2021 ^经	₹12月31日	全面兌換る	可換股債券後	全面兌換	可換股債券後	全面兌換可	丁換股債券後
		App o ima e		App o ima e		App o ima e		App o ima e
	N mbe of	pe cen age of	N mbe of	pe cen age of	N mbe of	pe cen age of	N mbe of	pe cen age of
	Sha e held	ha eholding	Sha e held	ha eholding	Sha e held	ha eholding	Sha e held	ha eholding
		概約持股		概約持股		概約持股		概約持股
	所持股份數目	百分比	所持股份數目	百分比	所持股份數目	百分比	所持股份數目	百分比
Zhuguang Holdings								
珠光控股	681,240,022	29.56%	681,240,022	28.5%	681,240,022	25.1%	681,240,022	24.3%
Regent Star								
星耀	438,056,000	19.01%	438,056,000	18.3%	631,189,047	23.3%	631,189,047	22.6%

Note: Zhuguang Holdings owns 681,240,022 Shares through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Splendid Reach Limited. Zhuguang Holdings is owned as to 66.85% by Rong De Investments Limited, and Mr. Chu, the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer and an executive Director, holds 34.06% equity interest in Rong De Investments Limited.

附註: 珠光控股通過其全資擁有附屬公司 Splendid Reach Limited擁有681,240,022 股股份。珠光控股由融德投資有限公司擁 有66.85%股權,而主席、行政總裁兼執 行董事朱先生於融德投資有限公司中持有 34.06%的股本權益。

ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Dil i e impac of he con e ion of he Con e ible **Bond** (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had total net assets of approximately HK\$5,718,233,000 and total net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776,269,000. Taking into consideration that the Group has formulated plans and measures to manage its working capital and improve its financial position, including measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables and to expedite the disposal of financial asset investments (including equity investments and non-performing assets portfolio), and active negotiation with the holders of the Convertible Bonds for refinancing the Convertible Bonds, the Company expects that it will be able to meet its redemption obligations under the Convertible Bonds.

An analysis of the Company's share price at which it would be equally financially advantageous for the holders of the Convertible Bonds to convert or redeem the Convertible Bonds based on their implied internal rate of return on the Maturity Date is set out below:

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團淨資產總額約 5,718,233,000港元,淨流動資產總額約 1,776,269,000港元。經考慮本集團已制定管 理營運資金及改善財務狀況的計劃及措施(包 括加快收回未償還的應收貸款及加快處置金 融資產投資(包括股權投資及不良資產組合) 的措施),並與可換股債券持有人積極協商, 為可換股債券進行再融資,本公司預期將有 能力應付可換股債券項下之贖回責任。

根據日後若干日期之可換股債券的隱含內部 回報率,可換股債券之持有人轉換及贖回可 換股債券將具有同等財務優勢之情況之本公 司股價分析載列如下:

> Sha e p ice 股價 (HK\$) (港元)

3 July 2022 (i.e. the Maturity Date, on 2022年7月3日(即到期日,除非已於先 which the Company will redeem all of the Convertible Bonds at such amount equivalent to 116.5% of the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds, inclusive of interests received up to the Maturity Date, unless any of such Convertible Bonds have already been previously redeemed, converted, purchased or cancelled)

前贖回、轉換、購買或註銷,本公司 將於當日按相當於尚未行使可換股債 券本金額(包括截至到期日止收取之利 息)之116.5%之金額贖回全部可換股 債券)

2.796 per Share 每股2.796

B. ine Re ie (Continued)

I _ e of Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Dill i e impac of he con e ion of he Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Details of the Placing, the JIC Subscription and the Connected Subscriptions are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 20 May 2019, 22 May 2019 and 27 June 2019, and the circular of the Company dated 10 June 2019.

Compliance i h la and eg la ion

The Company was incorporated in Hong Kong with its shares listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The Company's subsidiaries were incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC and through certain property investments in Hong Kong.

The Group's principal business activities are property leasing and investments in the PRC and Hong Kong which are highly regulated businesses. To engage in investments (both in the PRC and Hong Kong) and financial services, the Group must obtain relevant permits from government authorities before the commencement of the business. Set out below is a summary of certain aspects of the PRC and Hong Kong legal and regulatory provisions relating to the Group's operations and business:

- Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong);
- 私募投資基金監督管理暫行辦法 (Interim Measures for the Supervision and Administration of Privately Offered Investment Funds*); and
- 私募投資基金募集行為管理辦法 (Measures for the Administration of the Fundraising of Privately Offered Investment Funds*).

業務審視(續)

發行可換股債券(續)

轉換可換股債券的攤薄影響(續)

有關配售事項、中國建投認購事項及關連認 購事項的詳情載於本公司日期為2019年5月 20日、2019年5月22日及2019年6月27日的 公告及本公司日期為2019年6月10日的通函。

法律與規例的遵守

本公司於香港註冊成立,其股份於聯交所主板上市。本公司之附屬公司於英屬處女群島、香港及中國註冊成立。本集團之營運主要由本公司之中國附屬公司及香港若干物業投資公司從事。

本集團的主要業務為從事於香港及中國之物 業租賃及投資,業務受高度監管。為從事中 國及香港的投資及金融服務,本集團須於開 展業務前向政府機關取得相關許可證。有關 本集團營運及業務的若干中國及香港法律及 監管規定的概要載列如下:

香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例;

私募投資基金監督管理暫行辦法;及

私募投資基金募集行為管理辦法。

*英文名稱僅供識別

^{*} English name is translated for identification purpose only

B, ine Re ie (Continued)

Compliance i h la and eg la ion (Continued)

If there is any non-compliance with the above rules and regulations, it will affect the Group's operations, development and financial performance. During Year 2021, the Group complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong, the British Virgin Islands and the PRC that have a significant impact on the Group.

Ke Rik Fac o

The following paragraphs list out the key risks and uncertainties facing the Group. It is a non-exhaustive list and there may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to the key risk areas outlined below. Besides, this annual report does not constitute a recommendation or an advice for anyone to invest in the securities of the Company and investors are advised to make their own judgment or consult their own investment advisors before making any investment in the securities of the Company.

Ope a ional Ri k

The Group's operation is subject to a number of risk factors distinctive to direct investment, property investment and property related businesses. Default on the part of the Group's buyers, tenants and strategic business partners, and inadequacies or failures of internal processes, people and systems or other external factors may have various levels of negative impact on the Group's results of operations. Additionally, accidents may happen despite systems and policies set up for their prevention, which may lead to financial loss, litigation or damage in reputation.

Polic Ri k

The Group's principal operating activities are in the mainland China. The mainland market operates a system of planned economy. New laws and regulations are launched from time to time to regulate and/or promote economic activities. The enactment of any new regulatory policies may have various levels of negative impact on the Group's results of operations.

業務審視(續)

法律與規例的遵守(續)

不遵守任何以上的規則及規例將影響本集團 之經營、發展及財務表現。於2021年度,本 集團遵守香港、英屬處女群島及中國對本集 團有重大影響的所有相關法律及規例。

主要風險因素

以下列出本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素。此處未能詳錄所有因素;除下列主要範疇外,亦可能存在其他風險及不明朗因素。此外,本年報不對任何人就投資本公司證券作出任何建議或意見。投資者在投資本公司證券之前,應自行判斷或徵詢其投資顧問的意見。

營運風險

本集團的營運受到直接投資、地產投資及地 產相關業務多種特有的風險因素所影響。來 自本集團的買家、租戶及策略性業務夥伴的 失責行為、內部流程、人為及系統性不足或 失誤,或其他外圍因素對本集團的營運可能 構成不同程度的負面影響。另外,即使本集 團已制定了防範意外的系統和政策,意外仍 然可能發生,因而引致財政損失、訴訟或聲 譽受損。

政策風險

本集團主要於中國內地從事經營活動。內地市場採用計劃經濟系統。新的法律及規則將不時推出作為調節及 或鼓勵經濟活動。新出台任何新的規劃政策將可能會對本集團的營運業績帶來不同程度負面影響。

Ke Ri k Fac o (Continued)

主要風險因素

Pa Pe fo mance and Fo a d Looking S a emen

The performance and the results of operation of the Group as set out in this annual report are historical in nature and past performance is not a guarantee of future performance. This annual report may contain forward-looking statements and opinions that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may also differ materially from expectations discussed in such forward-looking statements and opinions. Neither the Group nor the Directors, employees or agents of the Group assume any obligations or liabilities in the event that any of the forward-looking statements or opinions does not materialise or turns out to be incorrect.

Fi ed A e

The Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued at 31 December 2021. The surplus on revaluation of the leasehold land and buildings of approximately HK\$12,632,000 has been credited to the asset revaluation reserve.

The Group revalued all of its investment properties at 31 December 2021. The net increase in fair value of investment properties, which has been credited directly to the consolidated statement of profit or loss, amounted to approximately HK\$31,814,000.

Details of the valuation and movements of the investment properties and property, plant and equipment of the Group during Year 2021 are set out in Notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

Details of the major investment properties of the Group at 31 December 2021 are set out in the section under "Summary of Investment Properties" of this annual report.

Cha i able Dona ion

No material donation was made to charitable organisations by the Group during Year 2021.

Sha e Capi al

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during Year 2021 are set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

Di ib, able Re e e of he Compan

The Company's reserves available for distribution to Shareholders as at 31 December 2021 comprised the retained profits of approximately HK\$289,744,000.

Eq. i Linked Ag eemen

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Issue of Convertible Bonds" above, no equity linked agreements were entered into by the Group during Year 2021 or subsisted at the end of Year 2021.

Di ec o

The Directors during Year 2021 and up to the date of this annual report are:

E eç, i e Di ec o

Chu Hing Tsung

(redesignated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director and appointed as Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 August 2021)

Luo Zhihai

Tang Lunfei (appointed with effect from 11 January 2021) Wang Ping (appointed with effect from 1 August 2021) Huang Jiajue *(Chief Executive Officer)* (resigned with effect from 1 August 2021)

Ma Yilin (resigned with effect from 11 January 2021)

慈善捐款

本集團於2021年度期間對慈善機構沒有作出 重大之捐款。

股本

本公司股本於2021年度內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

本公司的可供分派儲備

本公司於2021年12月31日的可供分派予股東 之儲備包括保留溢利約289,744,000港元。

股票掛鈎協議

除上文「發行可換股債券」一節中所披露者外,本集團於2021年度終結日或2021年度內任何時間概無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議。

董事

2021年度內及截至本年報刊發日期當日之董 事如下:

執行董事

朱慶凇

(於2021年8月1日調任為 8 1日調 執行董事及委任為行政總裁)齈顐檚韙 顐贆韗刮鱲爃多

Di ec o (Continued)

Non-e eç i e Di ec o

Chen Zhiwei

Independen non-e eç i e Di ec o

Liang Qing Zhang Lu Hung Muk Ming

Each Director has been appointed for a specific term, and is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, Mr. Luo Zhihai, Mr. Liang Qing and Mr. Zhang Lu shall retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting, and they, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection. The remaining Directors shall remain in office.

Di ec o of Ş b idia ie

Other than the Directors named in the section headed "Directors", the persons who have served on the respective boards of directors of the subsidiaries of the Company during Year 2021 and up to the date of this annual report included Mr. Huang Jiajue, Mr. Luo Zhihai, Mr. Wang Ping, Mr. Tang Junhong, Mr. Chen Yongcun and Mr. Ng Hoi Leung Leo.

董事(續)

非執行董事

陳志偉

獨立非執行董事

梁青

張璐

洪木明

每位董事均有指定任期,並按照組織章程細 則輪值告退及重選。

按照本公司組織章程細則之條文,羅智海先生、梁青先生及張璐先生均須於應屆股東週年大會上輪值告退,而彼等均符合資格並將尋求膺選連任。其餘董事將會繼續留任。

附屬公司之董事

除於「董事」一節所提及的董事姓名外,2021年度內及截至本年報刊發日期當日擔任本公司各個附屬公司董事的人士包括黃佳爵先生、羅智海先生、王平先生、湯俊宏先生、陳永存先生及吳海良先生。

Di ec o 'Se ice Con ac

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

Change in Info ma ion of Di ec o

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, there were changes in the information required to be disclosed in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules in the course of the Directors' term of office.

Mr. Hung Muk Ming, an independent non-executive Director, resigned as an independent non-executive director of Century Sage Scientific Holdings Limited, a company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (Stock code: 1450) with effect from 29 September 2021.

With effect from 24 March 2022, Mr. Chen Zhiwei, a non-executive Director, resigned as a non-executive director of Modern Land; and Mr. Tang, Lunfei, an executive Director, was appointed as a non-executive director of Modern Land.

Save as the aforesaid, the Company has not been advised by the Directors of any change in the information required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules since its last update to the Shareholders.

董事之服務合約

於即將舉行之股東週年大會膺選連任之董事概無與本集團訂立於一年之內不作出賠償(法定賠償除外)則不可終止之服務合約。

董事資料之變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事在任期間 資料有變,須根據上市規則第13.51(2)條(a) 至(e)及(q)段予以披露。

自2021年9月29日起,獨立非執行董事洪木明先生已辭任世紀睿科控股有限公司(一間其股份於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號:1450)的獨立非執行董事。

自2022年3月24日起,非執行董事陳志偉先生已辭任當代置業之非執行董事;而執行董事唐倫飛先生獲委任為當代置業之非執行董事。

除上述者外,本公司未獲董事告知自其上一次向股東發佈最新消息後有任何資料變動須根據上市規則第13.51(2)條(a)至(e)及(g)段予以披露。

A angemen o P cha e Sha e o Deben e

At no time during Year 2021 or at the end of Year 2021 was the Company, its parent company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and neither the Directors nor the chief executive of the Company nor any of their spouse or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

Di ec o 'In e e in T an ac ion , A angemen o Con ac of Significance

Other than as disclosed in the sections headed "Issue of Senior Note" and "Issue of Convertible Bonds" above, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its parent company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of Year 2021 or at any time during Year 2021.

Managemen Con ac

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any part of the Company's business were entered into during Year 2021 or subsisted at the end of Year 2021.

Pe mi ed Indemni P o i ion

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, subject to the statutes, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereon. The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors and officers in respect of legal actions against them during Year 2021 and such permitted indemnity provision is still in force as at the date of this annual report.

購買股份或債權證的安排

除於上文「發行可換股債券」一節所披露者外,本公司、其母公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無於2021年度內的任何時間或於2021年度末以訂約一方身分訂立任何安排以促使董事可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人實體的股份或債權證以得益,及亦無董事或本公司行政總裁或任何彼等配偶或十八歲以下子女,擁有任何權利可認購本公司證券或曾行使任何該等權利。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約的利益

除於上文「發行優先票據」及「發行可換股債券」兩節所披露者外,本公司、其母公司或 其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司於2021年度 末或於2021年度內任何時間,概無以訂約一 方身分訂立任何董事或其關連實體於其中擁 有(不論是直接或間接的)重大利益的重大交易、安排或合約。

管理合約

在2021年度內或於2021年度末,除僱員聘任 合約外,本公司並無就全盤業務或其中任何 重要部份簽訂或存有管理及行政合約。

獲准許之彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,每名董事均有權就所有 在執行其職位或與此有關之職責時蒙受或招 致或與之有關之損失或法律責任,獲得本公 司從其資產中賠償。在2021年度內,本公司 已安排適當責任保險以就針對董事及管理人 員的法律訴訟向彼等作出彌償保證,而該獲 准許之彌償條文於本年報日期仍然生效。

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As at 31 December 2021, save as disclosed below, so far as it is known to the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, no persons other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company, had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company or the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO and were recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO:

Long po i ion in he Sha e :

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權 益及淡倉

於2021年12月31日,除下文披露者外,就本公司董事或最高行政人員所知,概無人士(不包括本公司董事或最高行政人員)擁有股份及相關股份之任何權益或淡倉而根據證券及期貨條例第XV部規定須向本公司或聯交所披露及須載錄於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定備存的登記冊中:

股份之好倉:

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		N mbe of	i 🧋 ed Sha e	
		Sha e	(Note 1)	
		in e e ed	約佔已發行	
Name of , b an ial Sha eholde	Capaci	擁有權益之	股份之百分比	
主要股東名稱	身份	股份數目 ————————————————————————————————————	<i>(附註1)</i> ————	
China Cinda Asset Management Co., Ltd. (*China Cinda*)	Interest of controlled corporations (Note 2)	438,056,000	19.01%	
中國信達資產管理股份有限公司(「中國信達」)	受控制法團權益(附註2)			
China Cinda (HK) Holdings Company Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	438,056,000	19.01%	
(*Cinda HK") 中國信達(香港)控股有限公司(「信達香港」)	(Note 2) 受控制法團權益(附註2)			
Regent Star International Limited	Beneficial Owner (Note 2)	438,056,000	19.01%	
("Regent Star")	實益擁有人(附註2)			
星耀國際有限公司(「星耀」)				
Liao Tengjia	Interest of controlled corporations (Note 3)	681,240,022	29.56%	
廖騰佳	受控制法團權益(附註3)			
Rong De	Interest of controlled corporations (Note 3)	681,240,022	29.56%	
融德	受控制法團權益(附註3)			
Zhuguang Holdings	Interest of a controlled corporation (Note 3)	681,240,022	29.56%	
珠光控股	受控制法團權益(附註3)			
Splendid Reach	Beneficial owner (<i>Note 3</i>)	681,240,022	29.56%	
	實益擁有人(附註3)			

Solution in he Sha e and Unde I ing Sha e of he Compan (Continued)

Notes:

- The total number of issued Shares as at 31 December 2021 (i.e. 2,304,849,611 Shares) has been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage of shareholdings in the Company.
- China Cinda directly holds 100% of the issued shares of Cinda HK, which in turn holds 100% of the issued shares of Regent Star, the beneficial owner of such 438,056,000 Shares. Therefore, China Cinda and Cinda HK are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Regent Star pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. Mr. Liao Tengjia directly holds 36% of the issued shares of Rong De, which in turn holds 66.85% of the issued shares of Zhuguang Holdings, which in turn holds 100% of the issued shares of Splendid Reach, the beneficial owner of such 438,056,000 Shares. Therefore, Mr. Liao Tengjia, Rong De and Zhuguang Holdings are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Splendid Reach pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.

Long po i ion in he, nde I ing Sha e

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- 1. 於2021年12月31日之已發行股份總數(即 2,304,849,611股)已用作計算本公司之持股 概約百分比。
- 2. 中國信達直接持有信達香港100%已發行股份,而信達香港持有星耀100%已發行股份,星耀為該438,056,000股股份的實益擁有人。因此,中國信達及信達香港根據證券及期貨條例第XV部被視為於星耀所持有的股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 廖鵬佳先生直接持有融德36%之已發行股份,而融德持有珠光控股66.85%已發行股份,而珠光控股持有Splendid Reach 100%已發行股份。因此,廖騰佳先生、融德及珠光控股根據證券及期貨條例第XV部被視為於Splendid Reach所持有的股份中擁有權益。

相關股份之好倉

			App o ima e
		N mbe of	pe cen age of
		, nde I ing	i 🦼 ed Sha e
		Sha e	(Note 1)
		in e e ed	約佔已發行 股份之百分比
Name of _ b an ial Sha eholde	Capaci	擁有權益之	
主要股東名稱	身份	相關股份數目	<i>(附註1)</i> ————
China Cinda	Interest of controlled corporations (<i>Note 2</i>)	193,133,047 (<i>Note 3</i>)	8.38%
中國信達	受控制法團權益(附註2)	(附註3)	
Cinda HK	Interest of a controlled corporation (Note 2)	193,133,047 (<i>Note 3</i>)	8.38%
信達香港	受控制法團權益(附註2)	(附註3)	
Regent Star	Beneficial owner (<i>Note 2</i>)	193,133,047 (<i>Note 3</i>)	8.38%
星耀	實益擁有人(附註2)	<i>(附註3)</i>	

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Solution in he Sha e and Unde I ing Sha e of he Compan (Continued)

Notes:

- The total number of the issued Shares as at 31 December 2021 (i.e. 2,304,849,611 Shares) has been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage of shareholdings in the Company.
- 2. China Cinda directly holds 100% of the issued shares of Cinda HK, which in turn holds 100% of the issued shares of Regent Star, the beneficial owner of such 193,133,047 underlying Shares. Therefore, China Cinda and Cinda HK are deemed to be interested in the underlying Shares held by Regent Star pursuant to Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. These represent unlisted physically settled derivatives of the Company.

Ann al Confi ma ion of Independence

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

Connec ed T an ac ion

There were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company that were not exempt from the annual reporting requirement in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during Year 2021 and the related party transactions as set out in note 35(a) to the consolidated financial statements did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

B. -Back, Sale o Redemp ion of Li ed Sec i ie

During Year 2021, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries bought back, sold or redeemed any of its listed securities.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉(續)

附註:

- 於2021年12月31日之已發行股份總數(即 2,304,849,611股)已用作計算本公司之持股 概約百分比。
- 2. 中國信達直接持有信達香港100%已發行股份,而後者則持有該193,133,047股相關股份之實益擁有人星耀100%已發行股份。因此,根據證券及期貨條例第XV部,中國信達及信達香港視作於星耀所持相關股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 其指本公司非上市實物交收衍生工具。

獨立性的年度確認

本公司已取得各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條項下就其獨立性所作出的年度確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立的。

關連交易

本公司於2021年度內並無其他關連交易或持續關連交易,毋須豁免遵守上市規則第14A章的年度申報規定以及綜合財務報表附註35(a)所載列的關聯方交易不構成上市規則第14A章項下的關聯交易或持續關連交易。董事確認,本公司已根據上市規則第14A章遵守披露規定。

回購、出售或贖回上市證券

2021年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無回購、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

Emol men Polic

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee and is based on their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market practices.

S, fficienc of P, blic Floa

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, during Year 2021 and up to the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

Majo C ome and S pplie

The Group's revenue for Year 2021 comprised rental income from the leasing of properties and dividend income from listed and unlisted securities.

The accumulated amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers during Year 2021 was less than 30% of the Group's total revenue for Year 2021.

The Group had no supplier during Year 2021 due to the nature of its principal business activities.

During Year 2021, none of the Directors or any of their close associates (within the meaning of the Listing Rules) or any of the Shareholders who, to the knowledge of the Board, owned more than 5% of the Shares had interest in any of the Group's five largest customers.

酬金政策

本集團僱員的酬金政策乃由薪酬委員會按僱 員的功績、資歷及能力制定。

董事的酬金乃由薪酬委員會經考慮本公司的 經營業績、個人表現及可供比較的市場慣例 後釐定。

公眾持股量的充足性

根據本公司取得的公開資料及就董事所知悉,於2021年度及截至本報告日期,本公司維持足夠的公眾持股量,根據上市規則規定不少於本公司的已發行股份之25%。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團於2021年度的收入包含出租物業之租 金收入及上市及非上市證券之股息收入。

2021年度內,本集團於五大客戶和最大客戶 的累積收入佔本集團於2021年度之收入總額 不足30%。

由於本集團的主要業務性質使然,其於2021 年度內並無供應商。

2021年度內,本公司之董事、其緊密聯繫人 (定義見上市規則)或任何股東(據董事會所知 擁有5%以上股份者),並沒有擁有本集團任 何五大客戶的權益。

Ke Rela ion hip i h Emplo ee, Ç, ome and Ş, pplie

The Group recognises its employees as one of the significant assets of the Group. The Group aims to continue establishing a caring environment for its employees which emphasises the personal development of its employees. The Group organises various social and recreational activities, including annual dinner and birthday parties, to strengthen the bonding among its employees and promote their sense of belonging. During Year 2021, there was no material non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group relating to the compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare with respect to its employees.

The Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationships with its tenants in relation to its property leasing business by continuous interaction with them and being responsive to their demands. The Group has also established procedures for handling the complaints from its tenants to ensure the complaints are dealt with in a prompt and timely manner. Because of its business nature, the Group does not rely on any major tenants and no credit terms are granted to them

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme. Where employees leave the scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer's contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions cannot be used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之間的重要關係

本集團確認其僱員為本集團重要資產之一。 本集團以持續為僱員建立一個關愛環境為目標,着重僱員的個人發展。本集團舉辦各類 社交及康樂活動,包括年度晚宴及生日會,以加強僱員之間的聯誼及僱員的增加歸屬。於2021年度,本集團並無嚴重違反有關僱員薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利等對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及規例。

就物業租賃業務而言,本集團明白透過持續 與租戶互動及回應需求與租戶保持良好關係 的重要性。本集團亦制定處理租戶投訴的程 序以確保投訴得以及時處理。因本集團業務 性質,本集團並無依賴任何主要租戶,亦無 授予彼等信用期。

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例(香港法例第485章)為符合資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之僱員推行定額供款強積金計劃。供款乃根據僱員基本薪金之指定百分比計算,並於根據強積金計劃規應付時自損益扣除。本集團之僱主供款將於向強積金計劃作出時全數撥歸僱員所有。倘僱員在僱員供款全額歸屬之前退出該計劃,則沒收的供款額不可用於扣減本集團應支付的供款。

Ke Rela ion hip i h Emplo ee , Ç, ome and Ş, pplie (Continued)

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "Pension Scheme") operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentages of their payroll costs to the Pension Scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Pension Scheme is to pay the ongoing contributions under the Pension Scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable by the Group in future years.

The Group is also dedicated to developing good relationships with its suppliers and business partners to ensure the stability of it business. The Group reinforces the business relationships with its suppliers and business partners by ongoing communication with them in a proactive and effective manner so as to ensure the timely delivery of services to the Group and a wide range of potential investments will be available to the Group at all times.

與僱員、客戶及供應商之間的重要關係 (續)

本公司於中國內地營運的附屬公司的僱員均 須參與由當地市政府設立的統一退休金計劃 (「退休金計劃」)。該等附屬公司須向退休金 計劃作出佔其薪金成本若干比例的供款。本 集團就退休金計劃的唯一責任乃根據退休金 計劃持續支付供款。供款於根據退休金計劃 規則應付時自損益扣除。沒有被沒收的供款 額可用作扣減本集團日後應支付的供款。

本集團亦致力與其供應商及商業夥伴培養良好關係以確保其業務之穩定性。本集團透過積極及有效的持續溝通加強與其供應商及商業夥伴的商業關係,以確保及時向本集團提供服務及使本集團可在任何時候得到各式各樣之潛在投資來源。

Annual Report 2021 二零二一年年報 コープログラス コー

A di o

Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu has resigned as an auditor of the Company with effect from 6 February 2020. Messrs. Ernst & Young has been appointed as the new auditor of the Company by the Board with effect from 6 February 2020 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

A resolution will be submitted to the Annual General Meeting to re-appoint Messrs. Ernst & Young as auditor of the Company.

核數師

德勤·關黃陳方會計師事務所已辭任本公司 核數師,自2020年2月6日起生效。安永會計 師事務所已獲董事會委任為本公司新任核數 師,以填補德勤·關黃陳方會計師行辭任後 之臨時空缺,自2020年2月6日起生效。

有關續聘安永會計師事務所為本公司核數師 之決議案將於股東週年大會提呈。

On behalf of the Board

Ch Hing T ng

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 21 April 2022

代表董事會 主席、行政總裁及執行董事 朱慶凇

香港,2022年4月21日



To he membe of

Sil e G an In e na ional Holding G o, p Limi ed (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 105 to 257, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致 銀建國際控股集團有限公司列位股東 (於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第 105頁至第257頁的銀建國際控股集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於 2021年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表及於截 至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以 及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概 要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映 貴集團於2021年12月31日之綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度其綜合財務表現及其綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例妥為擬備。

Ba i fo opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Ma e ial, nce ain ela ed o going conce n

We draw attention to Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements which indicates notwithstanding that the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776 million as at 31 December 2021, there are identified events or conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty related to going concern, when considering that the Group's current portion of interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds amounted to approximately HK\$1,843 million in aggregate while its cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$117 million. This, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》、「香港審計準則」進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》、以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

有關持續經營之重大不確定性

我們提請注意綜合財務報表附註2.1,該附註表明,儘管貴集團於2021年12月31日的流動資產淨額約為1,776,000,000港元,但考慮到貴集團的計息銀行及其他借貸及可換股債券的流動部分合共約為1,843,000,000港元,而其現金及銀行結餘約為117,000,000港元,而其現金及銀行結餘約為117,000,000港元,因此仍存在已識別的事件或情況表明存在與持續經營相關的重大不確定性。該事項連同綜合財務報表附註2.1所述的其他事項,可能對貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑慮。我們之意見並無就此事官作出修改。

Ke a di ma e

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. In addition to the matters described in the $Ma \leftarrow a$ $a \leftarrow aa$ each $a \leftarrow a$ section of our report, we have determined the matters described below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。除了我們報告中《有關持續經營之重大不 確定性》章節所述事項外,我們已確定下述事 項為需要在報告中溝通的關鍵審計事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出 具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項 提供單獨的意見。就以下各項事項,下文詳 述我們的審計如何處理該等事項。

我們已履行本報告《核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任》部分闡述的責任,包括與這些關鍵審計事項相關的責任。相應地,我們的審計工作包括執行為應對評估的綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審計程序的結果,包括應對下述關鍵審計事項所執行的程序,是我們就隨附的綜合財務報表發表審計意見的基礎。

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投資物業及物業、廠房及設備下租賃土地及樓宇之估值

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, which were stated at fair value, with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,971 million. The carrying amount of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings represented approximately 26% of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2021.

於2021年12月31日, 貴集團擁有物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的賬面值總額按公允值約2,971,000,000港元列賬。於2021年12月31日,投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的賬面值佔 貴集團總資產約26%。

The Group engaged external valuers to determine the fair value of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings at the end of the reporting period. 貴集團於報告期末委聘外部估值師釐定投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的公允值。

We identified this as a key audit matter because the carrying amount of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings was significant to the Group and subjective judgements were made by management in determining the assumptions and inputs of the valuation.

由於投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的賬面值對 貴集團 而言屬重大,且管理層於釐定估值之假設及輸入數據時作出主觀判斷,故我們識別此為關鍵審計事項。

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.5, 3, 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註2.5、3、13及14。

The following procedures were performed to address the identified key audit matter:

我們處理已識別關鍵審計事項之程序如下:

 We obtained and reviewed the valuation reports prepared by the external valuers engaged by the Group.

我們取得並審閱 貴集團聘請之外部估值師所編製之估值報告。

 We assessed the external valuers' qualification, experience and expertise and considered their objectivity and independence.

我們評估外部估值師之資歷、經驗及專業知識,並考慮其客觀性及獨立性。

We involved our internal valuation specialists
to assist us in the assessment of the
valuation methodologies applied and the key
assumptions and estimates adopted in the
valuation, and performed benchmarking on
the value of the properties to the transaction
prices of other comparable properties on a
sample basis.

我們邀請內部估值專家協助我們以抽樣方式評估 估值所用之估值方法以及所採納之主要假設及估 計,並以其他可資比較物業之交易價為基準,估 算該等物業之價值。

 We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the valuation of the investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment in the consolidated financial statements.

我們亦評估綜合財務報表內投資物業及物業、廠房及設備下租賃土地及樓宇估值披露的充足性。

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評估應收一家聯營公司及一家合營企業款以及應收貸款之可收回性

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had amounts due from an associate and joint ventures and loan receivables with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$4,609 million, representing approximately 40% of the total assets of the Group. The expected credit losses recognised for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$1 million.

於2021年12月31日, 貴集團應收一家聯營公司及合營企業款以及應收貸款的賬面值總值約為4,609,000,000港元,佔 貴集團總資產的約40%。截至2021年12月31日止年度,確認預期信貸虧損約為1,000,000港元。

Management applied the general approach in assessing the associated credit risks and exposures and engaged an external valuer in determining the allowance for expected credit losses.

管理層應用一般方法評估相關信貸風險及風險敝口,並委聘外部估值師釐定預期信貸虧損撥備。

We identified this as a key audit matter because the aggregate carrying amount of the amounts due from an associate and joint ventures and loan receivables was significant to the Group and subjective judgements were made by management and the external valuer in determining the allowance for expected credit losses.

由於應收一家聯營公司及合營企業款以及應收貸款的賬面值總額對 貴集團而言屬重大,且管理層及外部估值師作出主觀判斷以釐定預期信貸虧損撥備,故我們識別此為關鍵審計事項。

Related disclosures are included in notes 2.5, 3 and 17, 18 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註2.5、3、17、18及20。

The following procedures were performed to address the identified key audit matter:

我們處理已識別關鍵審計事項之程序如下:

 We obtained and reviewed the expected credit loss calculations prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group.

我們取得並審閱 貴集團聘請之外部估值師所編製之預期信貸虧損計算法。

 We assessed the external valuer's qualification, experience and expertise and considered its objectivity and independence.

我們評估外部估值師之資歷、經驗及專業知識,並考慮其客觀性及獨立性。

 We involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in the assessment of the methodologies applied and the key assumptions and estimates adopted in the expected credit loss calculations.

我們邀請內部估值專家協助我們評估計算預期信貸虧損所用之方法及所採納之主要假設及估算。

 We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the recoverability assessment of amounts due from an associate and joint ventures and loan receivables in the consolidated financial statements.

我們亦評估於綜合財務報表內披露應收一家聯營 公司及合營企業款以及應收貸款可收回評估之充 足性。

Ke ą di ma e 關鍵審計事項

O he info ma ion incl. ded in he Ann al Repo

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

載入本年報的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括本年報所載的資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦婊峪們的童 話料負涵 霜報所裝

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The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港公司條例擬備 真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對董事認為 為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制 負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

貴公司董事由審核委員會協助,負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

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Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。根據香港公司條列第405條,我們僅向閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據綜合財務報表作出之經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

瞭解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結 構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報 表是否中肯反映交易和事項。

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 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

就 貴集團內各實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們須負責指導、監督及執行集團的審核工作。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了審計的計劃審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,採取為消除威脅的行動或防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師 報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許 公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項 造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們 決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

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The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chow Chi Chung.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任 (續)

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為 鄒志聰。

En & Young

Certified Public Accountants 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 21 April 2022 安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓 2022年4月21日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Note	2021 <i>HK\$</i> '000	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		附龍主	干港元	千港元
	TI AUL)		07.070	00.100
Rental income Direct operating expenses	租金收入 直接經營開支	5	87,376 (5,910)	89,128 (9,016)
			81,466	80,112
Dividend income from listed and	上市及非上市證券			
unlisted securities	股息收入	5	102	116
Other income, gains and losses	其他收入、收益及虧損	5	348,441	285,084
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	以公允值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產之			
at fair value through profit of 1033	公允值變動		(102,689)	(667)
Change in fair value of derivative	衍生金融工具之公允值變動		, , ,	,
financial instruments			(15,203)	39,630
(Impairment)/reversal of impairment of	金融資產(減值)			
financial assets, net	減值撥回淨額		(950)	6,352
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(267,285)	(224,170)
Change in fair value of investment	投資物業之公允值變動		04 044	(12 EEE)
properties Finance costs	財務費用	7	31,814 (410,008)	(13,555) (216,675)
Share of (losses)/profits of:	攤佔下列之(虧損) 溢利:	,	(410,000)	(210,073)
— associates	一 聯營公司		(45,380)	3,325
— joint ventures	— 合營企業		(1,417,546)	(404,061)
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損	6	(1,797,238)	(444,509)
Taxation	稅項	10	(15,256)	3,401
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(1,812,494)	(441,108)
Loss attributable to:	以下各方應佔虧損:			(0.17.4.4)
Owners of the Company	— 本公司擁有人		(1,452,609)	(317,641)
— Non-controlling interests	— 非控股權益		(359,885)	(123,467)
			(1,812,494)	(441,108)
LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE	本公司普通權益持有人應佔			
TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS	每股虧損(以港仙列示)			
OF THE COMPANY (in HK cen) — Basic	甘木		(62.00)	(12.70)
— Basic — Diluted	— 基本— 攤薄		(63.02) (63.02)	(13.78) (13.78)
— Diluteu	——]栽 /守		(03.02)	(13.70)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年內虧損	(1,812,494)	(441,108)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內其他全面收益		
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	後期可重新分類至損益之 其他全面收益		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兌差額	134,363	326,891
Total other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	後期可重新分類至損益之 其他全面收益總額	134,363	326,891
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Gain/(loss) arising on property	後期不可重新分類至損益之 其他全面收益 (虧損):		
revaluation Income tax effect	重估物業之收益 (虧損): 所得稅影響	12,632 (261)	(35,779) 9,644
Net other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	後期不可重新分類至損益 之其他全面收益 (虧損) 淨額	12,371	(26,135)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年內其他全面收益 (虧損) (除稅後)	146,734	300,756
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	年內全面虧損總額	(1,665,760)	(140,352)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to — Owners of the Company — Non-controlling interests	○全面虧損總額應佔: — 本公司擁有人 — 非控股權益	(1,328,410) (337,350)	(62,450) (77,902)
		(1,665,760)	(140,352)

■綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

		Note 附註	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千进元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
		PIJAL	17676	17870
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	13	2,730,045	2,624,229
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	271,659	250,921
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	51,773	54,216
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	16	2,814	_
Interests in associates	聯營公司權益	17	335,507	85,569
Interests in joint ventures	合營企業權益	18	1,568,397	3,033,385
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款	17	560,690	_
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款	18	1,747,964	969,951
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允值計量且其變動			
profit or loss	計入損益的金融資產	19	167,689	2,780
Loan receivables	應收貸款	20		231,932
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		7,436,538	7,252,983
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Trade receivables	應收賬款	21	4,377	7,317
Deposits, prepayments and other	按金、預付款及其他應			
receivables	收款	22	714,075	420,467
Amount due from a joint venture	應收一家合營企業款	18	61,078	59,528
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款	17	0.000.707	584,989
Loan receivables	應收貸款 以公允值計量且其變動	20	2,239,727	1,207,369
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	計入損益的金融資產	19	952,679	875,206
Derivative financial instruments	前八旗盖的金融員 <u>產</u> 衍生金融工具	27	22,280	37,483
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	23	24,450	23,753
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	23	116,755	769,767
Outsit and bank balances			110,100	707,707
Total current assets	流動資產總值		4,135,421	3,985,879
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Accrued charges, rental deposits and	應計費用、租務按金及			
other payables	其他應付款	24	405,116	287,160
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他貸款	24	403,110	207,100
borrowings	可心致门及关心更然	25	541,037	369,309
Taxation payable	應付稅項	20	109,457	108,272
Lease liabilities	租債負債	15	2,048	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	26	1,301,494	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		2,359,152	764,741
NET CURRENT ASSETS	淨流動資產		1,776,269	3,221,138
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	資產總值減流動負債		0.040.007	10 474 101
LIABILITIES			9,212,807	10,474,121

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日

		Note 附註	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他貸款			
borrowings		25	3,193,628	1,571,112
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	26		1,232,463
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	52,404	48,532
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	28	248,542	238,021
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		3,494,574	3,090,128
Net assets	淨資產		5,718,233	7,383,993
EQUITY Eg i a ib able oo ne of l Compan	股權 ne 本公司擁有人應佔股權			
Share capital	股本	29	3,626,781	3,626,781
Reserves	儲備	30	1,604,563	2,932,973
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		5,231,344 486,889	6,559,754 824,239
Total equity	股權總值		5,718,233	7,383,993

Wang Ping 王平 Director 董事 **L**o Zhihai **羅智海** Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

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		本公司擁有人應佔						
		A e			Non-			
		Sha e	e al a ion	T an la ion	Re ained		con olling	To al
		capi al	e e e 資產	e e e	p ofi	Ş, b- o al	in e e 非控股	eg i
		股本 HK\$*000 千港元 (note 29) (附註29)	重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兌儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	保留盈利 HK\$*000 千港元	小計 HK\$'000 千港元	權益 HK\$*000 千港元	股權總值 HK\$*000 千港元
At 1 January 2020 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss)	於2020年1月1日 年內虧損 年內其他全面收益/	3,626,781	282,249* —	56,557* —	2,656,617* (317,641)	6,622,204 (317,641)	902,141 (123,467)	7,524,345 (441,108)
for the year: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations Loss arising on property revaluation, net of tax	(虧損): 換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額	-	-	281,326	-	281,326	45,565	326,891

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務產生之現金流量			
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損		(1,797,238)	(444,509)
Adjustments for:	調整:		(1,101,200)	(111,007)
Share of results of associates	難 占聯營公司業績		45,380	(3,325)
Share of results of joint ventures	攤佔合營企業業績		1,417,546	404,061
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment		14	12,244	11,376
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	15	3,980	2,784
Impairment loss on other intangible	其他無形資產的減值虧損			
assets		16	2,807	_
Finance costs	財務費用		410,008	216,675
Dividend income from listed and	上市及非上市證券			
unlisted securities	股息收入	5	(102)	(116)
Interest income	利息收入		(289,600)	(280,466)
Net loss on disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備			
property, plant and equipment	項目之虧損淨額	5	408	24
Change in fair value of investment	投資物業之公允值變動			
properties		13	(31,814)	13,555
Change in fair value of financial	以公允值計量且其變動			
assets at fair value through profit	計入損益的金融資產			
or loss	公允值變動	6	102,689	667
Change in fair value of derivative	衍生金融工具之公允值			
financial instruments	變動	6	15,203	(39,630)
Impairment/(reversal of impairment)	金融資產減值/(減值撥			
of financial assets, net	回海額	6	950	(6,352)
Write-off of loan and other	貸款及其他收款撇銷以及			
receivables and an amount due	應收一家聯營公司款			
from an associate		6	37,394	62,510
			(70,145)	(62,746)
Increase in financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	損益的金融資產增加		(302,937)	(16,797)
Decrease in trade receivables	應收賬款減少		2,940	1,418
(Increase)/decrease in deposits,	按金、預付款及其他應收款			
prepayments and other receivables	(增加)/減少		(138,337)	71,576
Increase/(decrease) in accrued charges,				
rental deposits and other payables	應付款增加 (減少)		117,956	(5,009)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash used in operations	經營業務所用之現金		(390,523)	(11,558)
Dividend received	已收股息		102	116
Interest paid	已付利息		(336,541)	(157,221)
Tax (paid)/refunded	(已付) 退回稅款		(2,624)	640
Net cash flows used in operating	經營業務所用之淨現金流量			(4.40.000)
activities			(729,586)	(168,023)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資業務所得現金流量			
Interest received	已收利息		131,096	276,604
Purchase of items of property, plant and equipment	購入物業、廠房及設備		(20,321)	(3,252)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項		(=5,5=1)	19,798
Advance of loan receivables	墊支應收貸款		(1,844,250)	(198,872)
Receipt of loan receivables	收取應收貸款		1,077,728	123,752
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司	31	(3,594)	_
Advance to an associate	墊支一家聯營公司		(16,511)	(64,178)
Advance to joint ventures	墊支一家合營企業		(721,524)	(92,700)
Deposit paid for acquisition of an equity investment	收購股權投資之已付按金			(249,695)
Capital injection to an associate	向一家聯營公司注資		(293,399)	<u> </u>
Capital injection to a joint venture	向一家合營企業注資		(24,450)	_
Increase in pledged deposits	抵押存款增加		(697)	(1,432)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資業務所用淨現金流量		(1,715,922)	(189,975)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資業務所得現金流量			
Other loans raised	其他貸款融資		538,648	1,056,271
Senior notes raised	優先票據融資			151,461
Repayment of other loans	償還其他貸款		(279,076)	(121,382)
New bank loans	新銀行貸款		2,139,364	50,000
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款		(610,636)	(180,000)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款之本金部分			(11,685)
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資業務所得淨現金流量		1,788,300	944,665
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值(減少) 增加淨額		(657,208)	586,667
Cash and cash equivalents at	現金及現金等值		700 707	100.047
beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate	年初數額		769,767	190,247
changes, net	外幣匯率變動之影響,淨值		4,196	(7,147)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT				
END OF YEAR	年末數額		116,755	769,767
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值 結餘分析			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	23	116,755	769,767

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

1. Co po a e and G g, p Info ma ion

Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited (the "Company") is a public limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are located at Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company and is engaged in property investment and securities trading. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as the "Group") are principally engaged in property leasing and investments.

Info ma ion abo, __ b idia ie

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料

銀建國際控股集團有限公司(「本公司」) 為一家於香港註冊成立的公眾有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處及 主要營業地點的地址為香港灣仔港灣道 1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓4901室。

本公司為一家投資控股公司,從事物業 投資及證券買賣。本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱為「本集團」)主要從事物業租賃及 投資業務。

附屬公司資料

本公司的主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Compan name 公司名稱	Place of inco po a ion/ egi a ion and ope a ion 註冊 登記及經營所在地	Nominal al e of i ed and paid paid paid E發行及總足 註冊股本面值	Eq. i in e e a o he Comp 本公司應佔股 ²	P incipal ac i i ie 主要業務	
			Di ec ≢#¤	Indi ec	
			直接 	間接	
Twin Sparkle Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100%	-	Property holding and investment
康而富有限公司	香港	2港元			持有物業及投資
Real China Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	100%	_	Property holding and investment
泰境發展有限公司	香港	2港元			持有物業及投資
Noda International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited***	the People's Republic of China (the *PRC*)/Mainland China	RMB400,000,000	_	100%	Investment
諾達國際投資(廣州)有限公司 🕬	中華人民共和國(「中國」) 中國內地	人民幣400,000,000元			投資
Hongda International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited**	PRC/Mainland China	RMB500,000,000	-	100%	Investment
弘達國際投資(廣州)有限公司 # 6 ^	中國中國內地	人民幣500,000,000元			投資

Annual Report 2021 二零二一年年報 二零二一年年報

1. Co po a e and G o p Info ma ion (Continued) 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Info ma	ion abo	b idia ie	(Continued)
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附屬公司資料(續)

Compan name 公司名稱	Place of inco po a ion/ egi a ion and ope a ion 註冊 登記及經營所在地	Nominal al e of i ed and paid p / egi e ed capi al 已發行及繳足 註冊股本面值	Eq. i in e e a o he Comp 本公司應佔股	pan	P incipal ac i i ie 主要業務
			Di ec 直接	Indi ec 間接	
Silver Grant International Investment Management Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100%	_	Investment holding
銀建國際投資管理有限公司	香港	1,000港元			投資控股
Beijing Runda International Investment Management Limited**	PRC/Mainland China	RMB500,000,000	-	100%	Investment
北京潤達國際投資管理有限公司が	中國中國內地	人民幣500,000,000元			投資
Silver Grant International Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Limited**	PRC/Mainland China	RMB200,000,000	-	100%	Investment holding
銀建國際投資(廣州)有限公司#0^	中國 中國內地	人民幣200,000,000元			投資控股
Guangzhou Runsui No.2 Partnership (Limited Partnership)**	PRC/Mainland China	N/A	_	87.25%	Corporate management service
廣州潤穗二號合夥企業(有限合夥)**	中國中國內地	不適用			企業管理服務
Silver Grant International Holding (Guangzhou) Co., Limited**	PRC/Mainland China	RMB50,000,000	-	100%	Investment
銀建國際控股 廣州 有限公司**	中國中國內地	人民幣50,000,000元			投資
Guangzhou Runfu No.9 Investment Partnership (Limited Partnership)**	PRC/Mainland China	N/A	-	100%	Non-performing asset investment
廣州潤富九號投資合夥企業(有限合夥)**	中國 中國內地	不適用			不良資產投資
Beihai Mao Yuan Investment Co., Limited ^f 北海茂元投資有限公司 ^f	PRC/Mainland China 中國 中國內地	RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	-	100%	Investment 投資
Yinjian Energy Trading (Guangzhou) Co., Limited** 銀建能源貿易(廣州)有限公司**	PRC/Mainland China 中國 中國內地	RMB500,000,000 人民幣500,000,000元	-	100%	Trading 貿易

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

1. Co po a e and G g, p Info ma ion (Continued)

Info ma ion abo, , b idia ie (Continued)

Compan name 公司名稱	Place of inco po a ion/ egi a ion and ope a ion 註冊 登記及經營所在地	Nominal al e of i ed and paid p / egi e ed capi al 已發行及繳足 註冊股本面值	Eq. i in e e a o he Com 本公司應佔股	pan	P incipal ac i i ie 主要業務
			Di ec 直接	Indi ec 間接	
Taizhou Yinjian Energy Investment Co., Limited*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB100,000,000	_	100%	Environmental conservation and renewable energy
泰州銀建能源投資有限公司	中國中國內地	人民幣100,000,000元			investment 環境保育及再生能源投資

1. Co po a e and G o, p Info ma ion (Continued)

Info ma ion abo, , b idia ie (Continued)

(i) The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the reporting year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

2.1 Ba i of P e en a ion

As at 31 December 2021, notwithstanding that the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$1,776 million, the Group's interest-bearing bank and other borrowings and convertible bonds in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$1,843 million are due to be repayable within the next 12 months while its cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$117 million.

In view of the above circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the Group's future liquidity requirements, operating performance and available sources of financing in assessing the Group's ability to operate as a going concern. The following plans and measures are formulated to manage the working capital and improve the financial position of the Group:

- (i) The Group will continue to implement measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables.
- (ii) The Group will continue to take measures to expedite the disposal of financial asset investments, including equity investments and non-performing assets portfolio.

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

附屬公司資料(續)

(i) 上表載列董事認為主要影響本集 團本報告年度業績或構成本集團 淨資產重大部分的本公司附屬公 司。董事認為,提供其他附屬公 司的詳情會導致資料過於冗長。

2.1 呈列基準

儘管本集團於2021年12月31日的流動資產淨額約為1,776,000,000港元,惟本集團的計息銀行及其他借貸及可換股債券的流動部分合共約為1,843,000,000港元,且其須於未來十二個月內償還,而其現金及銀行結餘約為117,000,000港元。

鑒於上述情況,本公司董事在評估本集團持續經營能力時,已仔細考慮本集團未來流動資金需求、經營業績及可用資金來源。為管理營運資本,改善本集團財務狀況,本公司已制定以下計劃及措施:

- (i) 本集團將繼續採取措施加快收回 未償還的應收貸款。
- (ii) 本集團將繼續採取措施加快處置 金融資產投資,包括股權投資及 不良資產組合。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.1 Ba i of P e en a ion (Continued)

(iii) The Group is actively negotiating with the holders of the convertible bonds for refinancing its convertible bonds due in 2022.

The directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by management, which cover a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2021. They are of the opinion that, taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, there are inherent uncertainties as to whether the Group is able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to generate adequate cash flows to continue as a going concern would depend on (i) the successful and timely implementation of the plans and measures to speed up the collection of outstanding loan receivables; (ii) the successful and timely implementation of the plans for the disposal of financial asset investments; and (iii) the successful refinancing of its outstanding convertible bonds.

2.1 呈列基準(續)

(iii) 本集團正積極與可換股債券持有 人協商,為其於2022年到期的可 換股債券進行再融資。

本公司董事已審閱管理層所編製涵蓋自 2021年12月31日起不少於十二個月期 間的本集團現金流量預測。彼等認為, 經考慮上述計劃及措施,本集團將擁有 充足營運資金為其營運提供資金及履行 其到期的財務責任。因此,董事信納按 持續經營基準編製本集團的綜合財務報 表屬適當。

儘管上文所述,本集團能否實現其上述計劃及措施仍存在多項內在不確定事項。本集團能否持續經營將取決於:(i)加快收回未償還應收貸款的計劃及措施的成功及及時實施;(ii)處置金融資產投資計劃的成功及及時執行;及(iii)就其未償還可換股債券成功進行再融資。

2.1 Ba i of P e en a ion (Continued)

Should the Group be unable to achieve the above-mentioned plans and measures, the Group may be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments would have to be made to adjust the values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

2.2 Ba i of P epa a ion

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

2.1 呈列基準(續)

倘本集團無法實現上述計劃及措施,本 集團未必能繼續按持續經營業務基準經 營,在該情況下,將不得不調整本集團

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.2 Ba i of P epa a ion (Continued)

Ba i of con olida ion

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its

2.2 Ba i of P epa a ion (Continued)

Ba i of con olida ion (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 編製基準(續)

綜合入賬基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益的各個組成部分歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控股股權權益,即使此舉會導致非控股股權權益出現虧絀結餘。所有有關本集團各成員公司間的交易的集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合入賬時悉數抵銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因素之 一項或多項出現變化,本集團會重新評 估其是否控制投資對象。並無失去控制 權的附屬公司的擁有權權益變動以股本 交易入賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權,則終止確認(i)該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負債;(ii)任何非控股權益的賬值;及(iii)於權益內入賬的累計匯兌績,以及確認(i)已收代價的公允值;及(iii)損益中任何因此產生的盈餘或虧絀。先前已於其他全面收益內確認的本集團分佔部分重新分類至損益或保留溢利(如適當),基準與本集團直接出售相關資產或負債所使用者相同。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.3 Change in Acco, n ing Policie and Di clo_w e

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements:

HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS16

Amendments to HKFRS 9, Ine. Rae Ben nma R → m Pna • 2

Amendment to HKFRS 16

C -19-R-a Ra Cae a b 1 30 J 1 2021 (-a a (-1)

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於本年度財務報表首次採納下 列經修訂香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革 第9號、香港會計

準則第39號、香港 財務報告準則 第7號、香港財務

報告準則第4號及 香港財務報告準則

第16號修訂本

香港財務報告準則 第16號修訂本

2021年6月30日 後與Covid-19 相關租金

—第二階段

減免(提早 採納)

二零二一年年報 Annual Report 2021

2.3 Change in Acco, n ing Policie and Di clo, e (Continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 address issues not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of HKFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

經修訂香港財務報告準則的性質及影響 載述如下:

(a) 現有利率基準由可替代無風險利率(「無風險利率」)取代時,香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號修訂本將處理影響財務申報之過往修訂未有處理的問題。該等修訂提供可伴海婚買載述好踙隳末屬阿茯未有鳥能

木流量ば副

載述用函捏務報告準則第

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.3 Change in Acco, n ing Policie and Di clo, e (Continued)

Amendment to HKFRS 16 issued in April 2021 extends the availability of the practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic by 12 months. Accordingly, the practical expedient applies to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022, provided the other conditions for applying the practical expedient are met. The amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at the beginning of the current accounting period. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group has early adopted the amendment on 1 January 2021. However, the Group has not received Covid-19-related rent concessions and plans to apply the practical expedient when it becomes applicable within the allowed period of application.

2.3 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 於2021年4月公佈的香港財務報 告準則第16號修訂本將承租人的 可行權宜方法延長十二個月,以 選擇就Covid-19疫情的直接後果 產生的租金寬減不應用租賃修改 會計處理。因此,可行權宜方法 適用於以下租金寬減:其租賃付 款的任何減幅僅影響原到期日為 2022年6月30日或之前的付款, 前提是滿足可行權宜方法的其他 條件。2021年修訂本適用於2021 年4月1日或之後開始之年度,且 應追溯應用,並將初時應用該修 訂本的任何累積影響確認為對當 前會計期間開始時保留溢利期初 餘額的調整。允許提早應用。

> 本集團已於2021年1月1日提前 採納該修訂本。然而,本集團尚 未收到與Covid-19相關的租金寬 減,並計劃在適用的應用期限內 採用可行權官方法。

2.4 I wed By No Ye Effecie Hong Kong 2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 Financial Repo ing S anda d

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Fan 1
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011)	Sae Chbh Ae be cenanhe an A ae Jh Ven e ³
HKFRS 17	ln an € C n a 2
Amendments to HKFRS 17	la an € C a a 2,5
Amendment to HKFRS 17	In a A a n HKFRS 17 an HKFRS 9 C m a a ← In ma n
Amendments to HKAS 1	Ca a n Lab ← a C ← n N n- ← n 2,4
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	d D • A n n P • 2
Amendments to HKAS 8	Den n A nn E mae ²
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deci Ta caci $A = ani Lab = a n m$ $a S n = Tan a n^2$
Amendments to HKAS 16	P = ,Pan and E n=n:P === b= = ln=nd== U=1
Amendments to HKAS 37	One Cha C Fhachai
Annual Improvements to	Amaina HKFRS 1,
HKFRSs 2018-2020	HKFRS 9, I a €
	Eam ⇔ a man n
	HKFRS 16, and HKAS 411

本集團並無於本財務報表應用下列已頒 佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則:

香港財務報告準則	引用香港財務報告
第3號修訂本	<i>準則的概念</i> 1
香港財務報告準則	投資者與其聯營
第10號及香港會計	公司或合營企業
準則第28號	之間的資產出售
(2011年)修訂本	<i>或投入</i> 3
香港財務報告準則	<i>保險合約</i> ²
第17號	
香港財務報告準則第	<i>保險合約</i> ^{2、5}
17號修訂本	
香港財務報告準則	初始應用香港財務
第17號修訂本	報告準則第17號
	及香港財務報告
	準則第9號 —
	比較資料 2
香港會計準則	負債分類為即期
第1號修訂本	<i>或非即期</i> ^{2、4}
香港會計準則第1號及	會計政策披露2
香港財務報告準則	
實務報告第2號	
修訂本	
香港會計準則第8號	會計估計的定義2
修訂本	
香港會計準則第12號	來自單一交易
修訂本	有關資產及負債
	的遞延稅項2
香港會計準則第16號	物業、廠房及
修訂本	設備:擬定用途
	前的所得款項「
香港會計準則第37號	虧損性合約—履行
修訂本	<i>合約的成本</i> 1
香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則
2018年至	第1號、香港
2020年週期之	財務報告準則
年度改進	第9號、香港
	財務報告準則
	第16號隨附之
	範例及香港會計
	準則第41號

修訂本

2.4 I g ed B No Ye Effec i e Hong Kong Financial Repo ing S anda d (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 are intended to replace a reference to the previous F and A and A and A and A and A and A are ference to the A and A are fractional and A are

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2.4 I wed By No Ye Effec i e Hong Kong Financial Repo ing S anda d (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) was removed by the HKICPA in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Ca a n Lab 😜 $N \cap -$ clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 (續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號 2011年)修訂本針對香港 財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(2011年)之間有關投資者與其 聯營公司或合營公司之間資產出售或注 資兩者規定之不一致情況。該等修訂 規定,當投資者與其聯營公司或合營公 司之間的資產出售或注資構成一項業 務時,須確認來個下游交易的全數收益 或虧損。當交易涉及不構成一項業務之 資產時,由該交易產生之收益或虧損於 該投資者之損益內確認,惟僅以不相關 投資者於該聯營公司或合營公司之權益 為限。該等修訂已前瞻應用。香港會 計師公會已於2016年1月剔除香港財務 報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28 號(2011年)之修訂的以往強制生效日 期,而新的強制生效日期將於對聯營公 司及合營公司的會計處理完成更廣泛的 檢討後釐定。然而,該等修訂現時可供 採納。

香港會計準則第1號修訂本負債分類為即期或非即期澄清將負債分類為流動實施。該等修訂指明,所有對於實體不可能對於實體符合當日之。或其一數,其有權於報告期末延遲償還負債。還有權於報告期末延遲償還負債。還有權於報告期末延遲償還負債。還有權於報告期末延遲償還到實體,實驗,實驗,可能性的影響。該等條訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

2.4 I , ed B, No Ye Effec i e Hong Kong Financial Repo ing S anda d (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 D **Accounting** Policies require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. Amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted. Since the guidance provided in the amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 is non-mandatory, an effective date for these amendments is not necessary. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments on the Group's accounting policy disclosures.

Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 (續)

香港會計準則第1號修訂本*會計政策披* **露**要求實體披露其重要會計政策之資料 而非其主要會計政策。倘若會計政策資 料與實體之財務報表中包含之其他資料 一併考慮,可合理預期其將影響一般目 的財務報表之主要使用者以此等財務報 表作出之決定,則有關資料屬重大。香 港財務報告準則實務報告第2號修訂本 為如何將重要性之概念應用於會計政策 披露提供非強制指引。香港會計準則第 1號修訂本於2023年1月1日或之後開始 之年度期間生效,允許提前應用。由於 香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號修訂 本提供之指引屬非強制性質,因此該等 修訂並無必要之生效日期。本集團現正 評估該等修訂對本集團會計政策披露之 影響。

香港會計準則第8號修訂本澄清會計估計變化與會計政策變化之間的區別。會計估計乃界定為財務報表中存在計量不確定性之貨幣金額。有關修訂亦澄清實體如何使用計量技術及輸入數據以得出會計估計。有關修訂於2023年1月1日或之後開始之年度報告期間生效,並應用於該期間開始時或之後發生之會計政策變化和會計估計變化,允許提前應用。預計該等修訂不會對本集團之財務報表產生任何重大影響。

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2.4 I , ed B No Ye Effec i e Hong Kong Financial Repo ing S anda d (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 12 narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied to transactions related to leases and decommissioning obligations at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or other component of equity as appropriate at that date. In addition, the amendments shall be applied prospectively to transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告

2.4 I , ed B, No Ye Effec i e Hong Kong Financial Repo ing S anda d (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 (續)

香港會計準則第37號修訂本澄清,就根 據香港會計準則第37號評估合約是否屬 虧損性而言,履行合約的成本包括與合 約直接相關的成本。與合約直接相關的 成本包括履行該合約的增量成本(例如 直接勞工及材料)及與履行合約直接相 關的其他成本分配(例如分配履行合約 所用物業、機器及設備項目的折舊開支 以及合約管理及監管成本)。一般及行 政成本與合約並無直接關連,除非根據 合約明確向對手方收取費用,否則不包 括在內。該等修訂於2022年1月1日或 之後開始的年度期間生效,並適用於實 體於其首次應用修訂的年度報告期初尚 未履行其所有責任的合約。允許提早應 用。初步應用該等修訂的任何累積影響 將確認為首次應用日期的期初權益的調 整,而毋須重列比較資料。該等修訂預 期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重 大影響。

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2.4 I g ed B No Ye Effec i e Hong Kong Financial Repo ing S anda d (Continued)

Ann a Im Ann HKFRS 2018-2020 sets out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

- HKFRS 9 Fnan a In nen : clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKFRS 16 L→a → : removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying HKFRS 16.

2.4 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 (續)

香港財務報告準則2018年至2020年年度改進載列香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準則第16號相應闡釋範例及香港會計準則第41號修訂本。預期適用於本公司的該等修訂詳情如下:

香港財務報告準則第16號相賃: 刪除香港財務報告準則第16號相 應闡釋範例13中有關租賃物業裝 修的出租人付款說明。此舉消除 於採用香港財務報告準則第16號 有關租賃激勵措施處理方面的潛 在困惑。

2.5 § mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie

In e men in a ocia e and join en e

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of a joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

2.5 主要會計政策概要

於聯營公司及合營企業之投資

聯營公司為本集團於其一般不少於20% 股本投票權中擁有長期權益之實體,且 可對其發揮重大影響力。重大影響力指 參與投資對象之財務及經營決策之權 力,但並非控股或共同控制該等決策之 權力。

合營企業為一種合營安排,據此,擁有 安排共同控制權之人士有權享有合營企 業之淨資產。共同控制權乃以合約協定 分佔一項安排之控制權,其僅在相關活 動決策必須獲分佔控制權之人士一致同 意時方存在。

本集團於聯營公司及合營企業的投資乃 按權益會計法,在本集團的綜合財務狀 況表內,按本集團應佔的淨資產扣除減 值虧損呈列。倘會計政策存在任何不一 致,則會作出相應調整。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

In e men in a ocia e and join en e e (Continued)

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associates or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates and joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate or a joint venture is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 N n- $A \rightarrow H$

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

於聯營公司及合營企業之投資(續)

本集團應佔聯營公司及合營企業收購後 業績及其他全面收入分別計入綜合損益 表及綜合其他全面收入。此外,倘於聯 營公司或合營企業權益內直接確認更 變動,則本集團會於綜合權益變動大 確認其應佔之任何有關變動(倘適用)。 本集團與聯營公司或合營企業交及 等的未變現盈虧,均按本集團於聯營公司 可及合營企業的投資為限進行抵銷,除 非未變現虧損顯示已轉讓資產出現減值 則除外。收購聯營公司或合營企業所 全 生的商譽計入本集團於聯營公司或合營 企業之投資項下。

倘於聯營公司的投資變成於合營企業的 投資(或相反情況),則不會重新計量保 留權益。取而代之,該投資繼續按權益 法入賬。在所有其他情況下,於失去對 聯營公司的重大影響力或合營企業之共 同控制權後,本集團按其公允值計量及 確認任何保留投資。於失去重大影響力 或共同控制權時聯營公司或合營企業的 賬面金額與保留投資的公允值及出售所 得款項之間的任何差額於損益內確認。

倘於聯營公司或合營企業之投資分類為 持作出售,則根據香港財務報告準則第 5號持作出售非流動資產及已終止經營 業務入賬。

2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

B, ine combina ion and good ill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previous.19anc 0.5 (and)19 (.) T-1.5560B5he ee.

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

B ine combina ion and good ill (Continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

由收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價將於 收購日期按公允值確認。分類為資產或 負債的或然代價按公允值計量,而公允 值變動會於損益確認。分類為權益的或 然代價並無重新計量,而其後結算於權 益內入賬。

商譽初步按成本計量,即已轉讓總代價、就非控股權益確認的金額及本集團 先前持有之收購對象股權之任何公允值總額,超逾所收購可識別淨資產及所承擔負債的差額。如總代價及其他項目低於所收購淨資產之公允值,於再評估後其差額將於損益內確認為議價收購收益。

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計 減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測 試,若有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面 值有可能減值,則會更頻密地進行測 試。本集團於12月31日進行商譽之年 度減值測試。為進行減值測試,日被 受減值測試。為進行減值測試,日被 受到 合併而收購的商譽,自收購之日 至預期可從合併產生的協同效益中養 的本集團各個現金產生單位或現金產生 單位組別,而無論本集團其他資產或 債是否已分配予該等單位或單位組別。

2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

B ine combina ion and good ill (Continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關的現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額釐定。當現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)的可收回金額低於賬面值時,減值虧損便予以確認。已就商譽確認的減值虧損不得於其後期間回撥。

倘商譽被分配至某個現金產生單位(或現金產生單位組別)並且是被出售之現金產生單位內之業務組成部分,則在釐定出售該業務之收益或虧損時,與所出售業務相關之商譽將包括於該業務之賬面值內。於此情況下出售之商譽根據所出售業務之相關價值與現金產生單位之保留部分計量。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Fai al, e mea, emen

The Group measures its investment properties, leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

公允值計量

於各報告期末,本集團按公允值計量其物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產及衍生金融工在的實產所收取或轉讓負債為市場參與相對,與其有所資產或負債的交易於資產或負債售要或負債的交易於資產或負債人。主要或最具優勢市場領資產或負債優勢的市場。資產或負債人等的最計量(假設市場參與者為資產或負債實限的最佳經濟利益行事)。

非金融資產的公允值計量須計及市場參 與者通過使用該資產之最高及最佳用途 或將該資產出售予將使用其最高及最佳 用途的另一市場參與者而產生經濟效益 的能力。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分 數據以供計量公允值的估值方法,以盡 量使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量減少 使用不可觀察輸入數據。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Fai al, e mea_, emen (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

公允值計量(續)

所有公允值於財務報表計量或披露的資 產及負債乃基於對公允值計量整體而言 屬重大的最低層輸入數據按以下公允值 等級分類:

- 第1級 基於相同資產或負債在活 躍市場中的報價(未經調整)
- 第2級 基於對公允值計量而言屬 重大的可觀察(直接或間 接)最低層輸入數據的估值 方法
- 第3級 基於對公允值計量而言屬 重大的不可觀察最低層輸 入數據的估值方法

就按經常性基準於財務報表確認的資產及負債而言,本集團透過於各報告期末重新評估分類(基於對公允值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層輸入數據)釐定是否發生不同層級轉移。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Impai men of non-financial a e

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, investment properties, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示出現減值,或須就資產(存貨、投資物業、遞延稅項資產內)進行年度減值測試可可資產於外)進行年度減值測試可可與可。資產的可以可。資產的使用數值,以及其公允值減出售成本兩計學之一,與四金額則投資產產之,其他同一,與四金額則投資產所屬的現金產生單位使用,則公司資產(如總部樓宇)的現金產生單位組別。

減值虧損僅於資產的賬面值超過其可收回金額時確認。在評估使用價值時,估計日後現金流量按能反映當時市場對貨幣時間價值及該項資產特定風險之評估的除稅前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於其產生期間自損益表扣除,並列於減值資產項下之開支類別。

減值虧損於其產生期間自損益表扣除,除非該資產以重估值列賬,在此情況下,減值虧損根據該重估資產之相關會計政策入賬。

2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Impai men of non-financial a e (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Rela ed pa ie

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

關連人士

於下列情況下,有關人士將被視為本集 團之關連人士:

- (a) 該方為一名人士或該名人士家族 的直系親屬,而該名人士:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團施加重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司主 要管理人員的成員;

或

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

Rela ed pa ie (Continued)

(b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
- (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
- (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
- (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
- (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
- (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
- (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
- (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

關連人士(續)

- (b) 該方為符合下列任何條件之實體:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 的成員公司;
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體(或另一實體的母公司、附屬公司 或同系附屬公司)的聯營公 司或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體及本集團均為同一第 三方的合營企業;
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合 營企業,而另一實體為該第 三方實體的聯營公司;
 - (v) 該實體為離職後福利計劃, 該計劃的受益人為本集團或 與本集團有關的實體僱員;
 - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所述人士控制 或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i) 項所述人士對該實體 有重大影響或屬該實體(或 該實體的母公司)主要管理 人員的成員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或屬該實體其中一部 分的集團旗下任何成員公司 為向本集團或本集團母公司 提供主要管理人員服務。

2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

P ope , plan and eq ipmen and dep ecia ion

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

P ope , plan and eq ipmen and dep ecia ion (Continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold land and 50 years or over the lease buildings term, whichever is shorter

Leasehold improvements3 yearsFurniture and fixtures10 yearsOffice equipment5 yearsMotor vehicles10 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

折舊按下列各物業、廠房及設備項目的 估計可使用年期以直線法計算,並撇銷 其成本至其剩餘價值。就此使用的主要 年率如下:

租賃土地及 50年或按租期,以較

樓宇 短者為準

租賃裝修 3年 傢俬及裝置 10年 辦公室設備 5年 汽車 10年

倘物業、廠房及設備項目其中部分的可使用年期不同,該項目之成本會按合理基準分配至有關部分,而各部分均分開計提折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法將至少於各財政年度末檢討及按需要作出調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括任何初次確認的重大部分)於出問 謎凶論筑 鵯年度失甭

In e men p ope ie

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an us6 Td(course of busin)0.5 (l)0.5 (e)0.5 (a(ion)0.)0.5 (d)0.6 (a)0.5 (.5 (ds or a0.5 (g)0.5 (nqion)0.5.18rtiis0.5 (i)0.6 (a)0.5 (

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2.5 Ş, mma of Significan Acco, n ing Policie (Continued)

In angible a e (o he han good ill) (Continued)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Lea e

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

G g, p a a le ee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)/續)

對使用年期不確定的無形資產,無論是 否存在減值跡象,每年均進行減值測 試。此類無形資產不予攤銷,在每個會 計期間對其使用壽命進行覆核。如果有 證據表明使用年期有限,則按上述使用 年期有限的無形資產的政策進行會計處 理。

租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或 包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在 一段時間內控制使用已識別資產之權 利,則該合約為或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及計量方法。本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃款項,而使用權資產指使用相關資產之權利。

Lea e (Continued)

G o, p a a le ee (Continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings Over the lease term

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is included in investment properties. The corresponding right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently measured at fair value, in accordance with the Group's policy for "investment properties".

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產

樓宇 於租賃期內

倘租賃資產之所有權在租期結束 前轉移至本集團或成本反映購買

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Lea e (Continued)

G g p a a le ee (Continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

When the right-of-use assets are related to property, plant and equipment measured at revalued amount, the right-of-use assets are included in property, plant and equipment and measured at revalued amount in accordance with the Group's policy for "property, plant and equipment".

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產(續)

倘使用權資產與以重估價值計量的物業、廠房及設備有關,則使用權資產計入物業、廠房及設備,並根據本集團有關「物業、廠房及設備,並根據本集團有關「物業、廠房及設備」之政策按重估價值計量。

(b 租賃負債

Lea e (Continued)

G g p a a le ee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities (Continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of office premises (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Go pa ale o

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債(續)

於計算租賃付款之現值時,倘租賃中所隱含的利率不易釐定用增用的租賃開始日期使用增多。於開始日期後日期後日期後日期後日期後日期後日期為租賃負債金額增加反映利所與人間,而減少則為租賃付款變動、租賃付款變動、租賃付款變動、租赁付款變動而產生的未來租賃付款變動可要,則租賃負債的賬面值將重新量。

(c) 短期租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用 於辦公物業的短期租賃(即自租賃 開始日期起計租期為十二個月或 以下,並且不包含購買選擇權的 租賃)。短期租賃的租賃付款於租 賃期內以直線法確認為開支。

本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人時,在租賃開始時 (或發生租賃變更時)將其所有租賃分類 為經營租賃或融資租賃。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Lea e (Continued)

Gopaale o (Continued)

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative standalone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, are accounted for as finance leases.

In e men and o he financial a e

Ini ial ecogni ion and mea ... emen

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

所有本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附帶 之絕大部分風險及回報的租賃歸類為經 營租賃。倘合約包含租賃及非租賃 分,本集團根據相關獨立售價將合約 價分配至各個部分。租金收入於租期內 按直線法列賬,而由於其營運性質 所由於其營運性經營 實持產生的初始直接成本乃計入租賃 產的賬面值,並於租期內按相同方法確 認為租金收入。或然租金乃於所賺取的 期間內確認為收益。

將相關資產所有權所附帶之絕大部分風 險及回報轉移至承租人的租賃,以融資 租賃入賬。

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為其後按攤 銷成本及以公允值計量且其變動計入損 益計量。

In e men and o he financial a e (Continued)

Ini ial ecogni ion and mea., emen (Continued)

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial assets at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初始確認及計量(續)

金融資產於初始確認時之分類,取決於 其合約現金流量特點以及本集團管理該 等現金流量之業務模式。除不包含重大 融資成分之應收賬款或本集團就此一 可行權宜方法不對重大融資成分之應收 作出調整之應收賬款外,本集團初步之 作出調整之應收賬款外,本集團初步 公允值計量金融資產,加上交易更多 行。不包含重大融資 成分或本集團就此運用可行權宜方法 應收賬款,根據下文「收益確認」所載政 策按根據香港財務報告準則第15號所釐 定之交易價格計量。

倘金融資產按攤銷成本計量,該金融資 產需要產生純粹為支付本金及未償還本 金的利息(「純粹為支付本金及利息」)之 現金流量。不論業務模式如何,現金流 量並非純粹為支付本金及利息的金融資 產以公允值計量且其變動計入損益分類 及計量。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

In e men and o he financial a e (Continued)

Ini ial ecogni ion and mea , emen (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchase or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初始確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產之業務模式指其如何管理金融資產以產生現金流量是否認量是否認定。業務模式釐定現金流量是否源原因的現金流量、出售金融資產或是產資產。於旨在持有金融資產,按攤銷成本分類及量量。並非於上述業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產之業務模式中持有之金融資產,乃以公允值計量且其變動計量。

正常情況下買賣金融資產一概於交易日確認,即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產之日期。正常情況下買入或出售乃須於規例或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

In e men and o he financial a e (Continued)

Ş b eg en mea, emen

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial a e a amo i ed co (deb in , men)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial a e a fai al e h g gh p ofi o lo

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are also recognised in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量

金融資產其後視乎以下分類作出計量:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量,並計量減值。當資產終 止確認、修訂或減值時,收益及虧損於 損益確認。

以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產

以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融 資產於財務狀況表按公允值列賬,而公 允值變動淨額則於損益確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地選擇 按公允值計入其他全面收入進行分類的 衍生工具及股權投資。在支付權確立、 與股息相關的經濟利益很可能流入本集 團,且股息金額能夠可靠計量時,分類 為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金 融資產之股權投資的股息亦於損益確 認

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2.5 Ş, mma of Significan Acco, n ing Policie (Continued)

In e men and o he financial a e (Continued)

Financial a e a fai al e h o gh p ofi o lo (Continued)

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融 資產(續)

當嵌入於混合合約(包含金融負債或非金融主合約)的衍生工具具備與主合約所生工具具備與主合約不緊密相關的經濟特徵及風險;擁有與嵌入式衍生工具相同條款的單獨立其變動計入損益計量與主合約分生工具列賬。嵌入式衍生工具对賬。嵌入式衍生工具对賬。嵌入式衍生工具按企認。其一個的變動於損益表內確認是在合約條款變動大幅改變其他情況。其變動計入損益類別重新分類時方會進行重新評估。

嵌入於混合合約(包含金融資產主合約) 的衍生工具並非單獨入賬。金融資產主 合約連同嵌入式衍生工具須全部分類為 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融 資產。

De ecogni ion of financial a e

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產

在下列情況下會終止確認(即自本集團的綜合財務狀況表移除)金融資產(或(倘適用)部分金融資產或一組類似金融資產的一部分):

收取資產現金流量的權利已屆 滿;或

倘本集團已轉讓其收取資產現金流量的 權利或已訂立轉手安排,本集團評估其 是否保留該資產擁有權的風險及回報以 及相關程度。倘本集團既無轉讓亦無保 留該資產絕大部分風險及回報,亦無轉 讓該資產的控制權,本集團繼續按本集 團之持續參與確認所轉讓資產。在此情 況下,本集團亦會確認相關負債。已轉 讓資產及相關負債以本集團保留之相關 權利及義務為基準計量。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

De ecogni ion of financial a e (Continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of the consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impai men of financial a e

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Gene al app oach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

以轉讓資產作擔保方式持續參與業務, 乃按資產之原有賬面值及本集團可能被 要求償付之最高代價金額兩者中較低者 計量。

金融資產減值

本集團對並非以公允值計量且其變動計 入損益而持有的所有債務工具確認預期 信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備。預期 信貸虧損乃基於根據合約應付的合約現 金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流 量之間的差額,按原有實際利率相近值 貼現。預期現金流量將包括同為合約條 款組成部分的自銷售所持有抵押品所得 的現金流量或其他信貸提升物品。

一般方法

預期信貸虧損於兩個階段獲確認。就自初始確認起信貸風險並無顯著增加的信貸風險而言,對因未來十二個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的信貸虧損計提預期信貸虧損(十二個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初始確認起經已顯著增加的信貸風險而言,不論何時發生違約事件,均須在風險餘下年期內就預期虧損計提虧損撥備(全期預期信貸虧損)。

Impai men of financial a e (Continued)

Gene al app oach (Continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

Stage 1 — Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Impai men of financial a e (Continued)

金融資產減值(續)

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

Gene al app oach (Continued)

一般方法(續)

Stage 2 — Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

第二階段 — 自初始確認以來信貸 風險顯著增加但並非 信貸減值金融資產的 金融工具,其虧損撥 備按等於全期預期信 貸虧損的金額計量

Stage 3 — Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

第三階段 — 於報告日期信貸減值 的金融資產(但並非 購買或原始信貸減 值),其虧損撥備按 等於全期預期信貸虧 損的金額計量

Simplified app oach

簡化方法

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

就不包含重大融資成分的應收賬款而言,或當本集團採用可行權宜方法不予調整重大融資成分的影響時,本集團採納簡化方法計算預期信貸虧損。根據簡化方法,本集團不會追蹤信貸風險之變動,而是根據每個報告日的全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已根據其過往信貸虧損經驗建立撥備矩陣,並根據債務人及經濟環境的前瞻性因素作出調整。

Financial liabili ie

Ini ial ecogni ion and mea, emen

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, borrowings, convertible bonds and derivative financial instruments.

Ş b eg en mea, emen

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabili ie a amo i ed co (loan and bo o ing)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans, borrowings and senior notes are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債

首次確認及計量

於初始確認時,金融負債分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融負債、貸款及借貸、應付款或指定為有效對沖中的對沖工具之衍生工具(如適用)。

所有金融負債初步按公允值確認,倘為 貸款及借貸以及應付款,則扣除直接應 佔交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款及其他 應付款、借貸、可換股債券及衍生金融 工具。

其後計量

金融負債其後視乎以下分類作出計量:

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(貸款及借貸)

在初始確認後,計息貸款、借貸及優先 票據其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本進 行其後計量,但若貼現的影響不重大, 在此情況下,則以成本列賬。當負債終 止確認後,在損益中確認收益及虧損, 或使用實際利率法在攤銷過程中確認收 益及虧損。

攤銷成本的計算需要考慮收購中所產生的折讓或溢價,以及確定構成實際利率 其中部分的費用或成本。對實際利率的 攤銷於損益中列為財務成本。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Financial liabili ie (Continued)

Financial g a an ee con ac

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognised initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contracts at the higher of: (i) the ECL allowance determined in accordance with the policy as set out in "Impairment of financial assets"; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

財務擔保合約

本集團發出的財務擔保合約即規定須付款以償付持有人因特定債務人未能根據債務工具條款償還到期款項而招致損失的合約。財務擔保合約初步按公允值確認為負債,並就發出擔保直接產生的交易成本作出調整。於初步確認後,本集團按以下兩項的較高者計量財務擔保合約:(i)根據「金融資產減值」所載政策釐認的預期信貸虧損撥備;及(ii)初步確認金額減(如適用)確認的累計收入金額。

Financial liabili ie (Continued)

Con e ible bond

The component of convertible bonds that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs. If the conversion option of convertible bonds exhibits characteristics of an embedded derivative, it is separated from its liability component. On initial recognition, the derivative component of the convertible bonds is measured at fair value and presented as part of derivative financial instruments. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the derivative component is recognised as the liability component. Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and derivative components of the convertible bonds based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and derivative components when the instruments are initially recognised. The portion of the transaction costs relating to the liability component is recognised initially as part of the liability. The portion relating to the derivative component is recognised immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

In subsequent periods, the liability component of convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

De ecogni ion of financial liabili ie

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

金融負債(續)

可換股債券

展示負債特性之可換股債券部分會於財務狀況表內確認為負債(扣除交易成本)。倘可換股債券的換股權顯示出的特性,其會從負債機關,可換股債券的換股權認時,可換股債人之值計量,並作為與企業。所得數學的一部份是列。所得數學的一個人工具的一部份。與行生工具的一部份的的一部份。與行生工具的份和關的部份的時間,於可換股債券的的所得數項,於可換股債券的會別。與行生工具的份和關的部份的時間,於明益表中確認。

於往後期間,可換股債券之負債部分乃採用實際利率法按攤銷成本入賬。衍生金融工具按公允值計量,而公允值變動則於損益確認。

終止確認金融負債

當負債項下的責任已解除、取消或屆滿,即會終止確認金融負債。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

De ecogni ion of financial liabili ie (Continued)

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Off e ing of financial in , men

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

De i a i e financial in 🧋 men

Ini ial ecogni ion and " b eg en mea " emen

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive, and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融負債(續)

倘一項現有金融負債被來自同一貸方且 大部分條款不同之另一項金融負債所取 代,或現有負債之條款被大幅修改,則 該項置換或修改視作終止確認原有負債 及確認新增負債處理,而兩者之賬面值 差額於損益中確認。

金融工具之抵銷

倘目前擁有可合法執行權利以抵銷已確認的款項,且有意按淨額基準清償該款項,或變現該等資產及同時清償該等負債,則可抵銷金融資產及金融負債,並於財務狀況表內呈列淨額。

衍生金融工具

初始確認及其後計量

衍生金融工具初步以訂立衍生工具合約 當日的公允值確認,並隨後以公允值再 計量。倘公允值為正數,衍生工具以資 產入賬,而倘公允值為負數,則以負債 入賬。

衍生工具之公允值變動所產生之任何收益或虧損乃直接計入損益中。

Ca h and ca h eg i alen

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

P o i ion

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等值

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值包括手頭現金及活期存款、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金、價值變動風險極微及一般自購入後三個月內到期之短期高流動性投資,扣除須按要求即時償還及構成本集團現金管理不可分割部分之銀行透支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等值包括手頭現金與存放於銀行之現金,包括用途不受限制的定期存款及性質與現金相近之資產。

撥備

倘因過往事件導致現有債務(法定或推定)及日後可能需要有資源流出以償還債務,則確認撥備,惟須能可靠估計有關債務金額。

倘貼現影響屬重大,則確認的撥備金額 為預期需用作償還債務的未來支出於報 告期末之現值。因時間推移而產生的貼 現現值增額於損益表內列為財務成本。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Income a

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from goodwill
 or the initial recognition of an asset or liability in
 a transaction that is not a business combination
 and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither
 the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
 and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅項。有關損益 外確認項目之所得稅於損益外確認,不 論是否於其他全面收入或直接於權益內 確認。

即期稅項資產及負債,乃根據於報告期 末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率(及稅 法),並考慮本集團業務所在國家現行 詮釋及慣例,按預期自稅務當局退回或 付予稅務當局的金額計算。

遞延稅項採用負債法就於報告期末資產 及負債的稅基與兩者用作財務報告的賬 面值之間的所有暫時差額計提撥備。

遞延稅項負債乃就所有應課稅暫時差額 而確認,惟下列情況除外:

> 遞延稅項負債乃因商譽或在一項 並非業務合併的交易中初始確認 資產或負債而產生,並於交易時 並不影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利 或虧損;及

> 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司之權益有關的應課稅暫時差額而言,暫時差額的撥回時間為可控制,而該等暫時差額於可預見將來可能不會撥回。

Income a (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產乃就所有可扣稅暫時差額、未動用稅項抵免及任何未動用稅項 虧損的結轉而確認。遞延稅項資產以有 應課稅溢利以動用可扣稅暫時差額、未 動用稅項抵免及未動用稅項虧損的結轉 以作對銷為限確認,惟下列情況除外:

> 與可扣稅暫時差額有關的遞延稅 項資產乃因在一項並非業務合併 的交易中初始確認資產或負債而 產生,且於交易時並不影響會計 溢利及應課稅溢利或虧損;及

> 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司之權益有關的可扣稅暫時差額而言,遞延稅項資產僅於暫時差額於可見將來有可能撥回以及有應課稅溢利以動用暫時差額以作對銷的情況下,方予確認。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值於各報告期末審 閱,並沖減至不可能再有足夠應課稅溢 利以致可動用全部或部分遞延稅項資產 的水平。並未確認的遞延稅項資產將於 各報告期末重新評估,並於可能將有足 夠的應課稅溢利以致可收回全部或部分 遞延稅項資產時予以確認。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Income a (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Go e nmen g an

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期資產變現 或負債清償的期間所適用的稅率及以報 告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈的稅率(及 稅法)為基準計算。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期 稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且遞延 稅項資產與遞延稅項負債與同一稅務機 關對同一應稅實體或於各未來期間預期 有大額遞延稅項負債或資產需要結算或 清償時,擬按淨額基準結算即期稅項負 債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債之 不同稅務實體徵收之所得稅相關,則遞 延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債可予抵銷。

政府補貼

當能合理確定本集團將收到補貼並符合 補助之所有附帶條件時,則政府補貼按 其公允值確認。當補貼與開支項目相關 時,則於擬用作補償之成本開支之期間 按系統化基準確認為收入。

Re en e ecogni ion

Re en e f om con ac i h c ome

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when or as control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

收益確認

客戶合約收益

客戶合約收益於貨品或服務的控制權轉 移予客戶時予以確認,而該金額反映本 集團預期就提供該等貨品或服務有權獲 得的代價。

當合約中的代價包括可變金額時,估計 代價為本集團將貨品或服務轉移予客戶 而有權獲得的金額。可變代價在合約開 始時作出估計並受其約束,直至與可變 代價相關的不確定性消除,而累計已確 Ypun eu an man a

> 倘合約中包含為客戶提供超過一年的重 大融資利益(撥付轉讓貨品或服務至客 戶)的融資部分,

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Re en e ecogni ion (Continued)

Re en e f om o he g ce

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

O he income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

其他來源之收益

租金收入於租期內按時間比例基準確認。不依賴指數或比率的可變租賃付款在其產生的會計期間內確認為收入。

其他收入

利息收入按應計基準以實際利率法,透過採用將金融工具於預期年期的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產的賬面淨值之比率予以確認。

股息收入於收取付款的股東權利確立、 與股息相關的經濟利益很可能流入本集 團且股息金額能可靠地計量時確認。

O he emplo ee benefi

Pen ion cheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme. Where employees leave the scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer's contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions cannot be used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme (the "Pension Scheme") operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentages of their payroll costs to the Pension Scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the Pension Scheme is to pay the ongoing contributions under the Pension Scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

其他僱員福利

退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為符合資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之僱員推行定額供款強積金計劃。供款乃根據僱員基本薪金之指定百分比計算,並於根據強積金計劃規則應付時自損益扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有,並由獨立管理之基金管理。本集團之僱主供款將於向強積金計劃作出時全數撥歸僱員所有。倘僱員在僱員供款全額歸屬之前退出該計劃,則沒收的供款額不可用於扣減本集團應支付的供款。

本集團於中國內地營運的附屬公司的僱員均須參與由當地市政府設立的統一退休金計劃(「退休金計劃」)。該等附屬公司須向退休金計劃作出佔其薪金成本若干比例的供款。本集團就退休金計劃的唯一責任乃根據退休金計劃持續支付供款。供款於根據退休金計劃規則應付時自損益扣除。

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2.5 Ş mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Bo o ing co

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Fo eign ç encie

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

借貸成本

因收購、建設或生產合資格資產(需要一段長時間方能達至其擬定用途或出售者)而直接產生之借貸成本乃資本化為該等資產之成本一部分。該等借貸成本之資本化於該等資產大致上可準備用作擬定用途或出售時為止。所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間內支銷。借貸成本包括利息及某實體就資金借貸產生的其他成本。

外幣

本財務報表以港元呈列,此乃本公司之功能貨幣。本集團各實體自行釐定其功能貨幣,各實體的財務報表所載項目以其功能貨幣計值。本集團各實體錄得之外幣交易初步按交易日彼等各自之功能貨幣匯率換算入賬。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債按功能貨幣於報告期末適用之匯率換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目而產生之所有差額均於損益表確認。

Fo eign c, encie (Continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

按歷史成本以外幣計量之非貨幣項目,採用初步交易日的匯率換算。按公允值以外幣計量的非貨幣項目,採用計量公允值當日之匯率換算。因重新換算非貨幣項目而產生的損益與該項目公允值變動損益的確認處理方法一致(即於其他全面收入或損益中確認之公允值損益的項目換算差額,亦分別在其他全面收入或損益中確認)。

於終止確認與預付代價相關的非貨幣性 資產或非貨幣性負債時,為釐定初始確 認相關資產、開支或收入採用的匯率, 初步交易日期為本集團初始確認預付代 價產生的非貨幣性資產或非貨幣性負債 當日。倘存在多筆預先付款或收款,本 集團就每筆預付代價的付款或收款釐定 交易日期。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

2.5 § mma of Significan Acco n ing Policie (Continued)

Fo eign c, encie (Continued)

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, an associate and joint ventures are currencies other than Hong Kong dollars. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.5 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

若干海外附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企 業之功能貨幣均為港元以外之貨幣。於 報告期末,該等實體之資產與負債按報 告期末之匯率換算為港元,其損益表則 按與交易當日現行匯承相若之匯率換算 為港元。所產生的匯兌差額於其他全面 收入確認,並累計入匯兌儲備。出售海 外業務時,有關該項海外業務的其他全 面收入部分於損益表中確認。

收購海外業務產生的任何商譽及收購所 導致資產及負債賬面值的任何公允值調 整被當作海外業務的資產及負債,並按 收市匯率換算。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司之現金流量按現金流量日期的適用匯率換算為港元。海外附屬公司於整個年度產生之經常性現金流量,則按年內的加權平均匯率換算為港元。

3. Significan Acco, n ing J dgemen and E ima e

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

J. dgemen

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Pope lea e cla ifica ion G g, p a le o

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership of these properties which are leased out and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

於編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出判斷、估計及假設,而有關判斷、估計及假設,而有關判斷、估計及假設會對收入、開支、資產及負債之申報金額及其隨附披露,以及或然負債之披露造成影響。該等假設及估計之不確定性可能引致須對在未來遭受影響之資產或負債之賬面值進行重大調整。

判斷

於應用本集團會計政策之過程中,除該 等涉及估計者外,管理層已作出以下對 財務報表所確認的金額有最重大影響之 判斷:

物業租賃分類 — 本集團為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商業物業租賃。根據對有關安排條款及條件之評估,如租期不構成商用物業之經濟壽命的主要部分且最低租賃款項現值不等於商用物業之絕大部分公允值,本集團已釐定其保留該等租賃物業所有權附帶的絕大部分主要風險及回報,並將有關合約以經營租賃入賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

J, dgemen (Continued)

Cla ifica ion be een in e men p ope ie and o ne -ocg pied p ope ie

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for these portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業及自置物業兩者間之分類

本集團決定其物業是否屬投資物業,並制定了有關判斷基準。投資物業為持

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

J. dgemen (Continued)

Defe ed a a ion on in e men p ope ie

For the purpose of measuring deferred taxation arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties of HK\$2,730,045,000 (2020: HK\$2,624,229,000), representing properties for residential or commercial use, are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of these investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is rebutted. Accordingly, deferred taxation in relation to these investment properties has been measured based on the tax consequences of recovering the carrying amounts entirely through use.

E ima ion,, nce ain

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

投資物業的遞延稅項

就計量投資物業產生的遞延稅項(採用公允值模式計量者)而言,本公司董事已審閱本集團的投資物業組合,並認為本集團的投資物業為2,730,045,000港元(2020年:2,624,229,000港元)作商業用途的物業乃按隨時間而銷售消耗投資物業內含的絕大部分經濟利益為集團的發域式持有。因此,計量本集事已發物業的遞延稅項時,本公司董事物業的賑重值全部透過銷售收回的假設已被取到已根據全部透過使用收回賬面值的稅務結果計量。

估計不確定性

以下是於本報告期末關於對未來的重要 假設及其他估計不確定的主要來源,該 等假設及估計存在可能導致下一個財政 年度的資產及負債之賬面值有重大調整 風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

E ima ion, nce ain (Continued)

Poi ion fo ECL fo amo n d e fom an a ocia e and join en e and loan ecei able

The Group individually calculates ECLs for its amounts due from an associate and joint ventures and loan receivables. The measurement t3hmoun t3hmoun ceptual er HKFRSom an ass90.055tdually 8culatTdsom

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

E ima ion, nce ain (Continued)

Poi ion fo ECL fo amo, n d, e f om an a ocia e and join en, e and loan ecei able (Continued)

In relation to the valuation of amounts due from an associate and joint ventures, in addition to the above, the management has exercised judgement in estimating the timing and future cash flows to be recovered with reference to the timing of the collection of receivable from the associate and joint ventures, in order to determine the recoverability of the amounts due from the associate and joint ventures.

The carrying amounts and the accumulated ECLs of amounts due from an associate and joint ventures and loan receivables are as follows:

Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

應收一家聯營公司及合營企業款以及應收貸款之預期信貸虧損撥備/續)

有關應收一家聯營公司及合營企業款的 估值,除上述外,管理層參照應收聯營 公司及合營企業收回款的時間,行使專 業判斷評估現金流可收回的時間及金 額,從而決定應收聯營公司及合營企業 款的可收回性。

應收一家聯營公司及合營企業款以及應 收貸款的賬面值及累計預期信貸虧損如 下:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	n= (+		
Ca ing amo n	賬面值		
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款	560,690	584,989
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款	1,809,042	1,029,479
Loan receivables	應收貸款	2,239,727	1,439,301
		4,609,459	3,053,769
	CD + 1 7 T 447 /+ 444 45 40		
Acç, m, la ed ECL	累計預期信貸虧損		
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款	9,416	4,794
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款	3,536	4,354
Loan receivables	應收貸款	12,042	15,004
		24,994	24,152

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

E ima ion, nce ain (Continued)

E ima ion of fai all e of in e men p ope ie and lea ehold land and b ilding

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's investment properties and leasehold land and buildings under property, plant and equipment are stated at fair value of HK\$2,730,045,000 (2020: HK\$2,624,229,000) and HK\$240,742,000 (2020: HK\$235,663,000), respectively, based on the valuation performed by independent qualified professional valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on investment approach and market value basis, which involves, inter-alia, certain estimates, including capitalisation rate, market rent, term yields, reversion yields and comparable market transactions. In relying on the valuation, management has exercised judgement and is satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

Further details, including the key assumptions used for fair value measurement and a sensitivity analysis, for investment properties and leasehold land and buildings, are disclosed in notes 13 and 14 to the financial statements, respectively.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇的公允值 估計

於本報告期末,基於獨立合資格專業估值師的評估,本集團物業、廠房及設備項下的投資物業以及租賃土地及樓宇分別按公允值2,730,045,000港元(2020年:2,624,229,000港元)及240,742,000港元(2020年:235,663,000港元)列賬。在釐定公允值時,估值師以投資法及市值為基準,當中涉及若干估計,包括資本化率、市場租金、年期收益率、復歸收益率及可比較的市場交易。於信賴有關評估時,管理層亦運用其判斷,並信納有關估值方法可反映現時的市場狀況。

更多詳情,包括用於投資物業以及租賃 土地及樓宇的公允值計量及敏感性分析 的關鍵假設,分別於財務報表附註13及 14中披露。

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

E ima ion, nce ain (Continued)

Val a ion of financial a e a fai al e h o gh p ofi o lo

When the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, the fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of mathematical models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. The estimates include considerations of certain unobservable inputs as detailed in note 37 to the financial statements. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the consolidated statement of financial position and the level where the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are disclosed in the fair value hierarchy. Significant management judgements and estimates are required in determining the valuation of financial instruments which are categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. As at 31 December 2021, the amount of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss was HK\$1,120,368,000 (2020: HK\$877,986,000). Further details are disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之估值

當在財務狀況表列賬的以公允值計量且 其變動計入損益之金融資產的公允值不 能由交投活躍市場取得時,則使用多種 估值技術(包括使用數學模式)釐定其 公允值。該等模式的輸入參數在可能情 況下從可觀察市場取得,惟在不可行情 況下,則須作出估計以釐定公允值。有 關估計包括考慮財務報表附註37所詳 述的若干不可觀察輸入參數。有關該 等因素假設的變動可能對綜合財務報表 中以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之 金融資產的已呈報公允值及該等以公允 值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 在公允值等級中披露的等級造成影響。 在釐定歸入第三級公允值等級的金融工 具的估值時需要管理層作出重大判斷 及估計。於2021年12月31日,以公允 值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產 金額為1.120.368.000港元(2020年: 877,986,000港元)。進一步詳情於財 務報表附註19內披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

3. Significan Acco, n ing J, dgemen and E ima e (Continued)

E ima ion, nce ain (Continued)

Impai men a e men of in e men in a join en, e

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for investment in a joint venture at the end of each reporting period. An impairment exists when the carrying value of the investment in the joint venture exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of recoverable amount requires significant judgements by management, in particular, on key internal inputs and external market conditions which impact future cash flows, discount rates and long-term growth rate. If future events do not correspond to the assumptions, the recoverable amount will need to be revised, and this may have impact on the Group's operating performance or financial position. Further details are given in note 18 to the financial statements.

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and has the following reporting segments:

- the investments segment representing the investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loan receivables; and
- (b) the property leasing segment representing holding of properties for rental income potential and/or for capital appreciation

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

於一家合營企業之投資之減值測試

4. 經營分部資料

就管理而言,本集團按產品劃分業務單位,並設有以下可呈報分部:

- (a) 投資分部指以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及應收貸款的投資;及
- (b) 物業租賃分部指為獲取租金收入 及 或資本增值目的持有物業。

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion (Continued)

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit/loss before tax except that non-lease-related finance costs, share of results of associates and joint ventures and corporate expenses are excluded from such measurement.

No segment assets or liabilities is presented as the chief operating decision maker does not regularly review segment assets and liabilities.

4. 經營分部資料(續)

管理層個別監察本集團經營分部業績,以便作出資源分配決策及評估表現。分部表現按可呈報分部溢利 虧損評估,即計量經調整除稅前溢利 虧損。經調整除稅前溢利 虧損之計量與本集團除稅前溢利 虧損貫徹一致,惟有關計量不包括非租賃相關的財務費用、應佔聯營公司及合營企業業績以及企業開支。

由於主要營運決策者並未定期審閱分部 資產及負債,故並無呈列分部資產或負 債。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion (Continued)

4. 經營分部資料(續)

Yea ended 31 Decembe 2021

截至2021年12月31日止年度

		In e men 投資 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	P ope lea ing 物業租賃 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	To al 總計 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元
Revenue	收益			
— Rental income	—租金收入		87,376	87,376
— Dividend income from listed and				
unlisted securities	股息收入	102		102
		102	87,376	87,478
Segment profit	分部溢利	164,943	76,517	241,460
Other unallocated income, gains and losses	其他未分配收入、收益及 虧損			9,970
Corporate expenses	企業開支			(180,170)
Finance costs (other than interest on				(100,110)
lease liabilities)	利息除外)			(405,572)
Share of losses of:	攤佔下列之虧損:			
— associates	— 聯營公司			(45,380)
— joint ventures	— <u>合營企業</u>			(1,417,546)
Loca before toyation	%公公长在 世			(4.707.000)
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損			(1,797,238)
Taxation	稅項			(15,256)
Loss for the year	年內虧損			(1,812,494)

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion (Continued)

Yea ended 31 Decembe 2021

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion (Continued)

4. 經營分部資料(續)

Yea ended 31 Decembe 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Investments 投資 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Property leasing 物業租賃 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue	收益			
— Rental income	—租金收入	_	89,128	89,128
— Dividend income from listed and	一 上市及非上市證券			
unlisted securities	股息收入	116		116
		116	89,128	89,244
Segment profit	分部溢利	211,513	32,603	244,116
Other unallocated income, gains and	其他未分配收入、			
losses	收益及虧損			45,357
Corporate expenses	企業開支			(119,470)
Finance costs (other than interest on				
lease liabilities)	租賃負債利息)			(213,776)
Share of profit or losses of: — an associate	攤佔下列之溢利或虧損:			2 225
— air associate— joint ventures	— 一家聯營公司 — 合營企業			3,325 (404,061)
Joint ventures	口吕近来			(404,001)
Loss before taxation	除稅前虧損			(444,509)
Taxation	稅項			3,401
Loss for the year	年內虧損			(441,108)

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion (Continued) 4. 經營分部資料(續)

Yea ended 31 Decembe 2020

截至2020年12月31日止年度

		Investments 投資 HK\$*000 千港元	Property leasing 物業租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 <i>HK\$*000</i> 千港元	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Oa - man n man:	其他分部資料:				
Depreciation	折舊	_	870	13,290	14,160
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					7, 22
	值變動	(667)	_	_	(667)
Interest income from an associate Interest income from a joint	來自一家聯營公司 的利息收入 來自一家合營企業	22,497	_	_	22,497
venture Interest income from loan	的利息收入 應收貸款的利息收	76,371	_	_	76,371
receivables	λ	181,053	_	_	181,053
Write-off of loan and other receivables	貸款及其他應收款 撇銷	_	_	(62,510)	(62,510)
Reversal of impairment loss on financial assets, net	金融資產減值虧損 撥回淨額	6,352	_	_	6,352
Change in fair value of investment properties Change in fair value of a	投資物業之公允值 變動 衍生金融工具之公	_	(13,555)	_	(13,555)
derivative financial instrument	允值變動	_	_	39,630	39,630
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及 設備的虧損淨額				
equipment		_	(24)	_	(24)
Capital expenditure	資本開支	_	1,936	1,316	3,252
Interest in an associate Interests in a joint venture Share of profit of an associate	一家聯營公司的權益 一家合營企業的權益 攤佔一家聯營公司	_	_	85,569 3,033,385	85,569 3,033,385
Share of losses of joint ventures	溢利	_	_	3,325	3,325
Share or 103363 or joint ventures	新加口音乐来的 虧損	_	_	(404,061)	(404,061)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

4. Ope a ing Segmen Info ma ion (Continued)

4. 經營分部資料(續)

Geog aphical info ma ion

地域資料

Re en e f om e e nal ç ome

來自外部客戶的收益

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong	香港	102	116
PRC PRC	中國	87,376	89,128
		87,478	89,244

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

以上收益資料乃基於客戶所在的地點。

Non-ç en a e

非流動資產

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong	香港	287,176	290,687
PRC	中國	4,673,019	5,757,633
		4,960,195	6,048,320

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loan receivables, amount due from an associate and amounts due from joint ventures.

以上非流動資產資料乃基於資產所在的 地點,不包括以公允值計量且其變動計 入損益的金融資產、應收貸款、應收一 家聯營公司款及應收合營企業款。

Info ma ion abo, majo င့, ome

During the current and prior years, no revenue from a single external customer amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue.

主要客戶的資料

於本年度及過往年度,來自單個外部客 戶的收入概不超過本集團持續經營業務 總收入的10%或以上。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

6. Lo Befo e Ta a ion

6. 除稅前虧損

The Group's loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團除稅前虧損乃經扣除 (計入)下列各項:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
	核數師酬金	7,400	5,350
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	以公允值計量且其變動計入損益 的金融資產之公允值變動	102,689	667
	物業、廠房及設備折舊	40.044	11 27/
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	12,244 3,980	11,376 2,784
Employee benefit expense including directors' and chief executive officer's remuneration (note 8):	僱員福利開支(包括董事及行政總 裁酬金):(附註8)		
Wages and salaries*	工資及薪金*	74,979	64,206
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution scheme)**	退休金計劃供款 (定額供款計劃)**	1,662	2,582
		76,641	66,788
Rental income under operating leases for investment properties, less outgoing of HK\$5,910,000 (2020:	投資物業經營租約之租金收入, 減支銷5,910,000港元 (2020年:9,016,000港元)		
HK\$9,016,000)		(81,466)	(80,112)
ventures***	於合營公司權益之減值***	304,634	_
Impairment loss on other intangible assets***#	其他無形資產減值虧損***#	2,807	_
and an amount due from an	貸款、其他收款及應收一家聯營 公司款撇銷		
associate Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of	金融資產減值/(減值撥回)淨額	37,394	62,510
financial assets, net Change in fair value of investment	投資物業公允值變動	950	(6,352)
properties	投員初来公儿但受到	(31,814)	13,555
Change in fair value of derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具之公允值變動	15,203	(39,630)

6. Lo Befo e Ta a ion (Continued)

- * During the year ended 31 December 2020, wage subsidy of HK\$580,000 was granted from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-Epidemic Fund in Hong Kong. The amount was recognised in the administrative expenses and had been set-off against the amount of wages and salaries. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to this grant.
- ** There were no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.
- *** The impairment on interests in joint ventures is included in "Share of losses of joint ventures" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- ****

 The impairment loss on other intangible assets is included in "Other income, gains and losses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

6. 除稅前虧損(續)

- * 截至2020年12月31日止年度,香港 防疫抗疫基金下的保就業計劃發放工 資補貼580,000港元。該款項已在行 政開支中確認,並已與工資及薪金金 額相抵。此項補助金並無未達成的條 件或或然事項。
- ** 本集團作為僱主並無使用沒收供款以 降低現有供款水平。
- *** 於合營公司權益之減值已計入綜合損益表內的「攤佔合營企業的虧損」。

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7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank loans	銀行貸款利息	12,546	35,216
Interest on other loans	其他貸款利息	229,050	36,077
Interest on convertible bonds	可換股債券利息	149,532	141,955
Interest on senior note	優先票據利息	14,444	528
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	4,436	2,899
		410,008	216,675

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

8. Di ec o ' and Chief E eç i e Office ' Rem ne a ion

The remuneration paid to the Company's directors and the chief executive officer for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

8. 董事及行政總裁酬金

本年度,根據上市規則、香港公司條例 第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披 露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露,支付 予本公司董事及行政總裁的薪酬如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		<i>千港元</i>	千港元
Fees	袍金	3,549	3,600
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in	薪金、津貼及實物福利		
kind	V/122 / / //////////////////////////////	9,475	9,425
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅		952
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	192	132
		9,667	10,509
		13,216	14,109

Di ec o ' and Chief E eç i e Office ' 8. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續) Rem ne a ion (Continued)

(a) Independen non-e eç, i e di ec o

(a) 獨立非執行董事

The fees paid to the Company's independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

年內支付予本公司獨立非執行董 事之袍金如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	HK\$'000
Liang Qing	梁青	400	400
Zhang Lu	張璐	400	
Hung Muk Ming	洪木明	300	300
		1,100	1,100

There were no other emoluments payable to the Company's independent non-executive directors during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

於截至2021年12月31日止年度, 並無其他應付獨立非執行董事之 酬金(2020年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

- 8. Di ec o ' and Chief E eç, i e Office '
 Rem, ne a ion (Continued)
- 8. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)
- (b) E eç i e di ec o , non-e eç i e di ec o and he chief e eç i e office
- (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總 裁

		1 1570	17576	17670	17876	17876
2021	2021年					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Chu Hing Tsung	朱慶凇(附註a)					
(note a)		252				252
Huang Jiajue (note b)	黃佳爵(<i>附註b)</i>	350	3,897		70	4,317
Luo Zhihai	羅智海	600	2,852		122	3,574
Tang Lunfei (note c)	唐倫飛(附註c)	389				389
Wang Ping (note d)	王平(<i>附註d)</i>	168	2,726			2,894
Ma Yilin (note e)	馬懌林(<i>附註e</i>)					
		1,759	9,475		192	11,426
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Chu Hing Tsung	朱慶凇(<i>附註a</i>)					
(note a)	,,	290				290
Chen Zhiwei	陳志偉	400				400
		690				690
		2,449	9,475		192	12,116

- 8. Diec o 'and Chief E eç i e Office '8. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續) Rem, ne a ion (Continued)

 - (b) E eç i e di ec o , non-e eç i e di ec o and he chief e eç i e office (Continued)
- (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總 裁(續)

			Salaries,			
			allowances		Pension	
			and benefits	Discretionary	scheme	Total
		Fees	in kind	bonuses	contributions	remuneration
			薪金、津貼		退休金	
		袍金	及實物福利	酌情花紅	計劃供款	薪酬總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2020	2020年					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Ma Yilin <i>(note e)</i>	馬懌林(附註e)	400	_	_	_	400
Huang Jiajue (note b)	黃佳爵(<i>附註b</i>)	600	6,573	576	66	7,815
Luo Zhihai	羅智海	600	2,852	376	66	3,894
		1,600	9,425	952	132	12,109
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Gao Jian Min (note f)	高建民(附註f)	_	_	_	_	_
Chu Hing Tsung	朱慶凇(附註a)					
(note a)	,	500	_	_	_	500
Chen Zhiwei	陳志偉	400				400
		900	_	_	_	900
		2,500	9,425	952	132	13,009

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

- 8. Di ec o ' and Chief E eç, i e Office '
 Rem, ne a ion (Continued)
 - (b) E eç, i e di ec o , non-e eç, i e di ec o and he chief e eç, i e office (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Chu Hing Tsung has been redesignated from a non-executive director to an executive director and appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company on 1 August 2021.
- (b) Mr. Huang Jiajue resigned as an executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company on 1 August 2021.
- (c) Mr. Tang Lunfei has been appointed as an executive director of the Company on 11 January 2021.
- (d) Mr. Wang Ping has been appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 August 2021.
- (e) Mr. Ma Yilin resigned as an executive director of the Company on 11 January 2021.
- (f) Mr. Gao Jian Min resigned as a non-executive director of the Company on 1 January 2020.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year ended 31 December 2021.

- 8. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)
 - (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及行政總 裁(續)

附註:

- (a) 朱慶凇先生已於2021年8月1日 由非執行董事調任為執行董事 並獲委任為本公司行政總裁。
- (b) 黃佳爵先生已於2021年8月1日 辭任本公司執行董事兼行政總 裁。
- (c) 唐倫飛先生已於2021年1月11 日獲委任為本公司執行董事。
- (d) 王平先生已於2021年8月1日獲 委任為本公司執行董事。
- (e) 馬懌林先生已於2021年1月11 日辭任本公司執行董事。
- (f) 高建民先生已於2020年1月1日 辭任本公司非執行董事。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,概無 本公司有關董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪 酬之安排。

9. Fi e Highe Paid Emplo ee

The five highest paid employees during the year ended 31 December 2021 included three (2020: two) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements. Details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2020: three) highest paid non-director employees for the year are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪僱員

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,五名最高薪僱員包括三名(2020年:兩名)董事,彼等之薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。於截至該年度,其餘兩名(2020年:三名)最高薪非董事僱員之薪酬詳情如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in	薪金、津貼及實物福利		
kind		5,272	6,698
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅		770
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	70	95
		5,342	7,563

The number of non-director highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

薪酬介乎下列範圍之非董事最高薪僱員 數目如下:

		2021	2020
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元		_
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元		1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	2
		2	3

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

10. Ta a ion

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Company and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong incurred tax losses during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

The taxation charge of the PRC Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") for the year has been made based on the Group's estimated assessable profits calculated in accordance with the relevant income tax laws applicable to the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC. Under the Law of the PRC on Corporate Income Tax ("CIT Law") and the Implementation Regulation of the CIT Law, the tax rate of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC was 25% for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 25%).

The withholding tax arising from dividend income received from the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC is calculated at 5%.

10. 稅項

截至2021年12月31日止年度,由於本公司及其於香港之附屬公司錄得稅務虧損,故並沒有提撥香港利得稅(2020年:無)。

年內,中國企業所得稅(「企業所得稅」) 乃本公司於中國之附屬公司以估計應課稅溢利根據適用的相關所得稅法例計算所得之稅項支出。根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法實施細則,截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司於中國之附屬公司之稅率為25%(2020年:25%)。

自本公司於中國之附屬公司收取股息收 入之預扣稅按5%稅率計算。

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 HK\$*000 千港元
Current: PRC CIT — charge for the year	即期: 中國企業所得稅 — 年內支出	3,809	930
Deferred (note 28)	遞延(<i>附註28</i>)	11,447	(4,331)
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year	年內稅項支出 (抵免)總額	15,256	(3,401)

10. Ta a ion (Continued)

A reconciliation of income tax expense/(credit) applicable to loss before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdictions in which the Company and most of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense/(credit) at the effective tax rate for the year is as follows:

10. 稅項(續)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司註冊所在司法權區之法定稅率計算之除稅前虧損適用所得稅開支 (抵免)與按實際稅率計算之本年度稅項開支 (抵免)調整如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	%	2020 HK\$′000 千港元	%
Loca before toy	ᆙᄼᄿᆢᇎᇉ	(4 707 020)		(444 500)	
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(1,797,238)		(444,509)	
Tax credit at the PRC statutory	按中國法定所得 稅率計算之稅				
income tax rate	項抵免	(449,310)	25.0	(111,127)	25.0
Share of results of	攤佔合營企業之				
joint ventures	業績	354,387	(19.7)	101,015	(22.7)
Share of results of	攤佔一家聯營公				
an associate	司業績	11,345	(0.6)	(831)	0.2
Income not subject	毋須課稅收入				
to tax		(25,612)	1.4	(20,813)	4.7
Expenses not	不可扣稅開支				
deductible for tax		52,414	(2.9)	14,121	(3.2)
Tax losses not	未確認稅項虧損				
recognised		72,032	(4.0)	14,234	(3.2)
Tax charge/(credit)	按本集團實際稅				
at the Group's	率計算之稅項				
effective tax rate	支出 (抵免)	15,256	(0.8)	(3,401)	0.8

The share of tax attributable to an associate and joint ventures amounting to Nil (2020: Nil) and tax credit of HK\$278,143,000 (2020: HK\$70,590,000), respectively, are included in "Share of profits or losses of associates and joint ventures" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

攤佔一家聯營公司及合營企業稅項分別為零(2020年:零)及稅項抵免278,143,000港元(2020年:70,590,000港元),已計入綜合損益表內的「攤佔聯營公司及合營企業損益」。

13. In e men P ope ie

13. 投資物業

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	2,624,229	2,486,340
Exchange realignment	正 注	74,002	151,444
Change in fair value recognised in	於損益表確認之公允值變動		
profit or loss		31,814	(13,555)
At the end of the year	於年末	2,730,045	2,624,229

The Group's investment properties are situated in Hong Kong and Mainland China and were revalued on 31 December 2021 based on valuations performed by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited ("Vigers"), an independent professionally qualified valuer, at HK\$2,730,045,000 (2020: HK\$2,624,229,000).

The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further details of which are included in note 15 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2021, the legal title of the Group's investment properties with a carrying value of approximately HK\$109,494,000 (2020: HK\$92,851,000) situated in the PRC has not been passed to the Group.

At 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$2,650,502,000 (2020: HK\$2,542,850,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 25(a)(i)).

本集團的投資物業位於香港及中國內地,乃根據獨立專業合資格估值師威格斯資產評估顧問有限公司「威格斯」)於2021年12月31日所作的估值重估為2,730,045,000港元(2020年: 2,624,229,000港元)。

投資物業根據經營租賃出租予第三方, 進一步詳情載於財務報表附註15。

於2021年12月31日,本集團位於中國的投資物業之賬面值約為109,494,000港元(2020年:92,851,000港元)的業權仍未過戶至本集團。

於2021年12月31日,本集團賬面總值為2,650,502,000港元(2020年:2,542,850,000港元)的若干投資物業已作抵押,以擔保授予本集團的一般銀行信貸(附註25(a)(i))。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

13. In e men P ope ie (Continued)

Fai al e hie a ch

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value measurements of the Group's investment properties are using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, for all investment properties that are measured at fair value, the properties have been used in their highest and best use.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2020: Nil).

13. 投資物業(續)

公允值等級

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度, 本集團投資物業的公允值計量使用重大 不可觀察輸入數據(第3級)。

本公司董事認為,就所有以公允值計量 的投資物業而言,物業之現有用途是最 大及最佳用途。

截至2021年12月31日止年度,第1級與 第2級之間並無公允值計量轉移,亦無 轉入或轉出第3級(2020年:無)。

13. In e men P ope ie (Continued) 13. 投資物業(續)

Fai al, e hie a ch (Continued)

公允值等級(續)

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques and the key inputs used in the valuation of the Group's investment properties:

以下為本集團之投資物業估值所用之估 值技術及主要輸入數據概要:

	Val. a ion echniq e 估值技術	Significan , nob e able ing 重大不可觀察輸入數	2021	2020
Office 寫字樓	Investment approach 投資法	Capitalisation rate (%) 資本化率(%)	6	6
		Market rent (RMB per square meter per month) 市場租金(每月每平方米人民幣元)	120-135	120 — 138
Carpark	Comparison approach	Adjusted transaction price (RMB	200,000 —	200,000—
停車場	比較法	per carpark space) 經調整交易價格(每個車位人民幣 元)	220,000	220,000
Commercial 商業	Investment approach 投資法	Capitalisation rate (%) 資本化率(%)	6	6
		Market rent (RMB per square meter per month) 市場租金(每月每平方米人民幣元)	78 — 150	70 — 145
Residential (located in Hong Kong)	Comparison approach	Adjusted transaction price (HK\$ per square foot)	28,719 — 34,427	26,073 — 34,532
住宅(位於香港)	比較法	經調整交易價格(每平方呎港元)	34,427	34,332
Residential and commercial (located in the PRC)	Comparison approach	Adjusted transaction price (RMB per square meter)	19,584 — 31,852	22,930 — 56,616
住宅及商業(位於中國)	比較法	經調整交易價格(每平方米 人民幣元)		

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13. In e men P ope ie (Continued)

Fai al. e hie a ch (Continued)

The fair value was determined by reference to comparable sales transactions available in the relevant market or by investment approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for these types of properties. The market rentals are assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units of the properties as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar commercial properties and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's investment properties.

A significant increase/decrease in the market rent and adjusted transaction price in isolation would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the investment properties. A significant increase/decrease in the capitalisation rate in isolation would result in a significant decrease/increase in the fair value of the investment properties.

13. 投資物業(續)

公允值等級(續)

公允值是參考於相關市場之可供比較的 銷售交易或以投資法藉評估所有可出租 物業單位之市場租金及使用投資者就此 類物業所預期的市場回報率折現而釐 定。市場租金評估是參考已完成出租物 業單位之租金及其他鄰近之相若出租物 業作出。資本化率是參考分析相若出物 業作出。資本化率是參考分析相若商業 物業之銷售交易所得之收益率而作出, 並予以調整以計及物業投資者的市場預 期從而反映本集團投資物業之特別因 素。

投資物業市場租金及經調整交易價格單獨大幅上升 下降將導致其公允值大幅增加 減少。資本化率單獨大幅上升下降將導致投資物業公允值大幅減少增加。

14. P ope , Plan and Eg ipmen

14. 物業、廠房及設備

		Lea ehold land and by ilding 租賃土地	Lea ehold imp o emen	F _e ni _e e and fi _{ee} e	Office eg ipmen	Mo o ehicle	To al
		及樓宇 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	租賃物業裝修 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	傢俬及設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	辦公室設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	汽車 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	合計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
31 Decembe 2021	2021年12月31日						
At 1 January 2021: Cost Revalued amount Accumulated depreciation	2021年1月1日: 成本 重估金額 累計折舊及減值	235,663	17,714	5,848	2,530	23,937	50,029 235,663
and impairment	жилыхии		(16,363)	(1,074)	(2,108)	(15,226)	(34,771)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	235,663	1,351	4,774	422	8,711	250,921
At 1 January 2021, net of accumulated depreciation	於2021年1月1日 , 累計折舊及減值淨額						
and impairment		235,663	1,351	4,774	422	8,711	250,921
Exchange realignment Additions	匯兌調整 添置	103	24 10,309	140	(58) 10,012	228	437 20,321
Disposals	出售		10,000		10,012	(408)	(408)
Revaluation	重估	12,632				, ,	12,632
Depreciation provided during	年內計提折舊撥備						
the year		(7,656)	(1,191)	(4)	(1,828)	(1,565)	(12,244)
At 31 December 2021, net of accumulated depreciation	於2021年12月31日 , 累計折舊及減值淨額						
and impairment		240,742	10,493	4,910	8,548	6,966	271,659
At 31 December 2021:	於2021年12月31日:		00.004	5000	40.545	00.000	00.005
Cost Revalued amount Accumulated depreciation	成本 重估金額 累計折舊及減值	240,742	28,324	5,988	12,517	22,266	69,095 240,742
and impairment			(17,831)	(1,078)	(3,969)	(15,300)	(38,178)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	240,742	10,493	4,910	8,548	6,966	271,659

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14. P ope , Plan and Eq. ipmen (Continued) 14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Leasehold land and buildings	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		租賃土地		12 P 10 M		V	A 21
		及樓宇	租賃物業裝修	傢俬及設備	辦公室設備	汽車	合計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
31 Decembe 2020	2020年12月31日						
At 1 January 2020:	2020年1月1日:						
Cost	成本	_	17,375	5,813	2,394	20,968	46,550
Revalued amount	重估金額	299,240	_	_	_	_	299,240
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊及減值						
and impairment			(15,366)	(1,182)	(1,895)	(13,515)	(31,958)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	299,240	2,009	4,631	499	7,453	313,832
At 1 January 2020, net of	於2020年1月1日,累計折舊						
accumulated depreciation	及減值淨額						
and impairment	INTERIOR DE	299,240	2,009	4,631	499	7,453	313,832
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	211	78	286	21	218	814
Additions	添置	_	172	36	107	2,937	3,252
Disposals	出售	(19,580)	_	(163)	_	(79)	(19,822)
Revaluation	重估	(35,779)	_	_	_	_	(35,779)
Depreciation provided during	年內計提折舊撥備						
the year		(8,429)	(908)	(16)	(205)	(1,818)	(11,376)
At 31 December 2020, net of	於2020年12月31日,累計折						
accumulated depreciation	舊及減值淨額						
and impairment		235,663	1,351	4,774	422	8,711	250,921
At 31 December 2020:	於2020年12月31日:						
Cost	成本	_	17,714	5,848	2,530	23,937	50,029
Revalued amount	重估金額	235,663	_	_	_	_	235,663
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊及減值						
and impairment		_	(16,363)	(1,074)	(2,108)	(15,226)	(34,771)
Net carrying amount	販面淨值	235,663	1,351	4,774	422	8,711	250,921

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14. P ope , Plan and Eg ipmen (Continued)

At 31 December 2021, the legal titles of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with a carrying value of approximately HK\$38,672,000 (2020: HK\$33,395,000) situated in the PRC have not been passed to the Group.

The fair values of the Group's leasehold land and buildings at 31 December 2021 and 2020 have been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out by Vigers. The valuations were arrived at using direct comparison method by reference to sales evidence as available on the market, and investment approach, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed and discounted at the market yield expected by investors for these types of properties. The market rentals are assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units of the properties as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yields derived from analysing the sales transactions of similar commercial properties and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's leasehold land and buildings. The revaluation surplus on revaluation of the leasehold land and buildings amounting to approximately HK\$12,632,000 (2020: revaluation deficit of HK\$35,779,000) was credited to asset revaluation reserve.

At 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$198,500,000 (2020: HK\$198,800,000) were pledged to secure general banking and other facilities granted to the Group (note 25(a)(ii)).

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團位於中國的賬面價值約為38,672,000港元(2020年:33,395,000港元)之租賃土地及樓宇的業權並未過戶至本集團。

本集團的租賃土地及樓宇於2021年及 2020年12月31日之公允值乃基於威格 斯所作出之價值評估所得。該等估值乃 使用直接比較法經參照市場可取得的銷 售證據以及投資法釐定,當中所有可出 租物業單位之市場租金乃按投資者就此 類物業所預期的市場回報率進行評估及 折現。市場租金評估是參考已完成出租 物業單位之租金及其他鄰近相近之出租 物業。資本化利率是參考分析於香港之 相似商業物業之銷售交易及調整物業投 資者對市場的期望從而反映本集團租賃 土地及樓宇之特別因素。租賃土地及樓 宇重估盈餘金額約為12,632,000港元 (2020年:重估虧絀35,779,000港元) 已計入資產重估儲備。

於2021年12月31日,本集團賬面總值為 198,500,000港元(2020年:198,800,000 港元)的若干租賃土地及樓宇已作抵押, 以擔保授予本集團的一般銀行及其他信 貸(附註25(a)(ii))。

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14. P ope , Plan and Eq ipmen (Continued)

Fai al e hie a ch

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value measurements of the leasehold land and buildings are using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, for leasehold land and buildings that are measured at fair value, the properties have been used in their highest and best use.

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3.

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques and the key inputs used in the valuation of the Group's leasehold land and buildings:

14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

公允值等級

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,本集團租賃土地及樓宇的公允值計量使用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3級)。

本公司董事認為,就以公允值計量的租 賃土地及樓宇而言,物業之現有用途是 最大及最佳用途。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度, 第1級與第2級之間並無公允值計量轉 移,亦無轉入或轉出第3級。

以下為本集團租賃土地及樓宇估值所用 之估值技術及主要輸入數據概要:

	Val a ion echnig e 估值技術	Significan ,nob e able ing 重大不可觀察輸入數據		l a e age P均值 2020
Office (located in the PRC)	Investment approach 投資法	Term yields 年期收益率	5.5%	5.5%
寫字樓(位於中國)		Reversion yields 復歸收益率	6.0%	6.0%
		Market rents (RMB per square meter per month) 市場租金(每月每平方米人民 幣元)	75	78
Office (located in Hong Kong) 寫字樓 位於香港)	Comparison approach 比較法	Adjusted transaction price (HK\$ per square foot) 經調整交易價格 (每平方呎港元)	35,451-71,435	46,386-47,743

14. P ope , Plan and Eq ipmen (Continued)

Fai al. e hie a ch (Continued)

A significant increase/decrease in the market rent and adjusted transaction price in isolation would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

15. Lea e

The G o, p a a le ee

The Group leased office premises in the PRC under operating lease arrangements. Leases for the property are negotiated for a term of 13 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

(a) Righ -of- e a e

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃中國的辦公室物業。物業的租約經磋商後為期13年。一般而言,本集團不得將租賃資產轉讓及分租至本集團以外。

(a) 使用權資產

本集團使用權資產年內的賬面值 及變動如下:

HK\$'000 千港元 As at 1 January 2020 於2020年1月1日 Additions 添置 57,155 Depreciation charge 折舊費用 (2,784)Exchange realignment 匯兌調整 (155)As at 31 December 2020 and 於2020年12月31日及2021年1月1日 1 January 2021 54,216 Additions as a result of acquisition of a 因收購一家附屬公司而添置 subsidiary 143 Depreciation charge 折舊費用 (3,980)Exchange realignment 匯兌調整 1,394 A a 31 Decembe 2021 於2021年12月31日 51,773

15. Lea e (Continued)

The G o p a a le ee (Continued)

(b) Lea e liabili ie

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

年內租賃負債的賬面值及變動如 下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year	年初	48,532	_
New leases	新租賃		57,155
Additions as a result of acquisition of a subsidiary	因收購一家附屬公司而添置	145	_
Accretion of interest recognised	年內確認的利息增加		
during the year		4,436	2,899
Payments	付款		(11,685)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	1,339	163
Carrying amount at end of year	年內賬面值	54,452	48,532
Carrying amount at one of year	十八級四屆	04,402	40,332
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Current portion	流動部分	2,048	_
Non-current portion	非流動部分	52,404	48,532
		54,452	48,532

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 38 to the financial statements.

租賃負債的到期日分析於財務報表附註38披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

15. Lea e (Continued)

The G o, p a a le ee (Continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 就租賃於損益中確認的金額如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息	4,436	2,899
Depreciation charge of right-of-use	使用權資產的折舊費用		
assets		3,980	2,784
Expenses relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支(包		
(included in administrative expenses)	括行政費用)	_	2,760
Total amount recognised in profit or	於損益確認的總金額		
loss		8,416	8,443

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 32(b) to the financial statements.

The G o p a a le o

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group leased its investment properties consisting of certain residential and commercial properties in the PRC under operating lease arrangements with leases negotiated for terms ranging from 1 to 15 years (2020: 1 to 20 years). Rental income recognised by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$87,376,000 (2020: HK\$89,128,000), details of which are included in note 5 to the financial statements.

(d) 租賃的現金流出總額於財務報表 附註32(b)披露。

本集團作為出租人

截至2021年12月31日止年度內,本集團根據經營租約安排出租其投資物業(包括若干於中國的住宅及商業物業),租期經磋商介乎為1至15年(2020年:1至20年)。本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年度內確認的租金收入約為87,376,000港元(2020年:89,128,000港元),詳情載於綜合財務報表附註5。

15. Lea e (Continued)

The G o p a a le o (Continued)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group had the following undiscounted lease payments receivable in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants:

15. 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

於報告期末,本集團根據與其租戶之不可撤銷經營租約之未來期間應收未貼現租賃付款如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	80,172	66,892
After one year but within two years	一年後兩年內	47,813	39,437
After two years but within three years	兩年後三年內	20,181	29,807
After three years but within four years	三年後四年內	13,374	14,980
After four years but within five years	四年後五年內	8,765	11,750
After five years	五年以後	39,258	42,994
		209,563	205,860

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Net carrying amount

16. O he In angible A e

16. 其他無形資產

Licenses 牌照 HK\$'000

		<i>千港元</i> ————
31 Decembe 2021	2021年12月31日	
Cost at 1 January 2021, net of accumulated amortisation	2021年1月1日的成本,累計攤銷淨額	_
Acquisition of a subsidiary that is not a	收購並非為業務的附屬公司(附註31)	
business (note 31)		5,621
Amortisation provided during the year	年內撥備攤銷	_
Impairment during the year	年內減值	(2,807)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	2,814
At 31 December 2021:	於2021年12月31日:	
Cost	成本	2,814
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	_

賬面淨值

Intangible assets related to the licenses for the provision of financial services were arising from the acquisition of a subsidiary that is not a business (note 31). The licenses have no finite period over which the Group can use to generate net cash flows. The directors consider the licenses as having indefinite useful lives as they are expected to contribute to net cash inflows indefinitely. The licenses will not be amortised and are carried at cost less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses until their useful lives are determined to be finite.

與提供金融服務牌照相關的無形資產來自收購一家並非為業務的附屬公司(附註31)。牌照並無有限期,而於有關期間內本集團可使用牌照以帶來現金流量淨額。由於牌照預期可無限期帶來淨現金流入,因此董事將牌照視為由可無限使用年期。牌照不會予以攤銷,並按成本減任何後續累計減值虧損列賬,直至其使用年期獲確定為有限。

17. In e e in A ocia e

		2021 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	335,507	85,569
Amount due from an associate Impairment	應收一家聯營公司款 減值	570,106 (9,416)	589,783 (4,794)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

17. In e e in A ocia e (Continued)

The following table shows the reconciliation of loss allowance for an amount due from an associate:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
At the beginning of the year Impairment loss provided/(reversed)	於年初 年內計提減值虧損 (減值虧損	4,794	5,993
during the year	等	4,622	(1,199)
At the end of the year	於年末	9,416	4,794

Particulars of the associates are as follows:

		Pe cen age of		
			o ne hip in e e	
	Pa iç la of	Place of egi a ion	a iţ, able o	
Name	eg i held	and b _y ine	he G q, p 本集團應佔	P incipal ac i i ie
名稱	所持權益資料	登記及營業地點	擁有權權益比例	主要業務

Cinda Jianrun Property

Company LimitedCFrxtAobJUmêĐà

17. In e e in A ocia e (Continued)

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of associates '(loss)/profit for	分佔聯營公司年內(虧損) 溢利		
the year		(45,380)	3,325
Share of the associates 'total	分佔聯營公司全面收益總額		
comprehensive income		(45,380)	8,519
Aggregate carrying amount of	本集團於聯營公司之投資之賬面		
the Group 's investments in the	總值		
associates		335,507	85,569

18. In e e in Join Ven e

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net assets Impairment	分佔淨資產減值	1,873,031 (304,634)	3,033,385

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18. In e e in Join Ven, e (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, except for the amount of HK\$1,506,954,000 (2020: HK\$969,951,000) which was unsecured, non-trade in nature, carrying interest at fixed rates ranged between 4.35% and 8% (2020: 4.35%) per annum and repayable on 31 December 2022, subject to the financial capability of the joint venture to repay as scheduled, the amounts due from joint ventures were unsecured, non-trade in nature, interest-free and repayable on demand.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, an impairment loss of HK\$304,634,000 (2020: Nil) was recognised by the Group for the investment in ZHYQ (as defined below). The recoverable amount of the Group's investment in ZHYQ was determined based on value-in-use calculations using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 15.28%. The cash flow projections beyond the period of financial budgets were extrapolated using a growth rate of 2%, which did not exceed the long-term average growth rate of the industry. Based on the impairment assessment performed, the recoverable amount was approximately HK\$1,544 million. Key assumptions on which management has based its cash flow projections to perform impairment testing includes: (i) sales growth rates and budgeted gross margins on the petrochemical business which is based on expected market development and management experience in the industry; and (ii) pre-tax discount rate which reflects specific risks relating to the underlying business.

An impairment analysis was performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default of the amounts due from joint ventures. As at 31 December 2021, the probability of default applied ranged from 0.1% to 2.6% (2020: 0.2% to 1.1%) and the loss given default was estimated to be 31.2% (2020: 25.4%). As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, none of the financial assets included in the above balances were overdue and all balances were categorised within Stage 1 for the assessment of ECLs.

18. 於合營企業之權益(續)

於2021年12月31日,除1,506,954,000 港元(2020年:969,951,000港元)的金 額為無抵押、非交易性、以固定年利率 介乎4.35%及8%(2020年:4.35%)計 息及須於2022年12月31日償還外,視 合營企業的財務能力如期償還而定,應 收合營企業款為無抵押、非交易性、不 計息及須按要求償還。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團 就於中海油氣(定義見下文)之投資確認 減值虧損304,634,000港元(2020年: 無)。本集團於中海油氣之投資的可收 回金額乃根據高級管理層批准的五年期 財務預算,使用現金流量預測計算使用 價值而釐定。適用於現金流量預測的 稅前貼現率為15.28%。超出財務預算 期的現金流量預測採用2%的增長率推 測,並未超過行業長期平均增長率。根 據進行的減值評估,可收回金額約為 1,544,000,000港元。管理層根據其現 金流量預測進行減值測試的主要假設包 括:(i)基於行業預期市場發展及管理經 驗的石化業務的銷售增長率及預算毛利 率;(ii)反映與相關業務相關的特定風險 的稅前貼現率。

於各報告日,經考慮應收合營企業的違約概率後進行減值分析。於2021年12月31日,所應用之違約概率為0.1%至2.6%(2020年:0.2%至1.1%),估計違約損失率為31.2%(2020年:25.4%)。於2021年及2020年12月31日,上述結餘中的金融資產概無逾期,所有結餘均歸類為評估預期信貸虧損的第一階段。

18. In e e in Join Ven e (Continued)

18. 於合營企業之權益(續)

The following table shows the reconciliation of loss allowance for the amounts due from joint ventures:

下表列示就應收一家合營企業款之虧損 撥備之調整:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
At the beginning of the year Impairment loss (reversed)/provided	於年初 年內計提減值(撥回)	4,354	2,543
during the year	虧損	(818)	1,811
At the end of the year	於年末	3,536	4,354

Particulars of the joint ventures are as follows:

合營企業詳情如下:

Pe cen age of

Name	Pa iç la of eg i held	Place of egi a ion and by ine	o ne hip in e e a ib able o he G o p 本集團應佔	P incipal ac i i ie
名稱	所持權益資料	登記及營業地點	擁有權權益比例	主要業務
Zhong Hai You Qi (Tai Zhou) Petrochemical Company Limited ("ZHYQ")#	Registered capital	PRC	51%	Production and trading of petroleum and petrochemical products
中海油氣(泰州)石化有限公司(「中海油氣」)#	註冊股本	中國		生產及銷售石油及 石化產品
Meizhou City Ji Shan Operation Management Company Limited#^	Registered capital	PRC	50%	Investment in urban renewal projects
梅州市集善經營管理 有限公司#^	註冊股本	中國		投資城市更新項目

- * Registered as a domestic limited liability company under the PRC law
- ^ The English names of these companies represent the best effort made by management of the Company to directly translate their Chinese names as they did not register any official English names.
- # 根據中國法律註冊為國內有限責任公司。
- ^ 由於並未註冊任何官方英文名稱,該 等公司的英文名稱乃本公司管理層盡 最大努力由其中文名稱直譯所得。

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18. In e e in Join Ven, e (Continued)

ZHYQ is considered as a material joint venture of the Group and is accounted for using equity method.

The following table illustrates the summarised financial information in respect of ZHYQ adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciled to the

18. In e e in Join Ven, e (Continued)

During the year, following a tax self-review conducted as required by the relevant tax authority ("Tax Authority") in the PRC regarding the sales of certain petrochemical products by ZHYQ, additional sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years was charged to profit or loss of ZHYQ during the year ended 31 December 2021, leading to the substantial increase in the loss of ZHYQ for the year. The final amounts of sales tax and related tax surcharge and late fees for prior years payable by ZHYQ are subject to the final review of the Tax Authority.

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's joint ventures that are not individually material:

18. 於合營企業之權益(續)

年內,根據中國有關稅務機關「稅務機關」的要求,就中海油氣銷售的若干石化產品進行稅務自查後,過往年度的額外消費稅及相關附加稅及滯納金已於截至2021年12月31日止年度自中海油氣的損益扣除,引致中海油氣本年的虧損大幅增加。中海油氣應繳的過往年度額外消費稅及相關附加稅及滯納金的最終金額以稅務機關的最終審核為準。

下表列示本集團個別而言並不重大的合營企業的財務資料匯總:

		2021 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of the joint ventures' profit for the year	攤佔合營企業年內溢利		_
Share of the joint ventures' total comprehensive income	攤佔合營企業全面收益總額		_
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investments in the joint	本集團於合營企業之投資之 賬面值總額		
ventures		24,450	_

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

19. Financial A e a Fai Val e Th o gh P ofi o Lo

19. 以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的 金融資產

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
Listed equity investment, at fair value	上市股本投資,按公允值	169,992	4,127
Unlisted equity securities	非上市股本證券	70,078	64,529
Unlisted funds	非上市基金	461,754	583,441
Non-performing assets portfolio	不良資產組合	415,804	223,109
Others	其他	2,780	2,780
		1,120,368	877,986
Current portion	流動部分	(952,679)	(875,206)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	167,689	2,780

The above equity investments at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as they were held for trading.

The above unlisted funds and non-performing assets portfolio at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows were not solely payments of principal and interest. Details of the fair value hierarchy of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are set out in note 37 to the financial statements.

於2021年及2020年12月31日,上述股本投資分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產,原因為其持作買賣。

於2021年及2020年12月31日,上述非上市基金及不良資產組合被強制分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產,原因為其合約現金流量並非僅為本金及利息付款。以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之公允值等級詳情載於財務報表附註37。

20. Loan Recei able

20. 應收貸款

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
Loan receivables, unsecured Impairment	應收貸款,無抵押 減值	2,251,769 (12,042)	1,454,305 (15,004)
Current portion	流動部分	2,239,727 (2,239,727)	1,439,301 (1,207,369)
Non-current portion	非流動部分		231,932

As at 31 December 2021, loan receivables guaranteed by Taizhou Xin Bin Jiang Development Limited, a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary of the Company, of an amount of approximately HK\$163,020,000 (2020: HK\$163,020,000) was unsecured, carrying interest at fixed rate of 4.75% (2020: 4.75%) per annum and repayable on demand (2020: repayable in December 2021) and was categorised under Stage 2 (2020: Stage 1) for the assessment of ECLs.

As at 31 December 2021, loan receivables outstanding from independent third parties of an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$1,622,249,000 (2020: HK\$386,401,000) were unsecured, carrying interest at fixed rates of 15% to 20% per annum (2020: fixed rates of 12% to 15% per annum) and have maturity period of 4 months to 1 year (2020: 6 months to 2 years) and these balances were categorised under Stage 1 for the assessment of ECLs.

Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited

於2021年12月31日,由本公司一間附屬公司之非控股股東泰州新濱江開發責任公司擔保之應收貸款約163,020,000港元)為無抵押,按4.75%(2020年:4.75%)固定年利率計息及按要求償還(2020年:於2021年12月償還),並被歸入評估預期信貸虧損的第二階段(2020年:第一階段)。

於2021年12月31日,應收獨立第三方 未償還的應收貸款總額約1,622,249,000 港元(2020年:386,401,000港元)為無 抵押,按年利率15%至20%的固定利率 計息(2020年:按年利率12%至15%的 固定利率計息),到期日為4個月至1年 (2020年:6個月至2年),該等餘額被歸 入評估預期信貸虧損的第一階段。

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20. Loan Recei able (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021, loan receivables outstanding from independent third parties of an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$466,500,000 (2020: HK\$904,884,000) were unsecured, carrying interest at fixed rates of 15% per annum and were overdue for payment ranging from 2 to 6 months (2020: 1 to 6 months) and these balances were categorised under Stage 2 for the assessment of ECLs.

As at 31 December 2019, loan receivables outstanding from an independent third party of an amount of approximately HK\$53,013,000 were unsecured, carrying interest at floating rate by reference to the interest rate of the People's Bank of China. The balance was written off as uncollectible during the year ended 31 December 2020.

The following table shows the reconciliation of loss allowance that has been recognised for 12-month ECL for loan receivables:

20. 應收貸款(續)

於2021年12月31日,應收獨立第三方 未償還的貸款總額約466,500,000港元 (2020年:904,884,000)為無抵押、按 固定年利率15%計息,且付款逾期介乎 2個月至6個月(2020年;1至6個月), 該等餘額被歸入評估預期信貸虧損的第 二階段。

於2019年12月31日,應收獨立第三方 未償還的貸款金額約53,013,000港元為 無抵押,參照中國人民銀行利率以浮動 利率計息。餘額已於截至2020年12月 31日止年度撇銷列作無法收回。

下表列示就應收貸款12個月預期信貸虧 損確認之虧損撥備之調整:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	15,004	23,172
At the beginning of the year Impairment loss reversed during the	年內減值虧損撥回	15,004	23,172
year		(2,962)	(6,964)
Amount written off as uncollectible	撇銷為無法收回的款項		(1,204)
At the end of the year	於年末	12,042	15,004

An impairment analysis was performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default of loan receivables. As at 31 December 2021, the probability of default applied ranged from 0.1% to 4.8% (2020: 0.5% to 2.0%) and the loss given default was estimated to be 31.2% (2020: 25.4%).

於各報告日,經考慮應收貸款的違約概率後進行減值分析。於2021年12月31日,所應用之違約概率為0.1%至4.8%(2020年:0.5%至2.0%),估計違約損失率為31.2%(2020年:25.4%)。

21. Tade Recei able

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice dates at the end of the reporting period, which approximated on the respective revenue recognition dates:

21. 應收賬款

下列是按發票日為基準之應收賬款與相 應收入確認日期相約之應收賬款於報告 期末之賬齡分析:

> 2021 *HK\$'000 千港元*

2020 HK\$'000 千港元

Within 1 month

1個月內

4,377

7,317

The Group's trade receivables represent receivables arising from the rental income from tenants. The credit period is generally one month to two months. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management.

Since the Group's trade receivables were related to a number of diversified customers as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, there was no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. Based on evaluation on ECL rate and gross carrying amount, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the financial impact of ECL in respect of these balances is considered immaterial. As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the loss allowance for trade receivables was assessed to be minimal.

本集團的應收賬款指來自租戶的租金收入所產生之應收款。信貸期一般為一至兩個月。本集團務求維持嚴格控制尚未 償還之應收款項,而管理層會定期審閱 逾期結餘。

於2021年及2020年12月31日,由於本集團的應收賬款與多名不同客戶有關,故並無重大信貸集中風險。本集團並無就其應收賬款結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信貸增強措施。應收賬款並不計息。

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號的精簡方法計提預期信貸虧損,該準則允許就所有應收賬款採用存續期間的預期虧損撥備。根據對預期信貸虧損率及賬面總額的評估,本公司董事認為,預期信貸虧損對該等結餘的財務影響甚微。於2021年及2020年12月31日,應收賬款的虧損撥備被評估為極低。

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22. Depo i , P epa men and O he Recei able

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan interest receivables	應收貸款利息	245,152	86,648
Prepayments	預付款	257	13,059
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款	468,666	320,760
		714,075	420,467

23. Pledged Bank Depo i and Ca h and Bank Balance



2020 HK\$'000 千港元

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

24. Acc_y ed Cha ge , Ren al Depo i and O he Pa able

24. 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Purchase of land use rights	收購土地使用權	46,088	44,775
Accrued charges	應計費用	146,553	111,385
Rental deposits	租務按金	18,410	16,859
Other payables	其他應付款	146,272	114,141
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	47,793	_
		405,116	287,160

於2021年及2020年12月31日,於中國

The payable for the purchase of land use rights in the PRC as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 is due to an independent third party and is secured by certain of the Group's investment properties of approximately HK\$82,152,000 (2020: HK\$69,240,000). The amount bears interest at a fixed interest rate of 4.68% per annum for both years and is repayable on demand. As at 31 December 2021, the relevant interest payable included in the above was approximately HK\$47,559,000 (2020: HK\$46,203,000).

The financial guarantee contracts represent guarantees given in connection with the loans of a joint venture. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over the guarantees.

24. Acc, ed Cha ge, Ren al Depo i and O he Pa able (Continued)

The financial guarantee contracts are measured at the higher of the ECL allowance and the amount initially recognised less the cumulative amount of income recognised. The ECL allowance is measured by estimating the cash shortfalls, which are based on the expected payments to reimburse the holders (i.e., the banks) for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the debtor (i.e., the joint venture). During the year ended 31 December 2021, no ECL allowance was provided as a result of the loans of the joint venture (2020: Nil).

The credit exposure of the financial guarantee contracts is classified as Stage 1. During the year, there were no transfers between stages (2020: Nil).

Except for the above, the accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

24. 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款 (續)

財務擔保合約按預期信貸虧損撥備及初始確認金額減累計確認收入金額中的較高者計量。預期信貸虧損撥備透過估算現金缺口計量,而這按為彌償持有人(即銀行)產生的信貸虧損預期支付的款項減本集團預期從債務人(即合營企業)收到的任何金額計算。於截至2021年12月31日止年度,並無因合營企業的借貸而作出預期信貸虧損撥備(2020年:無)。

財務擔保合同之信貸風險獲分類至第 一級。於本年度,概無於級間的轉撥 (2020年:無)。

除上述者外,應計費用、租務按金及其 他應付款為無抵押、免息及須按要求歸 還。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

25. In e e -Bea ing Bank and O he Bo o ing 25. 計息銀行及其他借貸

		2021			2020		
		Effecie inee ae 實際利率	Ma _w i 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元	Effective interest rate 實際利率	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港 元
C en	即期						
Ç en Bank loans — secured	銀行貸款 - 有抵押	5%	2022	14,670	5.635%	2021	41,568
Other loans — secured	其他貸款 – 有抵押	3.05% o 11%	2022	491,981	12%	2021	142,874
Other loans — unsecured		5.35%	2022	34,386	5.35%	2021	33,406
Senior note — secured	優先票據 – 有抵押		2022		7.5%	2021	151,461
				541,037			369,309
Non-ç, en	非即期						
Bank loans — secured	銀行貸款 – 有抵押	5%	2023 o 2024	163,203	5.635%	2022 to 2026	546,318
Other loans — secured	其他貸款 – 有抵押	3.05% o 11%	2023 o 2026	3,030,425	9% to 12%	2022 to 2023	1,024,794
				3,193,628			1,571,112
				3,734,665			1,940,421

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25. In e e -Bea ing Bank and O he Bo o ing (Continued)

25. 計息銀行及其他借貸(續)

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Applycad into	八七岁,		
Analysed into: Bank loans repayable:	分析為: 應償還銀行貸款		
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按要求	14,670	41,568
In the second year	第二年	18,337	47,506
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年	10,001	17,000
in the time to inth years, melacite	(包括首尾兩年)	144,866	320,665
Over five years	五年後		178,147
		177,873	587,886
Other loans and senior note	———————————— 應償還其他貸款		
repayable:	及優先票據:		
Within one year	一年內	526,367	327,741
In the second year	第二年	66,770	229,069
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	第三至第五年		,
	(包括首尾兩年)	2,963,655	795,725
		3,556,792	1,352,535
		3,734,665	1,940,421

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's borrowings were secured or guaranteed by:
 - (i) pledges over the Group's investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$2,650,502,000 (2020: HK\$2,542,850,000) (note 13); and
 - pledges over the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$198,500,000 (2020: HK\$198,800,000) (note 14);
- (b) As at 31 December 2021, other than certain bank borrowings with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$5,645,000 (2020: HK\$294,058,000) denominated in United States dollars, all bank and other borrowings were denominated in RMB as at the end of the reporting period.

附註:

- (a) 於2021年12月31日,本集團若干借 貸乃以下列各項作抵押或擔保:
 - (i) 本集團賬面總值為 2,650,502,000港元(2020年: 2,542,850,000港元)的投資物 業之質押(附註13);及
 - (ii) 本集團賬面總值為198,500,000 港元(2020年:198,800,000港 元)的租賃土地及樓宇之質押 (附註14);
- (b) 於2021年12月31日,除賬面總值為 5,645,000港元以美元計值(2020年: 294,058,000港元)之若干銀行借貸 外,於報告期末,所有銀行及其他借 貸均以人民幣計值。

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

25. In e e -Bea ing Bank and O he Bo o ing (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

On 8 December 2020, the Company as the issuer, Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, a then non-executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of the Company, as the guarantor, CNCB (Hong Kong) Investment Limited ("Investor") as the investor and CNCB (Hong Kong) Capital Limited as the arranger, entered into a subscription agreement, pursuant to which the Company had conditionally agreed to issue to the Investor, and the Investor had conditionally agreed to subscribe for, a senior secured guaranteed note ("Senior Note") in the aggregate principal amount of US\$19,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$154,440,000) maturing on the date falling one year from the issue date of the Senior Note ("Issue Date"). Interest shall accrue on the Senior Note from (and including) the Issue Date until (and including) the date on which the Senior Note is redeemed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Senior Note at the rate of 7.5% per annum on the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Note, payable quarterly in arrears. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the interest rate for the period from (and including) the date of occurrence of such event of default until

26. Con e ible Bond

On 3 July 2019 (the "CB Issue Date"), pursuant to a placing agreement and certain subscription agreements dated 20 May 2019 entered into between the placing agent and certain connected persons of the Company, respectively, the Company issued the convertible bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 (the "Convertible Bonds"), among which convertible bonds with a principal amount of HK\$200,000,000 were placed to the placing agent and convertible bonds with the remaining amount of HK\$950,000,000 were subscribed by the connected persons of the Company (including Mr. Gao Jian Min, a company owned by the elder sister of Mr. Hui Xiao Bing and a company controlled by the spouse of Mr. Liu Tianni). Mr. Chu Hing Tsung, the chairman of the board of directors and a then non-executive director of the Company, has provided personal guarantees in favour of the relevant subscribers.

The Convertible Bonds are unsecured and carry interest at 7% per annum on the outstanding principal amount. Interest is payable semi-annually. The maturity period of the Convertible Bonds is 36 months from the date of issue, which will fall due on 3 July 2022.

The Convertible Bonds are convertible at the option of the bondholders into ordinary shares of the Company at initial conversion price of HK\$2.33 per conversion share (subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Convertible Bonds) and the bonds shall be redeemable at the option of the Company at any time from the Issue Date up to the close of business on date which is five trading days prior to the maturity date of the Convertible Bonds at an amount being the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds plus aggregate internal rate of return on the relevant amount of the Convertible Bonds at 12% per annum thereon (having included the interest paid) calculated from the CB Issue Date to (and including) the early redemption date.

26. 可換股債券

於2019年7月3日(「可換股債券發行日期」),根據配售代理與本公司若干關連人士分別訂立的配售協議及日期為2019年5月20日的若干認購協議,本公司已發行本金總額為1,150,000,000港元的可換股債券(「可換股債券」),其中本金額200,000,000港元的可換股債券已由本公司的關連人士(包括高建民先生、一家由惠小兵先生胞姊擁有之公司及一家由劉天倪先生配媽控制之公司)認購。本公司當時的董事會主席兼非執行董事朱慶凇先生已向相關認購人提供個人擔保。

可換股債券為無抵押,未償還本金額按年利率7%計息。利息每半年支付一次。可換股債券的到期期限為自發行日期起36個月,將於2022年7月3日到期。

可換股債券可按債券持有人之選擇按每股換股份2.33港元之初步換股價轉換為本公司普通股(可根據可換股債券之條款及條件予以調整),債券將於發行日期起計至可換股債券到期日五個空易日前隨時按本公司之選擇贖回,贖回回知的可換股債券之本金額加上相等於投內部收益率每年12%計算,由可換股債券發行日期至提早贖回日期(連同當日)的可換股債券相關金額(包括已支付利息)。

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26. Con e ible Bond (Continued)

Upon the maturity, the Company shall redeem from the bondholders all of the Convertible Bonds at an amount equivalent to 116.5% of the principal amount of the outstanding Convertible Bonds.

The Convertible Bonds are split into liability and derivative financial instruments in relation to the early redemption option and the conversion option. The fair value of the derivative financial instruments was determined as of the date of issue and at 31 December 2021 and 2020 by reference to valuations performed by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers, Asset Appraisal Limited ("Asset Appraisal"), as further detailed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements. The residual amount was assigned as liability component and was measured at amortised cost subsequent to the initial recognition.

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there was no conversion of the Convertible Bonds. The Convertible Bonds with an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,150,000,000 were outstanding as at 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$1,150,000,000).

26. 可換股債券(續)

於到期時,本公司將按相當於尚未償付可換股債券本金額之116.5%之金額向債券持有人贖回所有可換股債券。

可換股債券就提前贖回選擇權及轉換選擇權分為負債及衍生金融工具部分。衍生金融工具的公允值乃參考獨立專業合資格估值師行中誠達資產評值顧問」)之估值於發行日期及2021年及2020年12月31日釐定,有關進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27。餘下金額乃指定為負債部分,並在初始確認後以攤銷成本計量。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,可換股債券概無轉換。於2021年12月31日,本金總額為1,150,000,000港元的可換股債券尚未兌換2020年:1,150,000,000

26. Con e ible Bond (Continued)

follows:

The Convertible Bonds have been split into the liability component and derivative financial instruments as

26. 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券分為負債部分及衍生金融工 具如下

	HK\$'000
	千港元
於2020年1月1日之負債部份	1,170,351
利息開支	141,955
已付利息	(79,843)
於2020年12月31日及	
2021年1月1日之負債部分	1,232,463
利息開支	149,532
已付利息	(80,501)
於2021年12月31日之負債部份	1,301,494
	利息開支 已付利息 於2020年12月31日及 2021年1月1日之負債部分 利息開支 已付利息

27. De i a i e Financial In 🦼 men

27. 衍生金融工具

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	22,280	37,483

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27. De i a i e Financial In _, men (Continued)

As detailed in note 26 to the financial statements, the early redemption option and the conversion option of the Convertible Bonds are classified as derivative financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the loss on fair value change of HK\$15,203,000 (2020: gain on fair value change of HK\$39,630,000) was charged to profit or loss. As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value was determined by Asset Appraisal based on the Binomial Tree Pricing Model. The key inputs into the model for the valuation are as follows:

27. 衍生金融工具(續)

誠如財務報表附註26所述,可換股債券的提早贖回選擇權及轉換選擇權被分類為以公允值計量且其變動計入損益之衍生金融工具。於截至2021年12月31日止年度,公允值變動虧損15,203,000港元(2020年:公允值變動收益39,630,000港元)已計入損益。於2021年及2020年12月31日,公允值由中誠達資產評值顧問有限公司根據二項樹式定價法釐定。估值模型的主要輸入數據如下:

		2021	2020
Risk-free rate	無風險利率	0.9%	0.3%
Dividend yield	股息率	0%	0%
Volatility	波動	34.2%	30.5%

28. Defe ed Ta Liabili ie

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the reporting years are as follows:

28. 遞延稅項負債

報告年度內遞延稅項資產及負債變動如 下:

		Accele a ed a dep ecia ion 加速稅項折舊	Re all a ion of p ope ie 物業重估	Re al a ion of financial a e 金融資產重估	Ta lo e 稅項虧損	To al 總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	_	<i>千港元</i>	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	(55)	(253,749)	_	1,808	(251,996)
Credited to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益扣除(附註	_	4,331	_	_	4,331
Credited to other comprehensive loss for the	年內計入其他全面虧損					
year		_	9,644	_	_	9,644
At 31 December 2020 and 1	於2020年12月31日及					
January 2021 Charged to profit or loss	2021年1月1日 年內扣除損益(<i>附註10</i>)	(55)	(239,774)	_	1,808	(238,021)
during the year (note 10)	+1114W15 m(11111 10)	_	(6,321)	(5,126)	_	(11,447)
Charged to other comprehensive income for	年內計入其他全面收益					
the year		_	(261)	_	_	(261)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整		1,187	_	_	1,187
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	(55)	(245,169)	(5,126)	1,808	(248,542)

The Group had tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$930,166,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$836,749,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also had tax losses arising in Mainland China of approximately HK\$307,004,000 (2020: HK\$116,173,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

於2021年12月31日,本集團有源自香港之稅項虧損約930,166,000港元(2020年:836,749,000港元),可供無限期用作抵銷錄得虧損公司之未來應課稅溢利。本集團亦有源自中國內地之稅項虧損約307,004,000港元(2020年:116,173,000港元),將於一至五年內到期,可供用作抵銷未來應課稅溢利。尚未就該等虧損確認遞延稅項資產,原因為目前被視為不大可能有可動用稅項虧損以抵銷應課稅溢利。

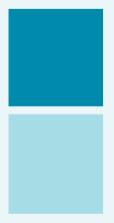
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28. Defe ed Ta Liabili ie (Continued)

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, no deferred tax was recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that were subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities were not recognised totalled approximately HK\$2,671,917,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$2,778,975,000).

29. Sha e Capi al



30. Re e e

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

31. Acg i i ion of a Ş b idia ha i No a B ine

The net assets acquired by the Group during the year are as follows:

30. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備及其 變動金額於財務報表之綜合權益變動表 中呈列。

31. 收購一家並非為業務的附屬公司

本年度本集團收購的淨資產如下:

Fair value 公允值 HK\$'000 千港元 Net assets acquired: 已收購淨資產: Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 143 Other intangible assets 其他無形資產 5.621 Other receivables 406 其他應收款 Cash and bank balances 412 現金及銀行結餘 Accruals and other payables (25)應計款及其他應付款 Lease liabilities (145)租賃負債 6,412 Satisfied by cash 以現金償付 6,412 No transaction costs were incurred by the Group for 本集團並無就此項收購產生任何交易成

No transaction costs were incurred by the Group for this acquisition.

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the acquisition of a subsidiary is as follows:

本集團並無就此項收購產生任何交易成本。

收購附屬公司的現金流量分析如下:

HK\$'000 千港元 Cash consideration 現金代價 (6,412)Deposit paid as at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日支付的押金 2,406 Cash and bank balances acquired 已收購現金及銀行結餘 412 Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents 計入投資活動現金流量的現金及現金等值 included in cash flows used in investing 的流出淨額 activities (3,594)

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

31. Acg i i ion of a Ş b idia ha i No a B ine (Continued)

On 20 December 2019, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party in respect of the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Jinluo Capital Management Limited ("Jinluo") at a total consideration of HK\$6,000,000. The transaction was completed on 1 July 2021.

Pursuant to the relevant sale and purchase agreement, the cash consideration was adjusted to HK\$6,412,000 based on the net asset value of Jinluo as at 1 July 2021.

The above acquisition has been accounted for by the Group as an acquisition of assets as the entity acquired

32. No e o he Con olida ed S a emen of Ca h 32. 綜合現金流量表附註 Flo

(a) Change in liabili ie a i ing f om financing (a) 融資業務所產生之負債變動 ac i i ie

		Bo o ing 借貸 HK\$'000 千港元	Lea e liabili ie 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Con e ible bond 可換股債券 HK\$'000 干港元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	934,932	_	1,170,351
Changes from financing cash	融資現金流量變動			
flows		956,350	(11,685)	_
New lease	新租賃	_	57,155	_
Interest expense of	可換股債券			
convertible bonds	之利息支出	_	_	141,955
Interest paid classified as	分類為經營現金流量			
operating cash flows	之已付利息	_	_	(79,843)
Accretion of interest	年內確認的利息增加			
recognised during the year		_	2,899	_
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	49,139	163	
At 21 December 2020 and	**************************************			
At 31 December 2020 and	於2020年12月31日	1 040 404	40 500	4 000 400
1 January 2021	及2021年1月1日	1,940,421	48,532	1,232,463
Changes from financing cash flows	熙貝 况 並	1,788,300		
Interest expense of	可換股債券之利息	1,700,300		
convertible bonds	支出			149,532
Interest paid classified as	分類為經營現金流量			1-10,002
operating cash flows	之已付利息			(80,501)
Accretion of interest	年內確認之利息增加			(,,
recognised during the year			4,436	
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購一間附屬公司		145	
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	5,944	1,339	
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	3,734,665	54,452	1,301,494

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32. No e o he Con olida ed S a emen of Ca h Flo (Continued)

32. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) To al ca h o, flo fo lea e

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(b) 租賃現金流出總額

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

計入現金流量表之租賃現金流出總額如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Within operating activities Within financing activities	於經營業務中產生 於融資活動中產生	4,436	2,760 11,685
		4,436	14,445

33. Pledge of A e

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's borrowings are included in notes 23 and 25(a) to the financial statements.

33. 資產抵押

就本集團借貸已抵押之資產詳情載於財 務報表附註23及附註25(a)。

34. Commi men

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

34. 承擔

本集團於報告期末有以下資本承擔:

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted, but not provided for: Non-performing assets portfolio Unlisted equity securities	已落實但並未反映: 不良資產組合 非上市股本證券	183,374	149,644 178,147
		183,374	327,791

35. Rela ed Pa T an ac ion

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

35. 關聯方交易

(a) 除財務報表其他部分所述之交易 外,本集團於年內與關聯方進行 下述交易:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest income from an associate	一家聯營公司之利息收入		22,497
Interest income from a joint venture	一家合營企業之利息收入	55,560	76,371
Interest expense to non-controlling	附屬公司非控股股東		
shareholders of subsidiaries	之利息支出	3,499	1,766
Interest expense to a substantial	主要股東之利息支出		
shareholder		58,512	55,548
Rental payment to a substantial	支付一名主要股東之租金		
shareholder			2,720
Management fee to an entity controlled	支付朱慶凇先生一名近親		
by close family member of Mr. Chu	控制實體之管理費		
Hing Tsung		1,779	<u> </u>

The above transactions were conducted in accordance with the terms of the underlying agreements. In the opinion of the directors, the related party transactions were conducted in the ordinary course of business of the Group.

上述交易乃根據相關協議之條款 進行。董事認為,關聯方交易乃 於本集團日常業務過程中進行。

(b) Compen a ion of ke managemen pe onnel of he G $\varrho_{\!\scriptscriptstyle j}$ p

In the opinion of the directors, the directors and the chief executive officer of the Company represented the key management personnel of the Group and details of the compensation of the key management personnel are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) 本集團主要管理人員酬金

董事認為,本公司董事及行政總裁為本集團之主要管理人員。有關主要管理人員酬金之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

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36. Financial In _ men b Ca ego

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Financial a e

2021年

36. 按類別劃分之金融工具

各類金融工具於報告期末的賬面值如 下:

金融資產

Financial a e 為以公允值計 計入損益的		
		To al
		總計
		HK\$'000
		千港元

Amount due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款			1,809,042	1,809,042
Financial assets at fair value	以公允值計量且其變				
through profit or loss	動計入損益之金融				
	資產	242,810	877,558		1,120,368
Loan receivables	應收貸款			2,239,727	2,239,727
Trade receivables	應收賬款			4,377	4,377
Financial assets included in	計入按金、預付款及				
deposits, prepayments and	其他應收款之金融				
other receivables	資產			713,818	713,818
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款			560,690	560,690
Pledged bank deposits	抵押銀行存款			24,450	24,450
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘			116,755	116,755
		242,810	877,558	5,468,859	6,589,227

36. Financial In men b Ca ego (Continued)

36. 按類別劃分之金融工具(續)

Financial a e (Continued)

金融資產(續)

2020

2020年

Financial assets at FVTPL

為以公允值計量且其變動

計入損益的金融資產

		計人預益的:	金融貨產		
		Designated		Financial	
		as such	Mandatorily	assets	
		upon initial	designated	at amortised	
		recognition	as such	cost	Total
				按攤銷	
		於初步		成本計量的	
		確認時指定	強制指定	金融資產	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i> 	<i>千港元</i> 	<i>千港元</i> 	<i>千港元</i> —————
Amount due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款	_	_	1,029,479	1,029,479
Financial assets at fair value	以公允值計量且其			1,027,177	1,027,177
through profit or loss	變動計入損益之				
3 1	金融資產	71,436	806,550	_	877,986
Loan receivables	應收貸款	_	_	1,439,301	1,439,301
Trade receivables	應收賬款	_	_	7,317	7,317
Financial assets included in	計入按金、預付款及				
deposits, prepayments and	其他應收款之金融				
other receivables	資產	_	_	407,408	407,408
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款	_	_	584,989	584,989
Pledged bank deposits	抵押銀行存款	_	_	23,753	23,753
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		_	769,767	769,767
		71,436	806,550	4,262,014	5,140,000

Financial liabili ie

Other than the derivative financial instruments as disclosed in note 27 to the consolidated financial statements, all financial liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were financial liabilities at amortised cost.

金融負債

除綜合財務報表附註27所披露的衍生金 融工具外,本集團於2021年及2020年 12月31日的所有金融負債均為按攤銷 成本計量的金融負債。

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37. Fai Val e and Fai Val e Hie a ch of Financial In , men

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments reasonably approximate to fair values.

Management has assessed that the fair values of trade receivables, financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables, amounts due from joint ventures, loan receivables, pledged bank deposits, cash and bank balances, financial liabilities included in accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables and the current portion of borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the directors of the Company is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance department reports directly to the directors and the audit committee of the Company. At each reporting date, the finance department of the Group analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the directors of the Company. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

37. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級

本集團金融工具之賬面值合理地與公允 值相若。

管理層已評估應收賬款、計入按金、預 付款及其他應收款之金融資產、應收合 營企業、應收貸款、抵押銀行存款、現 金及銀行結餘、計入應計費用、租務按 金及其他應付款之金融負債以及貸款的 流動部分之公允值與其賬面值合理相 若,主要由於該等工具之到期日短。

以本公司董事為首的本集團財務部門負責釐定金融工具公允值計量之政策及程序。財務部門直接向本公司董事及審核委員會報告。於各報告日期,本集團財務部門會分析金融工具之價值變動並釐定估值所用之主要輸入數據。估值過程及結果公司董事審核及批准。估值過程及結果由審核委員會每年討論兩次,以便呈列中期及年度財務報告。

金融資產及負債之公允值按金融工具由 各方自願在現有交易中可交換之金額入 賬,強制或清算銷售除外。

37. Fai Val. e and Fai Val. e Hie a ch of Financial In _, men (Continued)

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of non-current portion of amount due from an associate, loan receivables and borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The fair value of the liability component of the convertible bonds is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar convertible bond with consideration of the Group's own non-performance risk. The changes in fair value as a result of the Group's own non-performance risk for borrowings as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were assessed to be insignificant. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, since their carrying amounts are not significantly different from their respective fair values, no disclosure of fair values of these financial instruments is made.

The fair values of the listed equity investments are based on their quoted market prices. The fair values of certain club debentures have been valued based on historical transaction price from the relevant institutions, which are classified as Level 2. The fair values of unlisted securities and unlisted funds are based on adjusted net assets approach by adjusting the book value of assets and liabilities of investees to their fair values, or estimated by using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the contractual disposal price of an unlisted security.

The fair value of the non-performing asset portfolio is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and the aggregate of the values of the underlying collateral secured to the respective outstanding receivables owned by the creditors. The Group's own non-performance risk for non-performing asset portfolio as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 was assessed to be insignificant.

37. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級 (續)

估計公允值時所用之方法及假設載述 如下:

上市股本投資之公允值乃基於市場報價 釐定。若干會所債券之公允值乃按相關 工具過往之交易價為基準估值,故列為 第2級。非上市證券及非上市基金之公 允值乃將被投資公司之資產及負債賬面 值調整至公允值,根據經調整淨資產法 釐定,或根據一項非上市證券之合約出 售金額使用折現現金流量模式估計。

不良資產組合之公允值乃使用具類似條款及信用風險的工具之貼現率,及就債權人所擁有之各未償還應收款作出抵押之相關抵押品之總價值貼現之預期未來現金流量進行估計。於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團就不良資產組合承受之違約風險經評估為微不足道。

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37. Fai Val e and Fai Val e Hie a ch of Financial In , men (Continued)

The directors of the Company believe that the estimated fair values resulting from the valuation technique, which are recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related changes in fair values, which are recorded in profit or loss, are reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of unlisted equity securities, unlisted funds and non-performing asset portfolio:

37. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級 (續)

本公司董事認為,由估值技術所得出之估計公允值(計入綜合財務狀況表)及公允值相關變動(計入損益表)屬合理,且為報告期末最合適之估值。

以下為非上市股本證券、非上市基金及 不良資產組合估值的重大不可觀察輸入 數據概要:

	Val. a ion echniq e 估值方法	· nob e able ing 重大不可觀察輸入數據	2021	2020
Unlisted equity securities and unlisted funds	Adjusted net asset approach	Book value of assets and liabilities of the investees adjusted to their fair value (HK\$ million)	532	648
非上市股本證券及非上市基金	經調整的淨資產法	被投資公司之資產及負債的賬面值調整至其公允值(百萬港元)		
Non-performing assets portfolio	Discounted cash flow approach	Aggregate of the valuation of the individual underlying collateral secured to the respective outstanding receivables owned by the creditors (HK\$ million)	565	223
不良資產組合	折現現金流量法	對債權人所擁有的相應未償還 應收款作抵押的個別相關 抵押品的估值總額 百萬港元)		

Significan

A 1% increase/decrease in the fair values of assets and liabilities of the investees would result in an increase/ a decrease in the fair value of the unlisted equity securities of HK\$5,320,000 (2020: HK\$6,480,000).

A 1% increase/decrease in the collateral for the respective non-performing assets would result in an increase/a decrease in the fair value of the non-performing assets portfolio of HK\$5,650,000 (2020: HK\$2,230,000).

被投資公司的資產及負債之公允值增加 減少1%,將導致非上市股本證券的公允值增加 減少5,320,000港元(2020年:6,480,000港元)。

相關不良資產的抵押品之公允值增加 減少1%,將導致不良資產組合的公 允值分別增加 減少5,650,000港元 (2020年:2,230,000港元)。

37. Fai Val e and Fai Val e Hie a ch of Financial 37. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級 In __ men (Continued)

Fai al e hie a ch

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

(續)

公允值等級

下表展示本集團金融工具之公允值計量 等級:

	Fai all e mea。 emen。 ing 使用下列各項之公允值計量				
HK\$'000	千港元	Q, o ed p ice in ac i e ma ke 於活躍市場 之報價 (Le el 1) (第1級)			
Assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2021:	於2021年12月31日 按公允值計量之資產:				
Derivative financial instruments Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	衍生金融工具 按公允值計量且其變動 計入損益之金融資產	169,992	2,780	22,280 947,596	22,280 1,120,368
		169,992	2,780	969,876	1,142,648
Assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2020:	於2020年12月31日 按公允值計量之資產:				
Derivative financial instruments Financial assets at fair value	衍生金融工具 按公允值計量且其變動	_	_	37,483	37,483
through profit or loss	計入損益之金融資產	4,127	2,780	871,079	877,986
		4,127	2,780	908,562	915,469

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities.

Silver Grant International Holdings Group Limited

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度, 金融資產及金融負債概無於第1級與第2 級之間轉撥任何公允值計量,亦無轉入 或轉出第3級。

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37. Fai Val e and Fai Val e Hie a ch of Financial In men (Continued)

37. 金融工具之公允值及公允值等級 (續)

Fai al, e hie a ch (Continued)

公允值等級(續)

The movements in fair value measurements in Level 3 during the years are as follows:

年內,第3級內之公允值計量變動如下:

		Financial assets 金融資產 HK\$'000	Financial liabilities 金融負債 HK\$'000
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	803,309	2,147
Additions of financial assets at fair	添置按第三層級公允值計量且	003,307	2,147
value through profit or loss measured	其變動計入損益之金融資產		
at fair value in Level 3		55,183	_
Disposal of financial assets at fair value	出售按第三層級公允值計量且		
through profit or loss measured at	其變動計入損益的金融資產		
fair value in Level 3		(32,640)	_
Total gain/(loss) recognised in profit or	於損益確認之收益 (虧損)總額		(0.4.7)
loss		30,077	(2,147)
Exchange realignment	滙兌調整	52,633	
At 21 December 2020 and 1 January	₩ 2020 / 12 - 21 - 21		
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日 及2021年1月1日	908,562	
Additions of financial assets at fair	添置按第三層級公允值計量且	300,302	
value through profit or loss measured	其變動計入損益之金融資產		
at fair value in Level 3		335,862	
Disposal of financial assets at fair value	出售按第三層級公允值計量且	•	
through profit or loss measured at	其變動計入損益的金融資產		
fair value in Level 3		(154,853)	
Total loss recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之虧損總額	(145,929)	
Exchange realignment	滙兌調整	26,234	
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	969,876	

38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and Policie

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise borrowings, amounts due from an associate and joint ventures, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade and bills payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The directors of the Company review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

In e e a e i k

The Group's exposure to risk for changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's borrowings set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge interest rate risk. The Group manages its interest cost using a mix of fixed and variable rate borrowings.

At 31 December 2021, if the interest rate of borrowings had increased/decreased by 1% and all other variables held constant, the loss before taxation of the Group, through the impact on floating rate borrowings, would have increased/decreased by approximately HK\$19,123,000 (2020: HK\$5,879,000).

38. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括借貸、應收一家聯營公司及合營企業款、抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘及現金。該等金融工具之主要用途是為本集團業務營運籌集資金。本集團有應收賬款及應付賬款及應付票據等多項其他金融資產及負債,直接來自其業務營運。

本集團金融工具所產生主要風險為利率 風險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。本公司董事審閱並同意有關管理 上述各項風險之政策,並概述如下。

利率風險

本集團所面對之市場利率變動風險主要 與綜合財務報表附註25所載之本集團計 息借貸有關。本集團並無使用衍生金融 工具以對沖利率風險。本集團採用固定 及可變利率借貸組合管理其利息成本。

於2021年12月31日,在所有其他變數保持不變的情況下,倘借貸利率上升下降1%,則由於浮動利率借貸之影響,本集團除稅前虧損將增加減少約19,123,000港元(2020年:5,879,000港元)。

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38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and Policie (Continued)

Fo eign ç, enc i k

The major financial assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in the functional currency of the respective group entities. Other than a loan receivable which is denominated in United States dollars, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group did not use any financial instruments for hedging purposes (2020: Nil).

C edi i k

The Group only trades with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise loans receivable, amounts due from joint ventures and an associate, pledged bank deposits and cash and bank balance, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

For the Group's trade receivables, since the Group only trades with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentration of credit risk is managed by counterparty. There is no significant concentration of credit risk for the Group's trade receivables.

38. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

外幣風險

本集團主要金融資產及金融負債以集團 相關公司的功能貨幣計價。除以美元計 值之應收貸款外,本公司董事認為本集 團所面臨的外滙風險並不大,原因為本 集團的大部分交易以各獨立集團公司的 功能貨幣為計價單位。

截至2021年12月31日止年度內,本集 團並無使用任何金融工具作對沖用途 (2020年:無)。

信貸風險

本集團僅與經認可及信譽良好之第三方 進行交易。本集團的政策是,所有擬按 信貸條款交易的客戶均須進行信貸核驗 程序。此外,應收款結餘受到持續監 察。

本集團其他金融資產包括應收貸款、應收合營企業及一家聯營公司款、抵押銀行存款以及現金及銀行結餘,其信貸風險乃因交易對手違約而產生,所承受之最高風險相當於該等金融工具的賬面值。

就本集團的應收賬款而言,由於本集團僅與經認可及信譽良好之第三方進行交易,因此毋須提供抵押品。信貸集中風險由交易對手管理。本集團的應收賬款並不存在重大信貸集中風險。

38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and Policie (Continued)

C edi i k (Continued)

Ma im m e po e and ea -end aging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. The amounts represented gross carrying amounts for financial assets and the exposure to credit risk for the financial guarantee contracts.

A a 31 Decembe 2021

38. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最高風險及年結階段分析

下表顯示基於本集團信貸政策的信貸質素及最高信貸風險(主要按逾期資料得出,除非其他可得資料無需付出額外成本或努力),以及於2021年及2020年12月31日的年結階段分類。所示金額為金融資產賬面總額及財務擔保合約面臨之信貸風險。

於2021年12月31日

		12-mon h ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損		Life ime l		
HK\$'000	千港元	S age 1 第一階段	S age 2 第二階段	S age 3 第三階段	app oach 簡化方法	To al 總計
Trade receivables	應收賬款				4,377	4,377
Loan receivables — Normal*	應收貸款 - 一般*	1,622,249				1,622,249
— Doubtful*	- 可疑*		629,520			629,520
Financial assets included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	計入按金、預付款及其他應收款之金融資產					
— Normal*	_ 一般*	713,818				713,818
Amount due from an associate — Doubtful*	應收一家聯營公司款 - 可疑*		570,106			570,106
Amount due from joint ventures	應收合營企業款		010,100			070,100
— Normal*	_ 一般*	1,812,578				1,812,578
Pledged bank deposits — Not yet past due	抵押銀行存款 - 尚未逾期	24,450				24,450
Cash and bank balances	- 向不壓期 現金及銀行結餘	24,430				24,430
 Not yet past due 	- 尚未逾期	116,755				116,755
		4,289,850	1,199,626		4,377	5,493,853

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38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and

Policie (Continued)

C edi i k (Continued)

Ma im, m e po, e and ea -end aging (Continued)

12-month **ECLs** Lifetime ECLs 12個月預期 信貸虧損 全期預期信貸虧損 Simplified Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 approach Total HK\$'000 千港元 第一階段 第二階段 第三階段 簡化方法 總計 應收賬款 Trade receivables 7,317 7,317 應收貸款 Loan receivables - 一般* Normal* 549,421 549,421 - 可疑* Doubtful* 904,884 904,884 Findn/sizPasselfs | Acan of 19H y Os49, 42\$ S >*

deposits, prepayments and

38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and Policie (Continued)

Lig idi i k

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of borrowings. In addition, banking facilities have been put in place for contingency purposes.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

A a 31 Decembe 2021

38. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險

本集團之目標為致力透過利用借貸,確保資金持續性與靈活性兼備。此外,已 備妥銀行融通,以備不時之需。

下表概述根據合約未貼現付款本集團金 融負債之到期情況。

於2021年12月31日

HK\$'000	千港元	Wi hin one ea o on demand 於一年內或 按要求	In he econd ea 於第二年	In he hi d o fif h ea , incl i e 於第三至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	Be ond fi e ea 於五年以上	To al 總計
Accrued charges, rental deposits and other	應計費用、租務按金 及其他應付款					
payables	12 12 18 1 1 0W	405,116				405,116
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	1,380,000				1,380,000
Borrowings	借貸	885,257	399,567	3,740,870		5,025,694
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5,214	5,214	16,269	44,130	70,827
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	3,841,990				3,841,990
		6,517,577	404,781	3,757,139	44,130	10,723,627

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and 38. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) Policie (Continued)

Lig idi	i k (Continued)	流動資金風險(續)
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As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日

HK\$'000	千港元	Within one year or on demand 於一年內或 按要求	In the second year 於第二年	In the third to fifth years, inclusive 於第三至第五年(包括首尾兩年)	Beyond five years 第五年以上	Total總計
Accrued charges, rental	應計費用、租務按金					
deposits and other	及其他應付款					
payables		276,267	_	_	_	276,267
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	80,500	1,339,750	_	_	1,420,250
Borrowings	借貸	518,401	391,709	1,251,423	183,194	2,344,727
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	5,214	15,956	49,657	70,827
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	3,630,618	_	_	_	3,630,618
		4,505,786	1,736,673	1,267,379	232,851	7,742,689

Capi al managemen

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

資本管理

本集團管理資本主要旨在確保本集團能 夠持續經營並維持穩健資本比率,以支 持其業務及為股東創造最大價值。

本集團管理其資本結構,並因應經濟環境之改變及相關資產之風險特徵作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可調整向股東派付之股息、股東之資本回報或發行新股份。本集團毋須受任何外部施加之資本要求所規限。於截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,管理資本之目標、政策或程序概無任何變動。

38. Financial Ri k Managemen Objec i e and Policie (Continued)

Capi al managemen (Continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total borrowings over equity attributable to owners of the Company. Total borrowings included borrowings and convertible bonds. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

38. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

資本管理(續)

本集團採用資產負債比率監控資本,有關比率乃以借貸總額除以本公司擁有人應佔權益得出。借貸總額包括借貸及可換股債券。於報告期間末,本集團之資產負債比率如下:

		2021 <i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元	2020 HK\$′000 千港元
Short-term borrowings	短期借貸	541,037	369,309
Long-term borrowings	長期借貸	3,193,628	1,571,112
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	1,301,494	1,232,463
Total borrowings	借貸總額	5,036,159	3,172,884
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益		
Company		5,231,344	6,559,754
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	96%	48%

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

39. S a emen of Financial Po i ion of he 39. 本公司財務狀況表 Compan

		2021 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產		
Investment properties	投資物業	120,142	113,611
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	39,238	34,594
Unlisted investments in subsidiaries	投資於非上市附屬公司	675,433	675,433
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款	3,940,359	3,861,001
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款	10,410	<u> </u>
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允值計量且其變動計入損		
profit or loss	益的金融資產	118,078	2,780
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	4,903,660	4,687,419
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Deposits, prepayments and other	按金、預付款及其他應收款		
receivables		72,503	24,672
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款	182,503	326,458
Amount due from an associate	應收一家聯營公司款		10,410
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允值計量且其變動計入損		
profit or loss	益的金融資產	4,965	11,870
Loan receivables	應收貸款	476,339	494,980
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	57,845	57,583
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	22,280	37,483
Total current assets	流動資產總值	816,435	963,456
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Accrued charges, rental deposits and	應計費用、租務按金及其他應		
other payables	付款	62,254	73,664
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款	154,630	145,811
Other borrowings	其他借貸	176,700	151,461
Convertible bonds	可換股票據	1,301,494	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	1,695,078	370,936

39. Saemen of Financial Poilion of he 39. 本公司財務狀況表(續) Compan (Continued)

		2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> 干港元	2020 HK\$'000 千港元
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ ASSETS	淨流動(負債)資產	(878,643)	592,520
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債	4,025,017	5,279,939
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred tax liabilities Convertible bonds	非流動負債 遞延稅項負債 可換股債券	8,863	8,863 1,232,463
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	8,863	1,241,326
Net assets	淨資產	4,016,154	4,038,613
EQUITY Eq. i a ib, able o o ne of he Compan	股本本公司擁有人應佔權益		
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	3,626,781 389,373	3,626,781 411,832
Total equity	股本總值	4,016,154	4,038,613

Wang Ping 王平 Director 董事 Ly o Zhihai 羅智海 Director 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

39. S a emen of Financial Po i ion of he 39. 本公司財務狀況表(續) Compan (Continued)

N ←: 附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows: 本公司儲備概述如下:

		A e		
		e aj a ion	Re ained	
		e e e	p ofi	To al
		資產重估儲備	保留盈利	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i> ————————————————————————————————————
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	91,146	286,876	378,022
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	32,124	32,124
Other comprehensive income for the	年內其他全面收益			
year		1,686	_	1,686
Total comprehensive income for the	年內全面收益總額			
year		1,686	32,124	33,810
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January	2020年12月31日和			
2021	2021年1月1日	92,832	319,000	411,832
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(29,256)	(29,256)
Other comprehensive income for the	年內其他全面收益			
year		6,797		6,797
Total comprehensive income for the	年內全面收益總額			
year		6,797	(29,256)	(22,459)
				,
At 31 December 2021	2021年12月31日	99,629	289,744	389,373

40. App o al of he Financial S a emen

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 April 2022.

40. 批准財務報表

財務報表由本公司董事會於2022年4月 21日批准及授權刊發。

Yea ended 31 Decembe 截至12月31日止年度

			截至	12月31日止年 /		
		2017	2018 (Restated) (經重列)	2019 (Restated) (經重列)	2020	2021
		HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元 (Note) (附註)	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元	HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Re., I Revenue	業績收入	929.2	105.6	107.6		

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Note: In Year 2018, the Group has applied HKFRS 15, HKFRS 9 and other amendments to HKFRSs (see note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements section for the summary of the corresponding financial impact). Accordingly, certain comparative information for the years ended 31 December, 2016 and 2017 may not be comparable to the years ended 31 December, 2018 and 2019 as such comparative information was prepared under HKAS 18, HKAS 11 and HKAS 39. Accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 15 and HKFRS 9 are disclosed in the "Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates" Section.

附註: 於2018年度,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號,香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則其他修訂(見綜合財務報表附註內附註2載列對應財務影響概要)。因此,截至2016年及2017年12月31日若干比較資料可能未能與截至2018年及2019年12月31日作出比較,因之前比較資料以香港會計準則第18號、香港會計準則第11號及香港會計準則第39號入賬。應用香港財務報告準則第15號及香港財務報告準則第9號會計政策的結果已披露於「重要會計判斷及估計」一文內。

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 投資物業概要

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

The following is a list of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2021:

下列為本集團於2021年12月31日的投資物業 清單:

In e men p ope ie in he PRC

位於中國之投資物業

ın e	men p ope le in ne PRC	世形中國之权員彻未			
Loca 地點	ion	Lea e e m 租約期限	P. po e 用途	G o a ea 建築面積 <i>Sq. ft. 平方呎</i>	
1.	Basement 1, Basement 2, Level 0 and Level 1 to 3 of East Gate Plaza, 19 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC 中國北京城區東中街19號東環廣場地庫1層、地庫2層、夾層及1層至3層	Medium term lease 中期	Commercial 商業	700,427	
2.	Level 4 to 31 of South Apartment Tower (including 401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 30/F and 31/F), East Gate Plaza, 39 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC 中國北京市東城區東中街39號東環廣場南座公寓樓第4至31層(包括401, 402, 403, 405, 406, 407, 408, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 30樓及31樓)	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	31,171	
3.	Level 4 to 31, North Apartment Tower, East Gate Plaza, 19 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC 中國北京市東城區東中街19號東環廣場北座公寓樓第4至31層	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	339,993	
4.	Portion of Level 2-5, 6 and 8 of Hua Po Lou, No. 28 Dong Zhong Jie Jia, Dongcheng District, Beijing, The PRC (Note) 中國北京市東城區東中街甲28號華波樓第2至5、6 及8層部分(附註)	Medium term lease 中期	Commercial 商業	10,540	
	The legal titles of the properties have not been passed to the Group at 31 December 2021.		物業之產權於2021年 本集團。	12月31日尚未過	
In e	men p ope ie in he Hong Kong	位於香港之	投資物業		
Loca 地點	ion	Lea e e m 租約期限	P _y po e 用途	G o a ea 建築面積	

也點	Lea e e m 租約期限	P _y po e 用途	Goaea 建築面積 Sq. ft. 平方呎	
Flat B, 9 Floor, 6A Bowen Road, Hong Kong	Long lease	Residential	3,007	

長期

香港寶雲道6A,9樓B室

住宅



(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(於香港註冊成立之有限公司)